



Collaborate

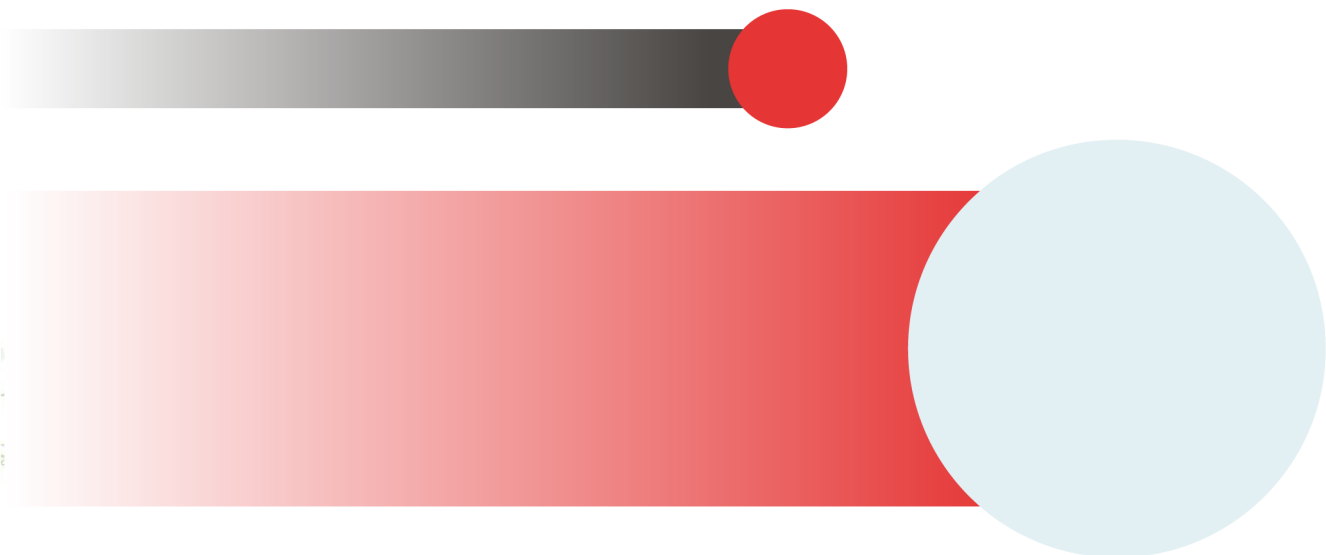


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Conga Collaborate allows you to easily create, collaborate, and share documents through web links on any device. Integrate data from Salesforce, Microsoft Dynamics, Netsuite, and Pipedrive.

Release Notes


Review the latest features delivered in Conga Collaborate.

- [Winter20.02.18 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.02.04 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.01.29 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.01.21 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.01.07 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.12.17 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.12.02 Release Notes](#)
- [Winter20.11.12 Release Notes](#)

Winter20.02.18 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.02.18 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- [Resolved Issues](#): Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- [Known Issues](#): Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

 This documentation may contain descriptions of software features that are optional and for which you may not have purchased a license. As a result, your specific software solution and/or implementation may differ from those described in this document. Please contact your CSM or AE for information on your specific features and licensing.

Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later

versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 114

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla)• Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google)• Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple)• Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8155	When you insert and save a Video URL in a document or Content Page, the https: is no longer stripped from the video and it works as expected after previewing and publishing.
TB-7765	Assigned logic groups are now cleared when you remove them from a page's Include Logic.
TB-7811	The Document List now displays the correct currency based on what User Language is selected.
TB-7978	The Euro symbol now displays correctly in the Pricing Table.
TB-7986	Pending Creation documents no longer appear on the Reporting page.
TB-8142	Links to embedded pages in print Table of Contents now work as expected.


Known Issues

There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.02.04 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.29 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- [Resolved Issues](#): Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- [Known Issues](#): Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (<i>Version Name / Version Number</i>)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 113

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-7463	When sharing content with all workgroups within the assets library, the user interface now saves the unchecking of the Disable Editing check box.
TB-7733	Copying a Content Page from the content list no longer takes you to a blank page.
TB-8046	Formatted date variables such as month name are now translated.

Known Issues


There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.01.29 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.29 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.29 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- [Resolved Issues](#): Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- [Known Issues](#): Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

 This documentation may contain descriptions of software features that are optional and for which you may not have purchased a license. As a result, your specific software solution and/or implementation may differ from those described in this document. Please contact your CSM or AE for information on your specific features and licensing.

Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (<i>Version Name / Version Number</i>)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 112

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8139	Implemented a fix to correct issues with updating user workgroups.

Known Issues


There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.01.21 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.21 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.21 Release.

- **Packages:** Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- **System Requirements and Supported Platforms:** Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- **New Features:** Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- **Enhancements:** Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- **Resolved Issues:** Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- **Known Issues:** Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 111

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla)• Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google)• Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple)• Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8117	Fixed a bug where certain PDFs included in documents as embedded pages were causing issues with downloading a document to PDF.

Known Issues


There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.01.07 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.07 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.01.07 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- [Resolved Issues](#): Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- [Known Issues](#): Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 110

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

Conga Collaborate API

You can now gather all associated items in a workgroup via API.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8014	PDFs no longer flip or rotate when you download a document as a PDF.
TB-8045	In the main user list, the locked users filter now displays users locked due to inactivity.

Known Issues

There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.12.17 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.12.17 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.12.02 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- [Resolved Issues](#): Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- [Known Issues](#): Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 109

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8128	You no longer receive a 500 error while downloading a template to PDF.

Known Issues

There are no known issues in this release.

Winter20.12.02 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.12.02 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.12.02 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release
- [New Features](#): Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- [Enhancements](#): Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features

- **Resolved Issues:** Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- **Known Issues:** Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 108

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-8077	Added workgroup_ids to GET calls for all workgroup-able data in Collaborate.
TB-8097	Embedded pages now use the correct cover page headers or footers from your selected theme.

Known Issues

There are no known issues in this release.


Winter20.11.12 Release Notes

Conga Collaborate Winter20.11.12 Release Notes

These Release Notes contain the following information about Conga Collaborate Winter20.11.12 Release.

- [Packages](#): Lists packages that are required to upgrade to this release of the product
- [System Requirements and Supported Platforms](#): Lists requirements and recommendations for installing this release

- **New Features:** Provides high-level descriptions of new features introduced in this release, with links to more detailed information
- **Enhancements:** Provides high-level descriptions of enhancements to existing features
- **Resolved Issues:** Lists customer-reported issues that are resolved in this release or known issues resolved from previous releases
- **Known Issues:** Lists known issues that are applicable in this release

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Packages

The following packages and dependent packages are required to upgrade to this release to utilize all the new features of this release. These are the *minimum* required versions; later versions are also supported. Separate prerequisites for each feature can be found in the respective guides. The packages marked as **(New)** are new packages in this release.

Product	Latest Certified Version (Version Name / Version Number)
Conga Collaborate	Iteration 107

System Requirements and Supported Platforms

The following table lists the minimum requirements for installing and using Conga Collaborate.

System Requirement	Minimum Supported Version
Browser	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firefox® (minimum supported version by Mozilla) • Chrome® (minimum supported version by Google) • Safari® (Mac only) (minimum supported version by Apple) • Microsoft Edge (minimum supported version by Microsoft)

Upgrade Notes

To upgrade Conga Collaborate, see [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#).

New Features

There are no new features in this release.

Enhancements

There are no new enhancements in this release.

Resolved Issues

The following table lists the issues resolved in this release.

Conga Internal ID	Description
TB-7939	Implemented a fix to correct an issue where a Logic Rule set up to return a snippet could cause documents and templates to error instead of loading and downloading correctly.

Known Issues

There are no known issues in this release.

About Collaborate

Collaborate speeds up the document generation process by utilizing pre-built templates to create proposals, quotes, invoices, and more from a variety of CRM systems in an online format. Share digital documents and collaborate online in real-time with people throughout your organization.

Overview

Conga Collaborate features easily configurable, "no-coding required" solutions that enable teams to instantly generate accurate, branded documents with a couple of clicks, share it with other stakeholders, and collect digital signature, closing deals faster. Conga Collaborate's web-based application offers the ability to embed videos, images, forms, and other multimedia directly into the document.

Create

Conga Collaborate offers document generation capabilities to create documents, contracts, and presentations that are entirely customizable for your needs. You can also create documents integrated with Salesforce.

- Create a [Proposal Document](#) / [Contract](#) / [Presentation](#) / [Document Integrated with Salesforce](#).
- Insert [Images](#) / [Files](#).
- Use [Text Snippets](#).

Customize

Customize your documents with Conga Collaborate's editing features.

- Using the [Document Information Panel](#).

,Share

Share your documents with your prospects by emailing directly from Conga Collaborate.

[Send an Online Document](#).

Track

Track your proposals from within Conga Collaborate to know when prospects open and engage them.

[Tracking a Document.](#)

- Find info through the [Reporting Feature](#).

Close

Close deals faster with Conga Collaborate's eSignature capabilities.

- [Conga Sign: Integration with Conga Collaborate](#)
- [DocuSign: Integrating with Conga Collaborate](#)

Collaborate for Users

For more information, select a topic:

- [Conga Collaborate Basics](#)
- [Implementation Guide](#)
- [Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate](#)
- [Using Conga Collaborate](#)
- [Guided Tour of Conga Collaborate](#)

Conga Collaborate Basics

Getting started information for Conga Collaborate.

- [Collaborate Product Guide](#)
- [Collaborate Technical Requirements](#)
- [Document Status Definitions](#)
- [Does Conga Collaborate Keep My Data Secure?](#)
- [Email Statuses and Events Defined](#)
- [Integrating Documents, Templates, and Content](#)
- [Introducing Online Documents to your Recipients](#)
- [July 2018 Conga Collaborate User Interface \(UI\) and Document Build Updates](#)
- [Languages Available in Conga Collaborate](#)
- [Localization](#)
- [Recipient Suggestions](#)
- [Search operators in Conga Collaborate](#)
- [Send Online Documents with Conga Collaborate](#)
- [Security update: TLS 1.1/1.2](#)
- [Sorting Your Document List](#)
- [The document information panel](#)
- [User Roles and Permissions](#)
- [Using the Document Editor](#)
- [Using Your Activity Feed](#)
- [Using Your Document List](#)

Collaborate Product Guide

Learn Conga Collaborate Basics

[Creating Documents Integrated with Salesforce](#)

Install Conga Collaborate

[Salesforce: Integration and Installation Overview](#)

Configure Conga Collaborate

[Salesforce: Granting Login Access to Conga Collaborate](#)

[Salesforce: Adding the Conga Collaborate related list and buttons to page layouts](#)

[Salesforce: Install Conga Collaborate related lists and button](#)

[Salesforce: Relating objects to Conga Collaborate objects](#)

[Salesforce: Using the Incoming Data tool](#)

[Salesforce: Using the Outgoing Data tool](#)

[Salesforce: Creating auto-generated tables](#)

[Microsoft Dynamics: Integrating with Conga Collaborate](#)

Using Conga Collaborate

[Adding a new user](#)

[User roles and permissions](#)

[Differentiating user roles and permissions](#)

[Getting started with Theme Builder](#)

[Creating a Template](#)

[Grant Login Access to your Conga Collaborate User](#)

[Including call to action buttons](#)

[Copy and paste from Microsoft Word](#)

[Working from the document table of contents](#)

[Using the editor](#)

[Inserting variables into content](#)

[Conditional content](#)

[Hiding or showing content in Sections and Pages: Logic Builder](#)

Deploying Conga Collaborate

[Conga Collaborate Deployment Guide](#)

Collaborate Technical Requirements

General Technical Requirements: Collaborate is a mobile-enabled, web-based platform that you can access from any computer or mobile device with access to the Internet. You can view published documents by using any recent version of these web browsers:

- Google Chrome
- Firefox
- Safari
- Internet Explorer (Edge)

Salesforce Technical Requirements: Managed package installs cannot change the permissions on standard Salesforce profiles; for this reason, we recommend moving all users who will need Collaborate access to a custom profile before installing the managed package. Ensure profile and org permissions are set to use Collaborate.

To ensure your profile permissions are set correctly

1. When installing Conga Collaborate, select install for All Users. If you did not initially install Collaborate for all users, you can reinstall and select install for All Users or you can modify the object and field-level security for each object in the Collaborate managed package as well as give access to the necessary Visualforce pages.
2. To edit Profile permissions, navigate to Setup > Manage Users > Profiles.

For every Profile that uses Collaborate, make sure the following are true:

- Read/Write access to all custom Collaborate objects (Documents, Proposals, Content, Logs)
- Read/Write access to all fields on the Collaborate objects

- Minimum of Read access for all fields mapped in the Collaborate Salesforce integration settings
- Access to all visualforce pages starting with the namespace tinderbox

Document Status Definitions

Collaborate documents have six possible statuses: Draft, Open, Accepted, Declined, Voided, and Pending Approval.

Document statuses give you insight into the part of your process that a document is in. Using document statuses, you can determine whether a document is being created and worked on, has been published and sent to the client, or has been signed or declined by your recipient. In addition, the Pending Approval status tells you that a document has been submitted into a Salesforce approval process.

Definitions

- **Draft** - an unpublished document. This document is editable and cannot be sent to recipients
- **Open** - a published document. This status indicates it is ready to be sent to recipients. Documents that are currently being versioned also have this status. The majority of the document is no longer editable outside of document properties found in the Properties panel.
- **Accepted** - a document signed by the client (either using Octiv e-signature, DocuSign, or [upload signed PDF for acceptance](#)). Accepted documents cannot be deleted unless first marked as Voided, can no longer be versioned, and are no longer editable outside of a few document properties located in the Properties panel.
- **Declined** - a document either declined by the client or manually marked as declined by a Collaborate user
- **Voided** - a document that has been marked as no longer valid. A published document can be marked as Voided at any point, even if it has not been Accepted by the client. Voiding a document is irreversible and cannot be undone
- **Pending Approval** - a document that has been submitted into a Salesforce approval process. This status requires that a [Salesforce integration](#) is present and also that the [Collaborate/Salesforce approval process integration](#) has been configured.

Does Conga Collaborate Keep My Data Secure?

Absolutely. Keeping your data secure is our top priority. You can feel 100 percent confident that we're protecting your Collaborate electronic assets to ensure they remain confidential, available, and intact.

Collaborate is committed to protecting assets from all threats, whether internal or external, deliberate or accidental. And we always will be.

We encrypt your account information and data, and we store it by using Amazon's premiere cloud-hosting servers. Our automated backups of your information happen many times each day. In other words, we're doing everything possible to keep your information safe.

Email Statuses and Events Defined

There are three email statuses noted in the people tab of your documents depending on the lifecycle of the email:

- **Waiting on email status** – This is the first email status you will see after an email is sent. Once the email has been delivered or bounced, this status will update accordingly.
- **Bounced** – If a server cannot or will not deliver a message, the email provider fires a bounce event. Bounces are often caused by outdated or incorrectly entered email addresses. Many times you won't know a bounced email address until it bounces. This event can help identify which addresses should be removed from your lists to ensure they don't bounce again.
- **Delivered** – When an email is accepted at the receiving server, a delivered event is generated.

There are also a variety of email events that can cause confusion without proper definition and understanding. Below are helpful insights to have if/when notifications are received.

- **Processed** – When the email provider receives an individual message and prepares it to be delivered – think of this as the top of the funnel (unless it is dropped), each message pushed to an email provider will create a processed event.
- **Dropped** – There are a number of reasons your email may not be sent to a recipient for delivery. This event will not only let you know an email has been dropped, it also provides a reason, such as possible spam content (if spam checker app is enabled) or if the recipient previously unsubscribed.

- **Deferred** – When an email cannot immediately be delivered, but it hasn't been dropped, the deferred event fires. Sometimes called a soft bounce, the email provider will continue to try for up to 72 hours to deliver the message.
- **Bounced** – If a server cannot or will not deliver a message, the email provider fires a bounce event. Bounces are often caused by outdated or incorrectly entered email addresses. Many times you won't know a bounced email address until it bounces. This event can help identify which addresses should be removed from your lists to ensure they don't bounce again.
- **Delivered** – When an email is accepted at the receiving server, a delivered event is generated. This event does not guarantee the email was placed in the recipient's inbox. In fact, a delivered email is only the beginning of an opaque process. The remaining four events begin to give us hints about whether anyone will ever see this delivered email.
- **Open** – An opened email is the first step toward the action you want your recipient to take. This event fires every time the email is viewed with images turned on. Like all email service providers, our email provider uses a transparent image beacon to track opened messages. This beacon is currently the only way a sender can tell if an email has been opened.
- **Click** – The pinnacle of email engagement is the click. Your call to action, whether it is to confirm a newly registered account or to view a recommended product, asks the recipient to click a link. The email provider tracks that interaction and executes a click event.
- **Spam Report** – Most internet service providers (ISP) provide a feedback loop, sending specific spam complaints to the email service providers. When the email provider receives a notice, it triggers a spam event. It is recommended to remove any email address that triggers this type of event from mailing lists to protect the sending reputation.
- **Unsubscribe** – Reacting immediately when a recipient unsubscribes from your mailings, by removing the email from your lists, can pay long-term dividends to your sending reputation and deliverability rates.

Integrating Documents, Templates, and Content

You can build three main document types in Collaborate:

Proposal / Contract / Presentation documents are the end products you will send to your recipients. You can build these from scratch or from an existing Template document.

Template Documents are standardized shells that you can personalize when you build Documents for specific situations and clients. Templates simplify your document creation by giving you a starting point.

Content includes Content, Images, Files, and Text Snippets that you may use in your Conga Collaborate documents. Upload any Content, and it hangs out in your Content Library, ready to be popped into the next document you want it for.

Themes govern the look and feel of your content for both Template and Proposal document types.

Maintaining Master Copies with Referenced Content

For a piece of content that is identical across multiple templates—say, a Terms & Conditions page that you use for different industries and so in different templates—Referenced Content enables you to keep a master copy in your Content Library.

Instead of maintaining the Terms & Conditions page on each template and having to remember which templates in your library contain Terms & Conditions, you can use Referenced Content to pull the right content and the right template. Any updates you make to the Terms & Conditions master copy in the Content Library will flow through to the Templates where it's been added as Referenced Content.

Any Documents created from those Templates using Referenced Content will have the up-to-date Terms & Conditions when you create them.

Introducing Online Documents to your Recipients

Not everyone you send Collaborate documents to has experience with our platform or electronic documents in general. Most recipients are familiar with e-mail, but may still expect contractual documents to be sent via fax or USPS. Easing the transition from a paper/wet signature approach to the fast, easy eSignature process is paramount to a fantastic recipient experience.

Providing more information at key points of the workflow can ease the recipient's transition from the paper process to the fast and easy electronic one. The language in the example below is helpful for giving recipients a quick rundown of what they'll do after they receive access to your documents. It's all yours if you'd like to use it.

You may find that including the verbiage above or something similar will answer all of your clients' questions about the new process before it even begins. However, we have found that some recipients may need further instruction once they've landed in the document itself.

Providing a Cover Letter as the first page of the document you are sending is a good way to continue to lead the client in this new process.

This cover letter can explain the various pieces of the electronic document the recipient is currently seeing. Mentioning the important pieces like the Table of Contents on the left-hand side for navigation throughout the document and reiterating the Calls to Action at the top of the document are both good callouts for your recipients. You can also inform them of the Next Steps panel and its role in providing context for the status of the document. If you have enabled features to allow your recipients to create Change Requests or Add New Recipients, the Cover Letter is a great place to call these actions out.

Easing your recipients' transition to electronic document delivery and acceptance doesn't have to be complicated. Providing simple, instructive information at key points in the workflow can go a long way to answering your new recipients' questions. If you have any other creative ways you've helped your recipients with the transition please let us know!

Hello [NAME],

I've created a [QUOTE / PROPOSAL / CONTRACT] for your review in [MY COMPANY NAME]'s secure online document management system. Click the link below to log into the document, review terms and pricing, ask questions, and submit your electronic acceptance of the agreement.

A few notes for your convenience:

- In the upper right corner of the screen, you'll see buttons labeled [List Call to Actions]
- An authorized signer may click [Accept] to submit a legally binding electronic signature for the pricing and terms described in the document.
- Click [Ask a Question] to submit a note to me, and I'll follow up with you shortly.
- If you need to review this document offline, click the button labeled Download at the bottom of the left-hand menu to produce a PDF copy.

Thanks for your consideration and please let me know if you have any questions.

Best Regards,

[SIGNATURE]

July 2018 Conga Collaborate User Interface (UI) and Document Build Updates

To enhance the user experience within our platform, Collaborate changed the user interface and document build view. These changes take effect July 22nd, 2018 at 6PM EDT.

Tabs within the Properties menu

Along the right-hand side of a Collaborate document is the document panel. In an effort to shorten the length of this panel and reduce the need for users to scroll down to find important options, several tabs were added to the Properties menu. Updates to the tabs include:

- **Details** - The Details tab is a place for the document owner to edit information about this document. Items that can be edited within this tab are Title, Client, Description, Tags, Template, Owner, Value, Expiration Date, and any Document Relationships.
- **Design** - The main benefit of Collaborate documents is being able to style them according to your company's brand preferences. This style is controlled by a Theme. Now, you can access any themes you have available to choose from in this Design tab. Simply use the drop-down menu to select which theme you would like to apply to your document.
- **Metadata** - A third tab available in Properties is the Metadata tab if enabled in your account. Here we can add important information about this document that others may need to use to search for or report on later. Metadata templates need to be set up by a Collaborate administrator, but, once they are, users can use the drop-down menu to choose which metadata they need to apply to their document.
- **Privacy** - Collaborate takes privacy seriously, so we wanted users to be able to control these settings quickly and easily. In this tab, users can enable an access code for their document, share it with specific workgroups, or simply make it public or private.
- **Options** - The last tab under the Properties menu is Options. In this tab, users can allow for a PDF download of their Collaborate document, enable a Cover page, add a Signature Page to the PDF download, and enable the Table of Contents to print. All of these options change the download behavior of your Collaborate document.

Integrations tab in the Document Panel

Another important change to the Document Panel is the addition of an Integrations menu. When users click Integrations, on the right-side document panel, they can see a list of their integrations for that document (i.e. DocuSign, Salesforce). These can be toggled off and on as needed. Users can also see which Salesforce Opportunity their document is linked to or even change it in this tab. This is now where users will navigate to in order to Refresh Variables from their connected CRM.

Content Menu

The next change to the document panel is the addition of a Content Menu (previously called Assets). Here users can access Files, Images, Pages, Text Snippets, and Variables to add into their document or they can add new Content with the Add New button at the top of this menu.

Assets = Content

The term Assets is changed to Content in all other aspects of Collaborate as well to allow for more intuitive user experience.

Content Pages = Pages

Content Pages have been simplified to Pages throughout the application.

For more information about Content, see our [support article on the topic](#).

Version Menu

Collaborate allows users to create multiple versions of their documents. To make this process easier, the Versions menu was updated. The New Version button is readily available at the top of this menu along with a drop-down menu to see other versions of the document. This is also a great place to double-check whether you are working on the most current version of a document.

Download Button

The Download Button has also moved from the Table of Contents to the bottom of the right side Document Panel, making this functionality more accessible and intuitive.

Languages Available in Conga Collaborate

Collaborate has many languages available for the user interface.

Many Collaborate customers prefer to use our platform in a language other than English. The following languages are currently available for the Collaborate user interface:

- Danish
- German
- Spanish

- Finnish
- French
- Hungarian
- Dutch
- Polish
- Portuguese (Brazil)
- Swedish
- Turkish
- Chinese (People's Republic of China)
- Italian

Localization

Collaborate provides you with a variety of language options.

Our new platform gives you more language options than ever. Collaborate now comes ready to work in 15 languages and currencies. Follow these steps to select a language (and currency) for your account:

1. From your Administration Settings view, click Account Settings icon from the table of contents panel on the left
2. Click the General tab
3. Choose your language from the drop-down menu on the right

Languages supported:

- English
- Chinese (People's Republic of China)
- Danish
- Dutch
- Finnish
- French
- German
- Hungarian
- Italian
- Polish
- Portuguese (Brazil)
- Spanish
- Swedish
- Turkish

Recipient Suggestions

When sending a document, a list of several potential recipients will display as you begin to type in the name field. In the example below, when the letter “d” is typed, several potential contacts that begin with that letter are now available to quickly add.

Once a recipient is selected, the rest of the fields populate automatically if that data is available.

Search operators in Conga Collaborate

You can create search operators while using the advanced search bar to filter documents and content.

Collaborate has search operators that can be used in the search bar to quickly narrow documents by particular attributes.

The default search behavior in Collaborate is very broad and tends to return more results than you want. This is because when you search on a term by typing it into the search bar, our search engine looks not only through all document attributes to find your search term but also combs through the bodies of the documents themselves. Using search operators tells Collaborate to only search for your value in a particular document field.

The following search operators are supported:

- author
- type
- status
- client
- tag
- owner
- updated
- name
- viewed
- value
- archived

Search operators can be used in the search bar on both the Documents and Content libraries. To use the search bar, type the search operator followed by a colon and the value you want to find:

- name: ABC Company Proposal

- tag: new business
- author: Jane Doe

Multiple search operators can be used in a single search, and you can save searches for later use. You can also use the [advanced search tool](#) in order to use more search operator options and also to build more complex search statements.

Finally, when using search operators related to dates or numerical values (updated, value, or view, for example), you can set up dynamic interval searches to find what you need.

Some examples:

- updated: < 1 day ago
- updated: < 8 hours ago
- updated: March 5
- updated: March 5th

Syntax matters when using this type of search. You must enter the search terms with spacing exactly as described. For example, searching with something like updated: <2 days ago will return results but they won't match the filter you're trying to use.

Send Online Documents with Conga Collaborate

Conga Collaborate gives you the ability to send documents online instead of sending an offline attachment like a Word document or a PDF. Offline documents affect the recipient's viewing experience and limit some of the advantages of sending from Conga Collaborate directly.

Delivering Online vs. Offline

- By keeping the experience online with Conga Collaborate, your recipient is able to open your document from the device most convenient for them. Instead of waiting to get back to a Laptop or Desktop, your client can open the document from a mobile browser.
- Conga Collaborate online sending allows you to deliver responsive web pages instead of a static PDF that doesn't allow recipients to change the font size.

Delivering Online Documents to Your Recipients

Most recipients are familiar with email, but may still expect contractual documents to be sent via fax or USPS. Providing more information at key points of the workflow can ease the

recipient's transition from the paper process to the fast and easy electronic one. You can use the template at the end of the documentation below in your email to your recipient.

Including the verbiage in the template, or something similar, helps answer your client's questions about the new process before it even begins. Providing a Cover Letter as the first page of the document you are sending is a good way to continue to lead the client in this new process. This cover letter can explain the various pieces of the electronic document the recipient is currently seeing. Mentioning the important pieces like the Table of Contents on the left-hand side for navigation throughout the document and reiterating the Calls to Action at the top of the document are both good callouts for your recipients. You can also inform them of the Next Steps panel and its role in providing context for the status of the document. If you have enabled features to allow your recipients to create Change Requests or Add New Recipients, the Cover Letter is a great place to call these actions out.

Conga Collaborate provides you with a number of different ways to deliver the document depending on your needs and recipient experience preferences. The sections below outline the advantages of each of the three main delivery methods available in Conga Collaborate.

Custom Recipient Link From Conga Collaborate

The most common method, and the one that provides the highest level of automation for your recipients, is sending them a custom recipient link directly from Conga Collaborate. By utilizing this method, you will be sending an email from the Conga Collaborate platform and will allow your recipients to click one link and automatically log into the document. We recommend this method for the majority of workflows as it provides the smoothest experience for your recipients.

All Conga Collaborate emails are optimized for deliverability, however, to ensure proper delivery of emails to your inbox, we recommend you:

- Add Conga [Collaborate.com](https://collaborate.com) to your whitelist, also called the Approved Safe and Senders List
- Update your email filters to includeoactiv.com

To add people to the document manually

1. Open your document and click on the People tab on the right-hand panel.
2. Click Add People.
3. Type in the First Name, Last Name, and Email Address of your recipient (you can add additional recipients at this time by clicking Add Another Recipient).

4. Click Submit to add the recipient(s) to the document. The fastest way to add people to your document is to add them from your CRM. With the Conga Collaborate document sharing experience, users can easily send documents to CRM contacts from within Conga Collaborate. Today, the Conga Collaborate document sharing experience supports the ability to add contacts from Salesforce, NetSuite, and Pipedrive.
5. To add recipients from CRM, click the People tab.
6. Click Add People.
7. Click Add [CRM Name] Contacts (ex: if you use Salesforce, the button would read "Add Salesforce Contacts").
8. Choose the signing permissions for each added Contact (Conga Collaborate defaults to making each Contact a Collaborator). Editing permissions will also allow you to change actual contact info as well.
9. Click Submit.

If you have already published the document you will get a modal that asks if you'd like to send the email now. If you are in a Draft state the recipients will be listed in the People panel. Once you publish the document a Send Email button will appear on the People tab as well as a Send Email link on the Next Steps tab.

Finally, Conga Collaborate tracks email status, allowing you to see who has received an email by looking at the individual business cards for each recipient on the People tab. An email icon will appear on the card indicating the date and time the email was sent.

If additional follow-up is needed, document owners can send multiple emails to the same recipient. Go to the People tab, click Send Email, and select the email addresses of the recipients.

Custom Recipient Link from Your Preferred Email System

There are some cases where you may not want to send an email directly from Conga Collaborate. (Ex: you are already working in another email chain with your recipient and you'd like to keep the context of the email history.) In this case, Conga Collaborate provides an easy way for you to pull out the custom recipient URL to send directly to your recipient. This provides very similar benefits to the first method but takes you out of the Conga Collaborate platform to send your emails.


1. To customize recipient links from your email, repeat the steps from the earlier section to add recipients to the document.
2. Publish the document.

3. Instead of sending the email from Conga Collaborate, go to the People tab on the document and click on "[Recipient's Name] Unique document URL" to show the Unique document URL for each Recipient.
4. Copy this URL and paste it into your own email system to send to your Recipient.

Public URL from your Preferred Email System

There are some cases where the private, custom recipient link is not necessary, and allowing a recipient to log in to the document using a public link would be simpler. In these cases, Conga Collaborate provides a public link to allow a recipient to navigate to a document, enter their first and last name, and view the document. Using a public link allows many people to view the document without the document owner having to explicitly define recipients. This method is most useful for sending out a document to a large number of people. As people log into the document, Conga Collaborate will track viewer information through the name each person enters in order to view the document (along with view count, view time, etc.). The other benefit to this method is that it allows you to send out a document for acceptance when you are not sure who the signer should be on the document. Using the Public URL and Conga Collaborate's eSignature process, the first person to click the Accept button is the one to sign the document.

1. In order to access the Public URL for your document Open the document.
2. Open the Properties tab.
3. Copy the link in the "View" bar at the top of the Properties tab.
4. Send the link to your recipients.

 As soon as you add People to the document, only a person marked as a signer will be able to sign. Those who view the document through the Public URL will not be able to sign. In other words, if you follow the steps to add someone to the People tab, they will be the only recipients to see the Accept button. If you send out the Public URL to your recipients, anyone will be able to log in to the document and click Accept.

Hello [NAME],

I've created a [QUOTE / PROPOSAL / CONTRACT] for your review in [MY COMPANY NAME]'s secure online document management system. Click the link below to log into the document, review terms and pricing, ask questions and submit your electronic acceptance of an agreement. A few things to note:

- In the upper right corner of the screen, you'll see buttons labeled [List Call to Actions]

- An authorized signer may click [Accept] to submit a legally binding electronic signature for the pricing and terms described in the document.
- Click [Ask a Question] to submit a note to me, and I'll follow up with you shortly.
- If you need to review this document offline, click the button labeled Download at the bottom of the left-hand menu to produce a PDF copy.

Thanks for your consideration and please let me know if you have any questions.

Best Regards,

[SIGNATURE]

Security update: TLS 1.1/1.2

This documentation provided information about using TLS 1.1/1.2.

To maintain the highest level of security standards and comply with industry-wide best practices, we sometimes need to make security improvements. Recently, that meant disabling TLS 1.0 connections so we comply with higher encryption standards.

The Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol ensures privacy between communicating applications and their users on the Internet. When a server and client communicate, TLS keeps third parties from eavesdropping or tampering with any message. TLS is the successor to the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL).

To disable TLS 1.0 and enable TLS 1.1 or 1.2

1. In Internet Explorer, select Internet Options from the Tools menu.
2. Click Advanced to see the following options:
 - Use TLS 1.0
 - Use TLS 1.1
 - Use TLS 1.2
3. Check 1.1 or 1.2. If both 1.1 and 1.2 are unchecked, the recipient will be unable to view the document. If your recipients can ensure that 1.0 is not the only option checked, they should be able to view the document as expected.

Sorting Your Document List

Using the Sort By option in the Document List view allows you to sort through the content in the main list that appears in the center section. For any sort, you can choose the order—for example, oldest to newest (or vice versa) or A to Z (or Z to A).

When you're showing All Documents, you can Sort By:

- Date Modified
- Title
- Author

If you select the Proposals filter from the lefthand panel, you can Sort By:

- Date Modified
- Accepted Date
- Client Name
- Published Date
- Created Date
- Title
- Value
- Author
- Status (Accepted, Declined, Drafts, Open)
- Last Viewed

The document information panel

When you're in Document List view, a Document Information Panel appears on the right side of your screen.

This panel dynamically changes to give statistics about the documents you've selected or filtered for. The statistics include:

- A count of documents broken down by status
- A donut chart of documents by status
- The total dollar value

To drill down on details, add a search filter to the advanced search bar.

User Roles and Permissions

Collaborate provides you with three default user roles that define a user's access to functions and documents and establish privacy hierarchies.

System Administrator

Has full access to everything in the account. Can view and edit all documents and templates as well as access all available account settings

Manager

Has view and edit access to any documents generated by users set up as either their Manager or their Report in the User Relationship Hierarchy.

Standard User

Can create documents and templates, can manage his or her personal settings, and can view but not edit others' documents and templates.

New users that you create default to the Standard role. To change the default role a user is assigned to:

1. From your user dropdown, go to Administration > Roles and Permissions.
2. Click the role to which you want to add users.
3. Click Add User.
4. Select the checkbox next to users you want to add to the role.
5. Click Add Users. Permissions in default roles are not customizable, but you can create a custom role and then customize any specific user permission within that role. Contact your Account Manager for assistance in changing user permissions for a custom role.









Using the Document Editor














Documents and Templates created in Conga Collaborate are web-based.

When drafting a document or template, you will find the editing toolbar located across the top of the page, called the editor. The editor provides easy formatting tools to directly manipulate the HTML that your content is built on.

Collaborate's robust, online editor allows you to build web-based templates, documents, and content pages directly in Collaborate. And while many of Collaborate's features allow you to streamline and automate document creation through your templates and data-driven logic, we understand that many clients have use cases that involve manual customization of a document before sending. Collaborate's editor gives your users the flexibility to edit content online in their documents before sending, even after starting from a template.

Here's a quick rundown of tools in the editor toolbar:

Tool	Action
Table of Contents	Opens/Closes the Table of Contents
File	Convert to Template, Delete, Duplicate, Back to Documents
Edit	Cut, Copy, Paste, Select All, Find and Replace, Show Blocks, Source Code Editing source code is helpful for technical admins or users who would like to directly edit the HTML of the document. This feature is not available on contracts.
Insert	Insert images and other types of content, tables, anchors, links, special characters or page breaks; add content through Responsive Layout
Format	Headings, Blocks, Alignment, Font, Size, Line Height, Strikethrough, Subscript, Superscript
Table	Insert or edit a table
	Undo the last action
	Redo the last action
	Bold the selected text
	Italicize the selected text
	Underline the selected text
	Left align the selected text
	Center the selected text
	Right align the selected text

Tool	Action
	Add bulleted list - choose bullet style from dropdown menu
	Add numbered list - choose number style from dropdown menu
	Decrease indent
	Increase indent
	Add a link
	Edit an image
	Clear formatting
	Change text color
	Change the background color
	Turn Spell Check on or off
	Insert a variable
	Change the Font Family
Saved status indicator	Updates automatically (with each edit to the page) to show when the document was last saved.
	Expands/collapses the Document Header

Using Your Activity Feed

Your Activity Feed is front and center whenever you are in the Dashboard view. It shows all of your account activity and makes keeping track of document status a snap.

Your activity feed shows when a document has been

- Created
- Updated
- Published
- Accepted
- Declined
- Commented on

Your activity feed resets each calendar month. From each activity in your feed, you can:

- Click the document or content title to go to the file referenced.
- Comment on the activity by clicking the quote bubble icon.

Using Your Document List

Whenever you click Documents from your dashboard or main dropdown menu, you're taken to your Document List. This list shows all the documents you have access to, unless you choose to narrow it down.

You can filter your Document List just by clicking on one of the attributes of a document—type, author or status—and you can change how the list is sorted by using the Sort By button at the top left.

Clicking a document name will open that document.

Implementation Guide

An implementation guide for Conga Collaborate.

Access Your Conga Collaborate Account

How to access your new Conga Collaborate Account.
Account Confirmation and Login

To access your new Collaborate account, you'll need to confirm your user and set a password

1. You'll receive an email with the subject line Confirm Your [Organization] Account after your user is created in Collaborate. Click the Confirm Account button to confirm your email address and enable Collaborate to properly send documents and notifications through your user.
2. Once you've clicked the Confirm Account button, you'll be prompted to set a password in the New Password and Confirm Password input boxes before logging in for the first time. All users created in your account will need to go through this initial email confirmation step. However, if you are [adding users in bulk](#), the user will not be prompted to change his/her password. Users will need to manually complete that step in their [User Profile](#).

Conga Collaborate Implementation Guide

The goal of this guide is to help get started with your new Conga Collaborate account.

Welcome to Conga Collaborate!

The goal of this guide is to help get started with your Conga Collaborate account. To begin, select one of the following options:

[Access Your Account](#)

[Get Started with Document Creation](#)

[Integrate with Salesforce](#)

Get Started with Document Creation

Get Started with Document Creation. Create, customize, share, track, and close a Conga Collaborate document.

Create a Collaborate Document

Create your first document from your Collaborate org in standalone mode. In a later step, you will integrate Collaborate with your CRM, but we suggest you go through these steps first to give yourself an introduction to the document lifecycle.

To create a document, take the following steps:

1. From the Dashboard, click **Create** and then select **Proposal**.
2. Select **Start with a template** in the pop up menu.

3. Choose your starting template, or select Start with a blank proposal instead.
4. Click Create.

Customize a Collaborate Document

To customize your document, take the following steps:

1. Open the Properties panel on the right side of your screen, and click the Metadata tab. Fill in all the fields in the tab.
2. Click back on your proposal page to customize specific content using the online Editor.
3. Enable the Preview button for a preview of how your content will look after you publish it.

Note: As an admin, you can control which users have access to make edits in documents and which pages are editable.

Share a Collaborate Document

To share your document, take the following steps:

1. Under Next Steps on the right side of your screen, go to Properties and click Publish Now.
2. Click Add People under Step 2. Enter your recipient's first name, last name, and email address, and then click Add Another Recipient until all of your recipients are added. We recommend adding yourself a test recipient. When all your recipients are added, click Next.
3. Click Send Email Now.
4. Click the Include all recipients link under the first input box, or click the input box and select your recipient(s).
5. Enter an email message or use the default, and click Send. Collaborate sends an email on your behalf with a link for your recipient(s) to view the document.

Track a Collaborate Document

Tracking Report statistics are available once your recipients interact with the document. To view the tracking report, take the following steps:

1. From your document, go to Next Steps on the right side of your screen and click View > Tracking.
2. Click the View Full Report button to see who viewed the document and where they spent their time.

Look for Text and Email Notifications as prospects open and engage with your documents. Notifications are based on each [user's notification preferences](#) as configured in their User Profile.

Close with Collaborate eSignature Options

Conga Collaborate offers the following eSignature integrations:

- [Conga Sign: Integration with Conga Collaborate](#)
- [DocuSign: Integrating with Conga Collaborate](#)

Installing and Configuring Conga Collaborate

Information on installing and configuring Conga Collaborate.

Updating Recipient Digital Business Cards

A Digital Business Card is an easier way to access key contact information from within your Conga Collaborate document.

Collaborate uses digital business cards to display LinkedIn profile information and photos for all document recipients. This information is pulled from the database of third-party vendor FullContact.

FullContact recipient data can become outdated and present incorrect information. Updating FullContact's database ensures that all data is current.

Visit FullContact's [privacy center](#) and click Own Your Personal Data. Here you can update the information in the FullContact database and Collaborate's digital business cards will update accordingly.

Adding a New User

Collaborate administrators can maintain their users' account information in the Administrative area of Collaborate.

Admins can create, edit, and remove users. This article will specifically walk through considerations when creating new Collaborate users.

To add a new user by following these steps:

1. From the User Drop Down menu in the top right corner of Conga Collaborate (your avatar), click Administration.
2. Click Users.
3. Click the orange Add User button on the top right of the Users screen.
4. Create the new user account by filling in the name, email address, and username.

5. Optional: You can use the External Integration ID to proactively link a user's Collaborate account to their CRM account if you have their CRM user ID. This is not required and will happen automatically when the user attempts to create a document from your CRM later.
6. Optional: You can enter additional user information such as mobile phone number, time zone, and language on their profile at this time.
7. Click Save. Upon clicking Save, Collaborate sends the user a new account confirmation email containing their username, Collaborate domain, and a link to confirm their account and set their password. If you need to change details of the user later, you can do so from the Users menu, by clicking on the user you'd like to edit. New Collaborate users are automatically added to the "Standard User" role. If you'd like to give a user more or less permissions, edit their role under "Roles and Permissions." If you have a lot of users to add at once, you might want to consider adding users via bulk upload.

Authenticating Your Email Domain

If you've chosen to send Collaborate emails from your team's email domain, rather than the default address noreply@octiv.com, you will want to set up email authentication to help ensure your emails reach the inbox of your recipient.

Email Service Providers (ESPs) rely on authentication to fight spam, prevent phishing, and provide protection against other forms of fraud, which makes it an important step to take. Many ISPs use authentication to help track sender reputation. Authenticating your email domains will reduce the chances of your emails going to your recipients' spam folders. Finally, some email clients will show a warning message if they are unable to verify the sender is sending from an approved IP address. For the best customer experience, be sure authentication is set up so those alerts don't show.

Once domain authentication has been set up, emails will be sent with a signature that matches a record in your DNS (Domain Name Servers). This way, ESPs have a way to ensure the sender is legitimate. Emails that do not pass authentication may be blocked or put through additional scrutinization, and in some cases will not make it to the recipients' inbox.

Since each email provider is different we cannot give you exact steps to update your records; however, here are instructions for some commonly used hosts:

123-reg.co.uk

[bluehost](https://bluehost.com)

[DNS Made Easy](#)[DNSimple](#)[GoDaddy](#)[Hostgator](#)[Hover](#)[Media Temple](#)[Namecheap](#)[Network Solutions](#)

Configuring Custom Roles and Permissions

Roles & Permissions control what each user can see and do within your Collaborate organization. Set up custom roles when the three default roles do not meet your business needs. Also, use the tool to clone a default role and make small changes.

In most cases, it is not necessary to set up custom roles and permissions. If you do feel you need a custom role, we recommend contacting our support team to discuss your business needs and determine if a custom role is necessary.

To configure custom roles:

1. From your user dropdown, select Administration.
2. Click Roles & Permissions.
3. Select Create New Role.
4. Enter a descriptive name in the Role Name field.
5. Click Add User and select any and all users you wish to assign to this role.
6. Select default permissions by clicking Permissions and selecting default permissions from the dropdown.
7. Customize permissions as appropriate for the role you've created. Filter to specific collections of permissions using the categories in the left-hand panel, or use the search field to find the permissions you want.
8. Click Save. When setting permissions, an empty checkbox next to specific permission or a set of permissions indicates NONE of the individual qualifiers are selected. A "-" means at least one qualifier is selected, and a checkmark means ALL qualifiers are selected.

Customizing Your Document Login Screen

By using Conga Collaborate's Theme Builder, you can make your login screen your own by adding a logo, background color, images, and other custom design elements.

Collaborate's [Theme Builder](#) allows you to customize the look and feel of your document login screen.

The document login screen is only seen by recipients accessing a document through the public URL.

Give customers a branded experience with your documents by adding a logo, background color, images, and other custom design elements.

1. From your user drop-down menu in the top right corner, click Administration.
2. Select Themes.
3. Choose a theme to edit.
4. In the dropdown at the top of the right-hand menu, select Document Login.
5. In the right-hand menu, choose Login to view login screen settings.
6. Customize your login screen with things like a logo, page background, text font, and login button colors.
7. Click Save.

Deleting a User from Your Account

Easily delete a user from your Collaborate account. When a user doesn't need further access to Collaborate, you can delete that user.

To delete a user from your account:

1. From the Administration view, click Users.
2. Use the Search Bar or scroll through the user list to find the desired user.
3. Click on the name of the user you would like to delete.
4. Click the Remove User button on the top right.

Things to consider when deleting a user:

- Deleted users retain their associated usernames and email addresses. If you'd like to assign these to a new user in the future, the deleted user's credentials must be changed.
- Deleted users can be restored and will reclaim ownership of any documents that have not been reassigned.

- Open documents owned by deleted users are still accessible and actionable by recipients.
- Deleted users will continue to receive email notifications related to any open documents they own. To avoid this and redirect notification emails, you may consider transferring ownership of these documents to an active user.

Differentiating user roles and permissions

Standard Users, Managers, and System Administrators are the three roles within the Default Permissions set that cannot be altered.

The following chart gives a detailed overview of what each of these roles can do within Collaborate:

Conga Collaborate Function	Standard User	Manager	System Administrator
Create presentations, proposals, contracts, templates, and content	x	x	x
Publish and send documents	x	x	x
Access and edit own material	x	x	x
Access private documents of direct reports	x	x	x
Assign documents and assets to other users	x	x	x
Edit public or private documents of direct reports		x	x
Edit private templates of direct reports		x	x
Lock or unlock private items in the assets library		x	x
Edit user roles and settings			x

Conga Collaborate Function	Standard User	Manager	System Administrator
Edit manager and reporting settings			x
Edit account settings			x
Edit roles and permissions			x
Create and edit themes			x
Manage integrations			x
Create and edit signals			x
Manage tags			x

Enhanced security controls

Use Collaborate's enhanced security controls to customize your organization's security.

Configure your security controls just as you want them. If you are a system administrator, you can set password strength, session timeout, lockout attempts, and more under your Account Settings.

Collaborate offers new enhanced security controls such as:

- Custom-configured password rules to manage failed login attempts and user lock outs
- Password length and strength restrictions
- Password reset prompts

Check out the options from your Account Settings when you click User Password Rules to set your controls. Your account manager can tell you more.

Ensuring Delivery of Conga Collaborate-Branded Emails

Ensure email settings are optimized to receive Collaborate emails.

All Collaborate emails are optimized for deliverability however, to ensure proper delivery of emails to your inbox, we recommend you:

- Add Octiv.com to your whitelist, also called the Approved Safe and Senders List
- Update your email filters to include Collaborate.com

User Notification Preferences

Use notification preferences to customize exactly how and when you receive notifications about activity on your documents.

Conga Collaborate uses email and text alerts to notify users of activity on their documents. Notifications can be customized on a user by user basis.

Use notification preferences to customize exactly how and when you receive notifications about activity on your documents.

1. Open your user dropdown in the top right corner of the screen and select User Profile.
2. Select the Notifications tab.
3. Choose the notification types you want for the following events:
 - Document Accepted
 - Document Declined
 - Proposal Voided
 - Question or Comment Submitted
 - Creation of Change Requests and Comments
 - First Document View
 - All Document Views

Notifications are sent based on the selected notifications types.

In order to receive text notifications, you must enter your phone number in your user profile in Collaborate. All text notifications will come from a single phone number, 317-550-4586, and messages are grouped in the same conversation.

Filtering Your Activity Feed

Control and customize what is displayed in Collaborate's Activity Feed.

You can control what you see in your Activity Feed by using the filters located on the right side of your Dashboard.

You can also combine the owner filters (Everyone and Me—located on the top right of your screen) with the activity filters, which are:

- Documents Created

- Documents Published
- Documents Accepted
- Documents Declined
- Comments

For example, select Me and then select Document Published to view only your published documents in the Activity Feed. Or select Everyone and Documents Accepted to view all users' accepted documents in your Feed.

Your filter preferences will be saved as you move about the platform.

Getting Started with Account Settings

Account Settings are accessed from your User Drop Down Menu.

Where does a System Administrator go to administrate the system? Account Settings, which you can access from your User Drop Down Menu (your avatar).

Clicking on Account Settings takes you to your Admin page, where you can:

- Edit account information such as
 - Organization name
 - Proposal viewing
 - Privacy statement
 - Time zone
 - Language
 - Favicon
 - Update user [password rules](#)
 - Enable automatically generated access codes
 - Attach downloads to confirmation emails, and [select download formats](#)
 - Add a custom acknowledge message
 - Create or edit the [default email template](#)
 - [Add users](#)
 - Assign or edit roles and permissions
 - Create and edit a [theme](#).
 - Manage your integrations

Getting Started with Theme Builder

The Theme builder is a point and click tool that gives admins a high degree of control over the branding in their documents.

In Collaborate, a theme is used to brand online documents, the PDFs and Word files that can be downloaded from those online documents, and the emails that are delivered to share those documents. The Theme Builder is a point and click tool that gives admins a high degree of control over the branding in their documents.

Your Collaborate documents should be an extension of your company's image and branding. It is important to have documents that look professional and represent your company well. The Theme Builder is your first step towards reaching that goal.

To get started with the Theme Builder:

1. Open your user dropdown and go to Administration > Themes.
2. Click one of the default themes or any theme you've already created in order to edit it.
3. Use the tools on the right side of the page to make changes and preview your changes within the theme editor.
4. Click Save to save theme edits.

Once you've opened a theme, you'll be in the basic theme editor. We recommend showing all settings by clicking Show Advanced. This presents all configuration options and gives much more granularity in design choices for your theme.

Colors

Colors can be defined in the Theme Builder using color sliders, RGB values, or hex color codes. An admin can also define up to three additional custom colors that become available within the user's document editor when documents use that specific theme. You must click Show Advanced in the Content panel to access the three custom colors.

Logo Panel

From the Logo panel, you can upload a document logo. Images with transparent backgrounds and a size of at least 300 x 200 pixels are recommended. This logo will be used for both your documents and your document login page.

You can also upload a Favicon in the Logo panel. This is the image that sits next to your site name on a web browser tab and also in most bookmark lists. We recommend images with a transparent background and a size of at least 16 x 16 pixels.

Buttons

The Buttons panel enables you to edit the colors of buttons themselves as well as the colors of the button labels. You can also choose whether a button lightens or darkens when a mouse hovers over it. By clicking Show Advanced, you can also set the colors for the document's Table of Contents sidebar.

Content

From the Content panel, you can choose the font and color of your text, headings, and links. Collaborate comes with many fonts available by default, but if additional fonts are needed, a Collaborate admin can use the [Font Manager](#) tool to add them. By clicking Show Advanced, you can also set color and font selections for your document's tables.

Layout

Within the Layout panel, you have the options to edit the color of the document header, page title, and page title bar.

Background

The Background panel gives you the ability to set the background color or image, the size and position of the background image, and also the repeat options for the image. We recommend a background image that is at least 1920 x 1080 pixels if you want to cover the entire background area.

PDF

Use the PDF panel to customize your PDF download by editing page size, cover page, and standard page options. Customizable options include page background image, margins, Table of Contents design, and header and footer text.

To add a PDF cover page background:

- Upload a jpg or png image that is 8.5 x 11 inches and 150 dpi.
- The uploaded image will cover the whole background of the PDF cover page

To add a standard PDF page background:

- Upload a jpg or png image that is 8.5 x 11 inches and 150 dpi.
- The uploaded image will cover the whole background of the standard PDF page

Login

The Login panel controls how your document looks from the document login screen. You have options to edit the logo, background color or image, color of the display text, and even the colors that govern the Login button. You can preview the Login screen by selecting Document Login from the drop-down beneath your theme name.

Notes on Branded Emails

When sending emails from Collaborate, colors and logos from the document's theme will be used to style the outgoing emails and notifications. There are three areas within the Theme Builder that affect the look of your emails:

- The theme Logo becomes the image in your email headers
- The Document Header color becomes the background color within the email header
- The Accept Button color is used for any links or buttons within the email

Granting Conga Collaborate Login Access

Grant login access to the Conga Support team for advanced troubleshooting.

Occasionally the Collaborate Support team may request login access in order to assist you with a question or issue that pertains to one user in particular. This would allow Collaborate Support to access your account using a Collaborate specific user login to troubleshoot issues pertaining to your question.

As a Collaborate Admin, you have the ability to grant this login access and specify the duration of time Collaborate Support is able to log in. To grant Collaborate Support login access, you could follow the below steps:

1. Select Administration from your User Profile menu
2. Click Users
3. Select the user you wish to grant login access
4. Go to the Grant Account Login Access tab
5. From the drop-down, select the length of time you wish to grant login access for (1 day, 3 days, 1 week, or 1 month)
6. Click Save

As a Standard User, you have the ability to grant login access and specify the duration of time Collaborate Support is able to log in as your user profile. To grant Collaborate Support login access, you could follow the below steps:

1. Select User Profile from the User Profile menu
2. Go to the Grant Account Login Access tab
3. From the drop-down, select the length of time you wish to grant login access for (1 day, 3 days, 1 week, or 1 month).
4. Click Save

Managing Text Snippets

Text snippets can be a useful way to provide direct access to subject matter expertise in bite-sized pieces, in order to build a personalized document without gathering those subject matter experts every time you're building a new proposal or document.

Over time, things change, and information can be quickly outdated if not updated regularly. If your organization maintains more than a handful of text snippets, the regular management can become time-consuming. To help expedite the process, you can export all your text snippet data to a CSV file to work on updates.

Export all Text Snippets

To export all text snippets, click on the export icon in the left-hand panel. Text snippets are exported in a CSV format and include the following fields:

- **Name** – The name of the text snippet
- **Snippet** – The body of the text snippet. This is exported in HTML format.
- **Visibility** – This indicates whether or not the text snippet is shared. "1" represents a public text snippet, and "0" represents private (if workgroups are enabled, "1" represents all workgroups, "0" represents no workgroups, and "2" represents some workgroups).
- **Locked for Edit** – This indicates whether or not the text snippet is locked from being edited by others. "1" represents that it is locked for edit, and "0" represents that it's not locked.
- **Tags** – Displays all tags associated with this text snippet.
- **Publish Date** – The publish date of the text snippet, which is the date it becomes available for use to pull into documents.
- **Expiration Date** – The expiration date of the text snippet, which is the date it is no longer available for use to pull into documents.

- **Last Modified Date** – The last modified date of the text snippet, which is the last time the snippet has been modified.
- **ID** – This represents the unique ID of the text snippet. This ID will be used to allow users to override the existing text snippet upon re-import.

Import Text Snippets

Many organizations use the text snippet export to update the content, and they want to import and override the existing text snippet. To do so, from within the Content page:

1. Select Add New
2. Select Text Snippet
3. Select “Bulk Upload” to import a list of text snippets (use the export spreadsheet, update the Snippet content, and re-import the file. The ID field indicates which text snippet will be replaced upon import).

The following fields can be adjusted when replacing an existing text snippet:

- **Name** – This will allow you to rename the snippet
- **Snippet** – This will allow you to replace the text of the snippet. Note the snippet is displaying in HTML format. This will allow the snippet to retain formatting upon re-import.
- **Visibility** – This allows you to change whether or not the text snippet is shared. “1” represents a public text snippet, and “0” represents private (if workgroups are enabled, “1” represents all workgroups, “0” represents no workgroups, and “2” represents some workgroups. You cannot adjust which workgroups are shared via import).
- **Locked for Edit** – You can decide whether or not the text snippet is locked from being edited by others. “1” represents that it is locked for edit, and “0” represents that it’s not locked.
- **Publish Date** – Update the publish date of the text snippet, which is the date it becomes available for use to pull into documents. Note that if excel changes the date format to MM/DD/YYYY then Collaborate will ignore this field (Excel is extremely particular about date formatting. We recommend only importing dates if you are comfortable with Excel – we recommend updating dates in the Collaborate UI).
- **Expiration Date** – Update the expiration date of the text snippet, which is the date it is no longer available for use to pull into documents. Note that if excel changes the date format to MM/DD/YYYY then Collaborate will ignore this field (Excel is extremely particular about date formatting. We recommend only importing dates if you are comfortable with Excel – we recommend updating dates in the Collaborate UI).

If your spreadsheet includes snippets without an ID or with an ID that doesn't match, they will be imported as new text snippets. IDs are assigned by the system and cannot be assigned by the import file.

Conga Collaborate Deployment Guide

This is our guide to launching a successful Collaborate platform.

This is our guide to launching a successful Collaborate platform. With these resources, and the support of our team, we want to help you get implemented quickly and start seeing value from our software.

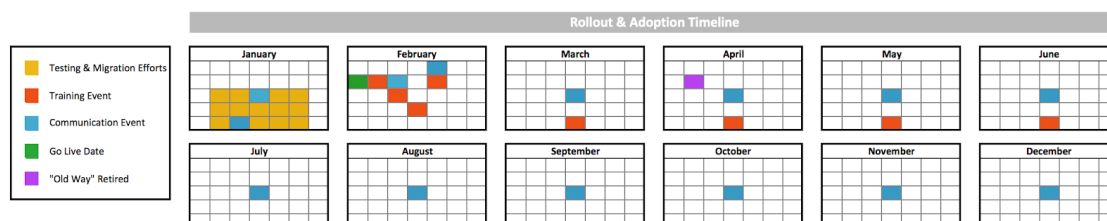
Formal deployments look different in every organization. The important thing is that users are notified, trained, and have the proper incentive to use the new process. The success of the deployment is key to getting value out of your investment in Collaborate and the time you've spent setting it up.

Consider Collaborate's best practice approach to deploying a new solution by creating your own strategy and timeline (including specific dates!) to execute in the following key areas:

- **Testing** - Include System Integration testing, end-user testing, time for any necessary revisions, and a final sign-off date.
- **Migration** - Move the solution to your production environment if needed and confirm that solution still performs as expected.
- **Go-Live** - Set the date that your Collaborate users will begin using the platform for live document generation.
- **Phase-out "the old way"** - Set a date (we recommend 30-60 days after go-live) when your Collaborate users will no longer have access to "the old way." Once these old systems/processes have been phased out, only Collaborate will be used for document generation going forward.
- **Communicate to Collaborate users** - Generate excitement about the Collaborate platform and share key dates regarding training, go-live, and phase-out dates for old systems. Consider sending a monthly "Tips & Tricks" email to keep users up to date on the most recent improvements.
- **Provision User Licenses** - Create user credentials and add users to the correct roles and permissions groups.
- **Training** - Consider what individual behavior changes you are asking the users to make and address them in your training. Create and distribute training materials (we recommend a step-by-step user guide and a short recorded video). Host training sessions for Collaborate users, and make them aware of available support resources

and where they can log feedback going forward. Also consider how you will reinforce the use of this new tool with follow-up training, office hours to answer questions, or quick check-ins at team meetings to monitor usage and success.

- **Collect User Feedback** - Continue to assess your users' needs and iterate and improve Collaborate as applicable. This might be as simple as asking your users to email feedback or as formal as sending out a survey to capture more detailed feedback.
- **Recognize and Reward** - Consider how you will recognize and reward users for adopting this new tool. Some examples include: celebrating a user's first accepted document, highlighting user success stories at team gatherings, or creating leaderboards in your CRM.
- **Track Success Metrics** - We recommend selecting success criteria and metrics to track based on the goals you wish to achieve. For example, if you have a goal to shorten your sales cycle, monitor metrics in Collaborate's reporting tool that help track time, such as: Time to Build, Time to First View, or Time to Close. Set aside time (we suggest monthly) to track your progress, and when possible, always take a snapshot of this metric "before Collaborate," so you can compare your success.
 - Here is an example Rollout and Adoption Timeline:



Also, check out our deployment workbook. It's designed for large organizations that need extra strategies for success. This workbook walks project managers and key stakeholders through several detailed planning exercises, expanding on several concepts presented in this article, with the goal of crafting an end-to-end enterprise-level deployment plan.

[Download the Workbook](#)

Conga Collaborate Emails and SMTP

Conga Collaborate can send emails via SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol).

Collaborate can send emails via SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol).

By using SMTP, you can send Collaborate emails through your own mail server and help prevent your emails from ending up in spam folders.

Contact Collaborate support in order to enable this feature. Support will enable SMTP and then send you instructions for accessing the configuration page. At that point, configuration is done on your own and is not supported by Conga.

Setting Up a Custom Domain for Your Account

Conga Collaborate defaults every account to the octiv domain - [accountname].[octiv.com](#). This domain can be changed to use any valid domain.

Use a custom domain in order to fully whitelabel your account and provide a fully branded experience to your recipients.

Contact support if you'd like to set up a custom domain. They will provide instructions and pricing.

SAML: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

Integrate SAML with your Conga Collaborate account.

Begin Integration

To connect SAML to your Collaborate account, take the following steps:

1. From your Account Settings view, click Integrations.
2. Choose SAML from the Integrations menu.
3. Click the checkbox next to Enable SAML.
4. Fill out the fields:
 - The provider ****Name**** (Salesforce, for example)
 - A URL of the ****Identity Provider****
 - The digital ****certificate**** or metadata XML file from the platform you are linking
5. Click Save Changes

SAML Features

Using this integration through Collaborate and Salesforce (for example) makes Salesforce the Identity Provider (IdP). After you enable this integration, you see a separate link asking you to sign on using Salesforce. Entering your credentials confirms you as the user and redirects you to Collaborate. After sign-in, you're authenticated by SAML and have reached out to all service providers involved. Using SAML can also auto-provision users in Collaborate, meaning that all accounts are managed via the identity provider. Use the auto-provision toggle to set this feature. Because your email address is your user identification, you need to make sure you're using the same one in all the systems you

connect. You can use any SAML 2.0 identity provider, including Salesforce, Microsoft ADFS, Okta, and Onelogin.

Set up your SAML integration on the Salesforce end by configuring a domain name, enabling the identity provider, and creating a connected app. The following sections walk you through each step.

Configure a Domain Name

Start the process by logging in to Salesforce. From your home page, follow these steps:

1. Click Security Controls under Administer.
2. Click Identity Provider in the drop-down menu.
3. Click Configure a Domain Name.
4. From Domain Management, choose My Domain.
5. Enter the sub-domain name you want.
6. Click Check Availability.
7. Check Terms and Conditions.
8. Click Register Domain.

Salesforce will register the DNS change and send an email confirmation. You can then log in to and test your custom domain. If everything's shipshape, Deploy to Users to make it official.

Enable Identity Provider

After you have a custom domain, use these steps to enable the Identity Provider:

1. Click Enable Identity Provider.
 - a. This generates a self-signed x.509 certificate to be used for SAML authentication.
2. Click Download Certificate.
 - a. The certificate is used when configuring Conga Collaborate for Single Sign-On.

Create Connected App

Follow these steps to create your connected app:

1. From Connected Apps, click Create Apps.
2. Click Apps.
3. Click New.
4. Create a New Connected App for Conga Collaborate (the service provider).

5. Fill out the following fields:
 - Connected App Name
 - API Name
 - Contact Email
 - Enable SAML (Must be checked)
 - Entity ID: {account}.[octiv.com](#)
 - ACS URL: <https://{account}.octiv.com/sso/saml/consume>
6. Click Manage.
7. Right-click and copy the link for the IdP Initiated login URL.
8. Click Edit the Connect App.
9. Paste the IdP Initiated login URL into the Start URL under Basic Information.
10. Click Save.
11. Click Manage Profiles.
12. Add the user profiles who can access this App.

The connected App Conga Collaborate should now be visible in the drop-down box and should automatically log you into your Conga Collaborate account.

Finish the Integration

After you're in Conga Collaborate, follow these steps to finish this integration:

1. Go to your Account Settings.
2. Click Integrations.
3. Click the SAML box.
4. Copy the configuration settings provided by [Salesforce.com](#) into the SAML Configuration form.
 - The IDP Start URL is the IdP-Initiated Login URL from Salesforce.
 - The IDP SSO Target URL is the SP-Initiated POST Endpoint from Salesforce.
 - The IDP Certificate Fingerprint comes from the self-signed certificate from Security -> Identity Provider.

For more integration information, see [SSO Integration Overview](#).

Setting Alerts with Conga Collaborate Signals


Conga Collaborate Signals send email alerts that are triggered by specific activity within your account. They also allow for scheduled digest emails of activity within your account.

Collaborate Signals send email alerts that are triggered by specific activity within your account. They also allow for scheduled digest emails of activity within your account.

Signals are only visible to the user who created them. So a signal configured by User A will not be visible to User B, even if User B is an Administrator.

Signals allow you to set up an alert to send to a manager anytime his/her report publishes a document, schedule weekly summaries of documents created off of a certain template, or notify the CEO when a proposal over a certain value is closed. Using document statuses, events, tags, and other pieces of information, you can create customized alerts that fit your business needs.

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner, select Administration.
2. Click Signals.
3. Click New Alert on the right-hand side of the page.
4. Choose the Document Type you want to trigger the alert.
5. Click Continue.
6. In Alert Options, choose which document attributes or Collaborate events that you want to trigger the alert. Available options are:
 - Owner
 - Title
 - Value
 - Tag
 - Status
 - Events

 The Owner, Title, Value, and Tag will not trigger the alert until the document is published.

1. Click Continue.
2. In Delivery:
 - Fill out Alert Name with a descriptive name.
 - Choose the alert frequency.
 - Choose the alert recipients.

Recipients will have to be Reports of your user in the Relationships tab in your User Profile in order to be available as a recipient.

1. Click Create.

Setting Content Publish and Expiration Dates

You can control the date your Content appears in—and are hidden from—your Content Library. That means no Content can be used before its time, and you never have outdated

files lingering in your account to add confusion and make errors all too easy. You ensure that your content shows up for use only when you want it to by setting publish and expiration dates.

An expired Content element stays in the documents you've inserted it into, but it no longer appears in your Content Library. You can still pull it up if you need it by using the Expired filter to search. And if you decide you want to bring it back into heavy rotation, just reset the expiration date.

Use the steps below to set publish and/or expiration dates for your Content:

1. In your Content Library, click the file you want to add a publish date or an expiration date to.
2. Click the pencil icon above your Content Library.
3. Use the editing panel that appears on the right of your screen to set the dates you want by adding dates to the Publish Date and/or Expiration Date field(s).
4. Click the Save button.

Setting Password Security Rules

Use these steps to manage your password security.

Collaborate is doing everything we can to protect the security of your information. You can take our work even further by specifying your own rules for users' passwords.

Use these steps to manage your password security:

1. Click Administration from the User Drop Down Menu (your avatar).
2. Choose Account Settings from the icon.
3. Click User Password Rules and set your own.
 - The minimum length for passwords (6-12 characters).
 - Session timeout, or how long users can be inactive before they're automatically logged out.
 - Password expiration interval. The number of failed login attempts before a user is locked out.
 - Specific values for passwords, including (or not) numbers, lower- and upper-case letters, white-space characters, and symbols.
4. Use the checkboxes on the right to determine whether Users must reset their passwords at first login.
 - Passwords must be unique and non-reusable.
 - Common patterns are restricted from being used as passwords.
5. Click Save. Feel good about your efforts to ramp up security.

Set the maximum number of failed login attempts, after which the user will have to request an unlock email from the bottom of the forgot password screen (Options: 5-20 attempts; Default value: 10 failures).

You also have several other security options available to compliment the password rules that can be toggled On/Off (Force users to reset their password the first time they log in; Unique non-reusable passwords; Restrict common patterns from being used as passwords).

SMTP Email Delivery Errors

Question or Issue

After connecting Conga Collaborate to SMTP, emails fail to send.

Causes or Possible Causes

Multiple scenarios cause this error, but if you use Outlook 365 you can check logged error messages on the account's Background Jobs page to see why an email failed to send. To troubleshoot this error, take the following steps:

1. From within Collaborate, add yourself as a recipient on the People tab of the document build view, and send it to yourself as a test.
2. A small black envelope appears under your name on the People tab to indicate the document attempted to send.
3. If the icon's description text indicates delivery failure, go to your Collaborate Org's Reporting page and select the Background Jobs tab.
4. Search for the title of the document you tried to send, and hover your mouse over it to see the associated error description further detailing why the document failed to send.

SSO: Integration overview

An overview of SSO integration information for Conga Collaborate.

SAML enables you to log in to multiple software platforms from one central location, meaning you don't have to remember multiple usernames and passwords. SAML will authenticate your accounts and enable your systems to communicate and to authenticate users from one to the other.

It's also a powerful onboarding tool: Accounts can be set up automatically with auto user provisioning. Users can be mapped to Collaborate just by logging in using their Identity Providers credentials, instead of having to set up hundreds of user accounts within Collaborate.

Connecting From Collaborate

Follow these steps to connect SAML to your Collaborate account:

1. Click on your User Drop down then select Administration.
2. Click Integrations.
3. Choose SAML from the Integrations menu.
4. Click the checkbox next to Enable SAML.
5. Fill out the following fields according to your Identity Provider's (IdP) documentation:
 - Provider Name – This field is for your reference so name it something familiar to you or any other Account Admins
 - IDP SSO Target URL
 - IDP Certificate Fingerprint – You can optionally upload a certificate provided by your IdP
6. The remaining fields are optional and vary depending on individual IdPs. Please refer to your particular IdP's documentation.
7. Click Save Changes.

Alternatively, you can utilize the Metadata URL field to have Collaborate automatically pull the required information directly from your IdP. This URL would be provided by your IdP. The metadata file will contain all the required information about your particular IdP's configuration.

Authentication: Collaborate will utilize the Subject NameID field within the SAML assertion to authenticate with the specific Collaborate user. Collaborate will match on an email address or username, but an email address is preferred. Please ensure you are passing NameID in the Subject or you will get the following error message: No associated Collaborate account was found. Please contact your account administrator.

Connecting from Your IDP

The SAML Configuration Information at the bottom of the SAML Integration page should contain the URLs that your IdP will require when setting up the integration.

Optional Settings

Automatically Initiate SP Login: by enabling this setting your users navigating to the [https://\[accountname\].oactiv.com](https://[accountname].oactiv.com) (or your custom domain) will be automatically redirected to your IdP login screen. If your users will only ever log into Collaborate through your IdP you should likely enable this option.

Auto-Provision users: by enabling this option Collaborate will automatically create users within your Collaborate account for any user that tries to log in and does not already match a current Collaborate user. Collaborate will make its best guess from the SAML Attributes provided and associate to the proper User fields within Collaborate. However, if you want to specify the actual fields to use, you can utilize the Attribute Mapping fields directly below the Auto-Provision Users setting

SAML Features

Using this integration through Collaborate and Salesforce (for example) makes Salesforce the Identity Provider (IdP). After you enable this integration, you see a separate link asking you to sign on using Salesforce. Entering your credentials confirms you as the user and redirects you to Collaborate.

After sign-in, you're authenticated by SAML and have reached out to all service providers involved.

Using SAML can also auto-provision users in Collaborate, meaning that all accounts are managed via the identity provider. Use the auto-provision toggle to set this feature.

Because your email address is your user identification, you need to make sure you're using the same one in all the systems you connect.

You can use any SAML 2.0 identity provider, including Salesforce, Microsoft ADFS, Okta, and Onelogin.

For more information on SAML integration, see SAML: [Integrating with Conga Collaborate](#)

Google OAuth2

Collaborate supports the Google oAuth2.0 protocol for authentication and authorization. See Google's documentation on this [here](#).

Salesforce: Updating the Managed Package

Update the Conga Collaborate managed packaged to use the latest features and functionality.

i The Collaborate managed package requires a patch install in order to upgrade from Version 1.22 to Version 1.24 (current version as of February 2019).

Updating to the new version will keep you up to date and allow you to take advantage of new features in the integration. Some of the notable updates in this new package are:

- Removed deprecated package components
- Template Name is now available as a field on the Octiv Documents object
- Managed package installation now includes a step to set your Collaborate URL


The Collaborate managed package can be upgraded and/or reinstalled without removing any existing Collaborate data or settings.

1. Determine the current package version.
 - a. In your Salesforce instance, navigate to Setup.
 - b. In the Quick Find bar, search for and click Installed Packages.
 - c. Identify the Conga Collaborate Version Number.
2. Determine upgrade steps based on the current package version.
 - a. If the current version is Version 1.24 or higher (latest version as of February 2019), no action is required.
 - b. If the current version is Version 1.22.1, directly update to the latest version of Collaborate.
 - c. If the current version is Version 1.22 or lower, first install the patch package (Version 1.22.1) and then update to Version 1.24.

i You will be unable to update your installed package directly from Version 1.22 to Version 1.24 without first installing the patch package (Version 1.22.1). Salesforce blocks this package upgrade because Version 1.24 removes unused legacy Apex code that one or more Visualforce pages or global Visualforce components need in order to function.

1. Perform the upgrade.

- a. Log into the Salesforce instance in which you wish to install the update Collaborate package.
- b. If needed, first install the patch package, Version 1.22.1.
- c. Use [this link](#) to Install in Sandbox or [this link](#) to install in Production.
- d. Choose security settings for the package install (we recommend Install for All Users), then click Upgrade.
- e. Click Done.
- f. (Optional) Once Version 1.22.1 is installed, install Version 1.24. Click [this link](#) to install in Sandbox or [this link](#) to install in Production.

 Once the package is installed, you can go back to the Installed Packages page and view the Unused Components. These items are no longer needed with the new package version 1.24. You may delete these components from your Salesforce instance. As a managed package provider, Collaborate cannot go into your Salesforce instance and delete these or include code in the patch package to delete them.

Managing Workgroups

Conga Collaborate works like your business does, and so we've developed a workgroup feature that enables you to share what – and only what – each division of your operation needs.

Collaborate Workgroups enable you to create segmented groups so that the users in each group only have access to the documents and content relevant to them.

Workgroups highlights

- Users can be placed in multiple workgroups, and users in multiple workgroups can switch between the workgroups they are in.
Note: Admins should not assign themselves to a workgroup unless they want to lose access to workgroups settings. Admins should use the workgroups switcher in their user drop down menu instead.
- Once workgroups are enabled, a Global workgroup is created that holds any users/ content that haven't been assigned to a specific workgroup. The Global workgroup is intended for admin users as well as content that should be shared with all or none of the workgroups.
- Document templates and content can be shared with all, some, or none of the workgroups in your org, depending on your needs for that particular document or content.


You can use workgroups to group users according to things like location, project, or department, and then give them access to only the documents and content they need. The documents and content created in one workgroup will not be visible within any other workgroup.

Enable Workgroups

- Contact support in order to enable workgroups.

Create Workgroups

1. Once enabled, open your user drop down in the top right corner and click Administration.
2. Select Workgroups.
3. Click+ Add Workgroup.
4. Enter a descriptive name in the Name field.
5. Click Save.

 The workgroup must be saved before any users can be added to it.

1. Open the workgroup you just created.
2. In the Users dropdown, add all users who should be part of the workgroup.
3. Click Save.

Manage Workgroups

Users can be added or removed from workgroups by editing the Users list in the workgroup settings as in the section above. You can also edit which workgroups a user is in on the User Profile:

1. From the user drop down menu in the top right corner, click Administration.
2. Click Users.
3. Select the user you want to edit.
4. Open the Relationships tab.
5. In the workgroups section, add or remove the desired workgroups for that user.

Move users from a single workgroup to another single workgroup using Bulk Move Users

i The Bulk Move Users feature is only for admins who are trying to remove users from workgroup(s) and move them to a single workgroup. This feature does not support moving a single user into multiple workgroups. Also, if a single user is in multiple workgroups, using this feature will remove them from all workgroups except the single workgroup specified in the CSV upload.

1. From the user drop down menu in the top right corner, click Administration.
2. Click Workgroups.
3. Click Bulk Move Users.
4. Select Required Columns to download the CSV with the proper column names.
5. Update the Username column with the usernames of user(s) you want to update.
6. Update the Workgroup column with the name of the one workgroup you want to move the user(s) into.

Move users between multiple workgroups at once using Bulk Upload

Note: In order to update multiple workgroups for a user at once, you must go into the user's Relationships tab and remove at least one workgroup manually before using this tool. It will not work otherwise.

Download user data for workgroups and usernames

1. From the user drop down menu in the top right corner, click Administration.
2. Click Users.
3. Click Export CSV on the right hand side of the page.

Use the Bulk Upload feature

1. In your downloaded CSV, change the Email Address column name to Email, change the Groups column name to Permissions, and change the Workgroups column name to Workgroup.
2. Delete the Managers column.
3. Enter the new workgroups for each user in the Workgroup column. If you want a user to be in multiple workgroups, enter each workgroup name in a comma-separated list.
4. In the Attribute Matching section of the Bulk Upload page, verify that the default names for Email, Permissions, and Workgroup match that of your CSV column names.

5. Select Choose File and select your edited CSV.
6. Check Edit Existing Records? (Matched by Email).
7. Click Save.

Using Conga Collaborate

There are several ways to use Conga Collaborate. For more information, see the topics in this section.

General Usage

Create, share, sign, store, analyze, and manage documents online with Conga Collaborate.

Accepting a Document on Behalf of Others

You can configure your account so that a certain user can accept documents on behalf of another. This function works only when the users are part of a Workgroup.

Configuring this Feature

To configure this feature, a System Administrator follows the steps below

1. From the Account Settings view, click Roles and Permissions.
2. Select the group that you want to turn on this feature for.
3. Toggle to the Permissions screen.
4. Click Proposal & Template Properties.
5. Click the checkbox next to Accept document on behalf. The feature is now available to the group of users you selected.

Accepting on Behalf of

Follow the steps below to accept a document on behalf of someone else

1. Click Accept on the Document you wish to accept on behalf of.

2. Click the Accept on behalf checkbox.
3. Fill in the necessary fields.
4. Click the acknowledgment statement and sign the document. All parties will be emailed a notification of acceptance.

Accepting or Rejecting Contract Change Requests

For any documents you own, you receive a notification each time a user or recipient submits a Change Request.

Accept or Reject Contract Change Requests

For any documents you own, you receive a notification each time a user or recipient submits a Change Request.

To accept or reject change requests

1. From the Contract the request appears in, click the Review Changes Call to Action button.
2. Use the buttons in the Versions tab of the Document Information Panel to Accept or Reject changes one at a time or all at once.
3. After you've reviewed all changes, click Submit As a New Version.
4. Select Send Email to inform the signer that the Contract is ready for review.

Adding Attachments to a Document

When you have bits and pieces that don't belong in your document but that you want recipients to receive with a document, use Attachments. You can attach images, files, PowerPoint decks, and PDFs no more than 100MB.

To add attachments to a document

1. From your Documents page, select the document you'd like to add an attachment to.
2. From the Table of Contents, click Attachments.
3. Drag and drop your file or use the Add File or Cloud File buttons to select your file from your computer or a cloud storage provider.
4. Click Open.
5. Your file appears in the document's Attachments section, where recipients can access it.

Adding a BCC

Collaborates' Add BCC feature allows users to send a copy of a Collaborate document email directly to any additional email address, such as a billing contact within your company.

Adding a BCC recipient can be done on a case-by-case basis or a user may choose to add a default BCC contact on the Email tab of their user profile.

To Add BCC to a Collaborate email

1. In the document build view, click the People tab
2. Click the Send Email button
3. In the Send Email modal, click +BCC next to the Recipients field
4. Enter the BCC email address. If a default BCC address has been added to your user profile, the address will automatically populate the BCC field

Adding Content to Your Content Library

Your Content includes the Pages, images, files, and text snippets that you store to use in your documents. The way you add Content varies a little by what you're adding. You can add any kind of file as long as it doesn't exceed 100 MB.

To add content to the library

1. From the Content page, click the Add New button.
2. Choose Pages from the dropdown menu to create your content; choose Page from Word to upload a Word document.
3. Click the Properties tab to add tags, edit privacy settings, and so on.
4. Click Save.
5. From the Content page, click the Add New button.
6. Select Upload Image/File from the dropdown menu.
7. In the Upload window, you can drag and drop or browse your files to add what you want.
8. Follow the prompt to set properties like tags, privacy, and owner.
9. Click Submit.
10. From the Content page, click the Add New button.
11. Select Text Snippet from the drop-down menu.

12. In the Create a Text Snippet window that appears, use the fields to add and format your Text Snippet, name it, and choose its properties.
13. Click Add.
The Text Snippet window also gives you the option to bulk upload. Just make sure you've put your text snippets into a CSV file with UTF-8 encoding before you bulk upload them.

Adding Links

You can add clickable hyperlinks or e-mail addresses to your documents by following these steps:

1. Place your cursor inside the content editor where you would like to place the link.
2. Click Insert in the Menu Bar.
3. Click Insert Link.
4. In the pop-up window, fill out these fields:
 - URL: Type or paste the URL of the website or an email address.
 - Text to display: Type the text you wish to display as a link in the document.
 - Title: A title will appear when the link is hovered over on some browsers.
 - Target: Choose None, and the link will open the website in the tab you are currently in; Choose New Window, and the link will open in a new window outside of the tab you are currently in.
 - Class: Choose no class or enable iLightBox, which allows the viewer to see full-size images without leaving the document.

Adding or Editing Users in Bulk

Add or edit users in bulk to Conga Collaborate by uploading a CSV file.

Add or edit users in bulk by uploading a CSV file. Required fields are full name and email.

Adding or editing large numbers of users one by one is time-consuming and tedious. Use the Bulk Upload tool to quickly create new users or make mass updates to existing users.

To Bulk Add Users

1. From the User Dropdown menu in the top right corner, click Administration.
2. Click Users.
3. Click Bulk Upload in the top right corner.
4. Use the sample CSV files to determine the fields available for edit.
5. Set up your CSV file according to the rules presented in the sample CSVs.

6. Review the Attribute Mapping section and confirm that you have the correct column headers in your CSV.
7. Review the Default Values section and confirm you want to use the selected values.
8. Click Choose File and select your CSV file.
 - If you do not want your users to receive confirmation emails, checkbox beside Don't send confirmation emails.
 - If you want to edit existing users, check the box beside Edit Existing Records? Collaborate will search for an email match between an existing user and a record in the CSV file and update that user within Collaborate. This can be used for mass updates for general information like notification preferences or time zones.
9. Click Save. A confirmation or error message displays to let you know if the upload is successful. If an error occurs, there is a description of the error.

Adding Required Forms

You can require document recipients to fill out any necessary webforms before they complete the signing process. Using required forms enables you to collect billing and other information crucial to completing a transaction right when it goes into effect.

Follow these steps to insert a Required Form from the document Build View:

1. Click the Content tab.
2. Select Forms. You see a list of forms available in your Content Library.
3. Drag and drop the desired form to the appropriate placement in your Table of Contents panel.
4. Click the gear icon next to the form in the Table of Contents panel.
5. Click Edit Properties from the dropdown menu.
6. Check the box for Make Required.
7. Click Save.

Adding Text Snippets

Text Snippets are bits of text that live in your Content Library so you can drag and drop them into various documents.

Maybe you use certain pieces of text in various documents over and over (or would like to). Make that process quick and easy by using Text Snippets. These bits of text live in your Content Library so you can drag and drop them into various documents—after which you can easily edit and format them from the Document Build view. (The Editing Toolbar

includes a Clear Formatting option if any unwanted formatting sticks from snippet to document.)

Your Text Snippets can include as little copy as you like and as many as 65,536 characters (or 64 KB).

Use these steps to add a Text Snippet to your document:

1. From the Build View of the document, you want to add a Text Snippet to, click the Content tab on the right side of your screen.
2. From the panel that slides out, you will see a list of content types.
3. Choose Text Snippets.
4. Click the Text Snippet you want from the list, or use the Search Bar to find it.
5. Make sure your cursor is in the spot where your Text Snippet should go, and then drag and drop it into your document.

Archiving Templates

Focus your team on current templates by archiving old document templates. Templates you archive aren't deleted, and you can still find them in the archived filter.

To Archive a Template

1. From your Document List, click the checkbox next to the template(s) you would like to archive.
2. Click More in the icon list that appears across the top of your screen.
3. Click Archive Document.

You can find your Archived Documents easily; just click Archived Documents in the Table of Contents, when you're in Document View.

To Unarchive a Template

1. In Documents View, click Archived Documents in the filter panel.
2. Click the checkbox next to the Document(s) you'd like to get back into your Document List.
3. Click the More icon from the top of your screen.
4. From the dropdown menu, click Unarchive Document.

Branding Emails

By customizing your emails within the Theme Builder, you will have the ability to change the background color of your emails. Additionally, you will have the ability to select the logo that will appear on the emails that you send out through Collaborate.

To Insert a Logo Image

1. Click Administration.
2. Select Themes from the available Account Settings options.
3. Within your Default Theme, click on the Logo button.
4. Click on the Choose File button and upload the desired image for your Logo.
5. Click Save.

To Assign a Background Color

1. Click Administration.
2. Select Themes from the available Account Settings options.
3. Within your Default Theme, click on the Layout button.
4. Change the Document Header to your desired brand color. This color will appear on the background of your emails.
5. Click Save.

Checking Out Your Document Activity

Access details about your Collaborate document activity.

Across the top of your Dashboard runs a clear breakdown of the details of your activity over the last running 30 day period. This refreshes constantly to reflect ongoing activity.

The Monthly Summary provides information about your

- Close rate, which is calculated by dividing acceptances by views
- Documents open, viewed, accepted, and declined
- Value of new documents
- Number of documents created
- Number of unique document views

Conditional Content

Conga Collaborate's Conditional Content feature allows you to create content in your documents that will show or hide based on specific criteria.

Create content in your documents that will conditionally display based on specific criteria. The conditional content tool provides a simple point-and-click interface that enables you to build your logic statements without code. Conditional content statements can leverage document variables, CRM variables, metadata variables, or survey form variables.

Conditional content blocks are represented with blue dotted lines that appear as you are drafting a document or template.

Conditional content provides Collaborate admins with a way to ensure that content is present in a document only if it is needed, thus eliminating user error and speeding up document creation time.

For example, many Collaborate administrators want paragraphs of content in a template that will show only if a prospect is purchasing a specific product or if a proposal is for a specific scenario, like a client renewal. In that case, they may create a block of conditional content that uses conditional display logic based on Opportunity Line Item data or an Opportunity variable coming from a Salesforce Opportunity record.

Create conditional content

1. In a template or document, put your cursor where you want to include a conditional content block.
2. From the editor menu, select Insert > Conditional Content.
3. Insert the text you wish to display in your conditional content block.
4. Click the gear icon at the top right of the conditional content block to write your conditional logic statement. A modal will appear to guide you through writing the logic statement.
5. Use the first drop-down to select a variable that will be evaluated.
6. Use the second drop-down to select an operator. A large number of operators are supported, and they vary based on your variable's data type.
7. Use the third drop-down to define a value as the operand.
8. Click Save.

Example statements:

Behavior	Variable	Operator	Value
Show If	proposal_value (Document Variable)	>	10000

Behavior	Variable	Operator	Value
Show If	Opportunity_Type (Salesforce Variable)	equals	New Customer
Hide If	metadata_terms (Metadata Variable)	contains	Auto-Renew

When building logic statements using CRM variables, you must use variables that are related to your launching object. For example, when launching from an Opportunity but using the Industry field on the Account object, you need to use the variable that gets mapped from the Opportunity up to the Account, Opportunity_Account_Industry.

Logic-based on child object data

Some Collaborate administrators may want to write logic statements that are not based on fields on the launching object, but instead use fields from a child object of the launching object, such as Opportunity Line Items present on an Opportunity in their CRM. In this case, the fields are treated as a data array filled with key-value pairs. If a child object is selected in the variable drop-down, additional logic builder fields become available.


Child object logic example:

Behavior	Variable	Operator	A Record Where	Equals
Show If	OpportunityLineItems	equals	PricebookEntry.Product 2.Name	Gold Package

In this example, the conditional content would show if any of the products in the Opportunity Line Items on the Salesforce Opportunity record have a product name equal to "Gold Package."

Advanced Conditional Content

Admins can use the Show Advanced option in the logic builder to write more advanced logic statements with other operators or AND/OR statements. See [Advanced Conditional Logic Statements](#) for more information.

 Collaborate does not support combining ANDs and ORs with this feature. If your use case requires a combination of ANDs and ORs, consider enabling and using [Logic Groups](#). If not enabled in your account, you will need to contact support for enablement.

Converting a Document to a Template

Convert any Collaborate document into a Template and keep it at the ready for a future starting point. You have two options for making this happen; you can convert a document from your Document List or from Build View.

To convert a document to a Template from your Document List

1. From your Document List, click the checkbox next to the Proposal, Presentation, or Contract you would like to convert into a Template.
2. Click the More icon at the top of your Document List.
3. From the dropdown menu, click Convert to Template. You can find your new Template under the Templates filter for the type of document that you converted it from—Proposal, Presentation, or Contract.

To convert a document to a Template from the Build View

1. From the Build View of the document you want to convert, click the Next Steps tab.
2. Click More Actions.
3. From the dropdown menu, click Convert to Template. You can find your new Template under the Templates filter for the type of document that you converted it from—Proposal, Presentation, or Contract.

Converting Proposals to Templates

You can build a template from scratch or create a template from a proposal you've already built.

To convert a Proposal into a Template

1. In your Documents view, click the checkbox next to the Proposal that you wish to convert to a Template.

2. From the icons that appear across the top of your Document List, click the More icon.
3. Click Convert to Template from the dropdown menu.

If you're in Build View for a Proposal, you can find the Convert to Template option by clicking the Next Steps tab and then clicking More Actions.

Copy and Paste from Microsoft Word

When copying and pasting content from Microsoft Word, Collaborate gives you control of how much formatting from Word you want to maintain when pasting it into Collaborate's web-based, HTML content.

Copying and pasting from Microsoft Word is a common way to create your first Collaborate templates. Often, existing document templates live in Microsoft Word and you want to adapt that content to Collaborate.

Collaborate's copy and paste functionality seamlessly translates formatting elements found in Word into the corresponding format options in HTML. In other words, if your text is bold, red, and size 14 in Word, Collaborate will take that styling and translate it into the proper HTML.

When you paste text from an outside source into a document, a modal will appear giving you an option to control how much formatting will be brought into your document. Two important questions to ask here: 1) "How much of the original formatting do I want to keep?" and 2) "Do I want the content to fully take advantage of Collaborate's [Theme Builder](#)?"

Keep Source Formatting

Use this option when you want to keep an exact style match from Word and are not concerned with using your Collaborate Theme Builder settings. It will attempt to keep all Word formatting options and will override your Collaborate theme settings. This means that if you manually styled something in Word (for example, selected a section title, made it size 18, bold, and red), then it will take that same format in Collaborate. If you keep source formatting, it will override all formatting from your Collaborate theme. Even if you try to set that text as a header from your theme, the formatting you've copied from Word will override your Collaborate theme format options.

Don't include images when adapting text content from Word. Copy and paste those images in separately.


Apply Document Formatting

This option is good for keeping some of your styling from Microsoft Word, while still allowing you to take advantage of Collaborate's Theme Builder. This selection will remove formatting like font color, font, bulleted list margins, and paragraph style. For example, you could select the relevant text that you've moved into Collaborate and select a heading style from your Collaborate theme.

Note: Don't include images when adapting text content from Word. Copy and paste those images in separately.

Keep Text Only

Use this option when you want to copy content from Word but also have absolute flexibility to re-style content using Collaborate's web editor and selected theme. All formatting from Word will be stripped from your pasted content, and you will use Collaborate's editor and Theme Builder to style your content. In most scenarios, we recommend adapting content using this option.

 Pasting as Plain Text will not include any images from the original copied content.

Formatting elements supported by this feature include, but are not limited to:

- Headings
- Bold
- Italics
- Underline
- Strikethrough
- Superscript
- Bullets
- Numbering
- Line spacing
- Indentation (space or tab key)
- Hyperlinks

In any of these options, your Collaborate theme will still control the overall design of your document but might be overridden by the formatting options from Word based on the selection you chose when copying and pasting.

In general, this article applies to copy and paste from any outside source. As was said earlier, we recommend pasting as Keep Text Only in almost all scenarios. Some notable exceptions are when pasting in the content that is already Collaborate content or when pasting in a table from Word that has specific styling in it.

Creating, Editing, and Deleting Tags

Use tags to organize your documents and content so that they're easy to find. You can tag a file, a bit of text, or any element within a document.

To manage your tags

1. Click Administration from your User Dropdown Menu (your avatar).
2. Click Tags.
3. Click the New Tag button on the top right to add a tag.
4. Use the field that appear to name your tag and add a description
5. Click Save.

To edit or delete a Tag, use the checkbox to select it from your list of Tags and then click the pencil icon that appears in the top right to edit, the trash can to delete.

Creating a Contract

To create your contract any way you want, follow these steps

You take a fresh-start approach to building a contract, rely on a template, or work from a Word document.

To create your contract

1. From your Dashboard or Document List, click the Create button.
2. Click the Contract on the dropdown menu.
3. The pop-up window that appears lets you choose to create your contract by
 - Checking Start with a blank contract
 - Checking the template you wish to use
 - Uploading a Word document

After you've made your choice, you are taken to the Build view, where you can create and publish your new Contract. Collaborate auto-saves your documents within a half-second of any change you make.

Keeping your contract in draft form means you—and others in your workgroup—can edit it; publishing locks in your content. You can send a contract out only after you've published it.

Creating a New Document

When you're in the Document List view, the Create button appears at the top right, of the center section, of your screen.

Click it to start a new document. From the dropdown menu, you first click the type of document you'd like to create.

Once your document type is selected, you'll want to choose whether you'd like to:

- Start a document with a blank document type.
- Start a document with a template.
- Upload a document from which to work.

If you wish to create a Template, you will be asked to select a document type for your template.

Creating a New Document from Word

When creating new documents, you can upload a file from Microsoft Word to quickly replicate content in Collaborate.

Note: Not all design/formatting elements are able to be consistently translated from Word to HTML. Some additional editing may be required.

1. On the Dashboard or the Document list, click Create.
2. Select Proposal or Contract. The Create a Document modal then appears.
3. Click Choose Files. The File Explorer then appears.
4. Select the desired Word file. The file must have a .docx extension.

Once the file is selected, a Collaborate document will be generated based on the file's text, table and image content.

Individual pages will be added to the Table of Contents based on page breaks found in the Word file. Page titles will be created based on page headings or the first 100 characters of paragraph text.

Creating a Template

Collaborate Templates allow you to create a starting point for your documents and easily maintain them for consistency. An administrator will build a template with pre-loaded content and dynamic behavior that can then be used by Collaborate users over and over

again. When users build a document from a template, they can make changes to the content within that document without affecting the template itself.

Templates give Collaborate administrators better control over what content is being created and sent. Setting up content, logic, and permissions on your templates allows users to create documents from those templates, streamlines document assembly, and still allows for editing flexibility by the user.

1. Create a new Template.

- Create a template from the Dashboard: click Create. In the dropdown menu, select Template. Give your template a name, select its type, and click Create.
- Create a template from the Templates list: click Create Template. Name your template, select its type, and click Create.

Note: Depending on your Conga Collaborate subscription, you may have Proposal Template, Contract Template, or Presentation Template as template options. Proposal is the recommended document type for the majority of use cases. The Proposal document type works well for any document that does not require use of Conga Collaborate's online redlining functionality. For example, Order Forms, SOWs, and even MSAs can be built with the Proposal document type. Contract document type is required if you are using Conga Collaborate online redlining.

2. Set the Template properties.

- a. Open the Properties panel.
- b. Open the Design tab.
- c. Choose a Theme for your template. A Theme controls the general styling of the document. If you have not yet created a theme, see [Getting Started with the Theme Builder](#).

Note: You can continue to customize other settings in the template's Properties tab. However, the rest of the properties are optional and depend on your use case. See the full list of Template Properties later in this article to learn more.

3. Add Template Content.

- a. Before you start adding text, tables, or images to your template, break down your existing document into sections and pages. Those sections and pages will drive how you build the Table of Contents in your new template. For more information, see [Working from the Document Table of Contents](#).
- b. Once you've built the Table of Contents, copy and paste content from your Word document into the appropriate pages within the Conga Collaborate template. We have some special tools to help the copy/paste process go more smoothly. For more, see [Copy and Paste from Word](#).

- c. Use the Conga Collaborate editor to format the content you've pasted in or insert images, tables, pages breaks, and more. For more information, see [Using the Document Editor](#).
- d. (Optional) Add content options
 - Embedded PDF Pages: Conga Collaborate content is web-based, meaning you are creating an HTML page when you're building content. However, Conga Collaborate also supports loading existing PDFs and PDF pages into your documents. This works well if you have a page that is highly styled and will not need to be edited by your users. If you'd like to add a PDF, specific PDF pages, or other files to your template, see [Embedding Files into Documents](#).
 - Referenced Content: In some cases, you may want to create a page of content that will be used in several templates. You can avoid re-creating and updating the page in each individual template by creating a master version of the page in the Conga Collaborate Content Library and then adding it to a template as referenced content. To learn more, see [Referenced Content](#).
 - Locked Content: If you would like to lock template sections or pages from being edited or removed in documents created off of that template, open the section or page settings by clicking on the gear icon next to the section or page name in the Table of Contents and editing the properties for each.

Note: As much as possible, let your selected Theme determine the styling of your content. If you find that you are constantly changing styling within the document itself, consider making changes to your Theme instead.

4. Add Dynamic Behavior. Once you have started adding content to your template, you can start adding Salesforce variables and logic to drive dynamic behavior
 - a. Open the Content panel, select Variables, and choose the dropdown containing the type of variable you want to insert. When you place your cursor into the document, a "+" will appear next to the variable names. Clicking this will insert the variable. Alternatively, you can type "%variable_name" into the document, and you will be presented with a list of dynamically filtered variables to insert into your content. See [Variables](#) for more information.
 - b. Click Insert and then select Conditional Content to create sections of text or content in your documents that will only show based on specific criteria. See [Conditional Content](#) for more information.
 - c. Click the gear icon after hovering over a page in your Table of Contents to open Edit Properties. Then click Include Logic to add Page Logic, allowing you to show or hide a page based upon specific criteria. See [Conditionally Display Sections and Pages](#) for more information.
 - d. Click Insert and then select Table to build a table that automatically populates with child object data from Salesforce, such as Contracts or Products

- related to a selected record. See [Salesforce: Creating Auto-generated Tables](#) for more information.
- e. If you want to update Salesforce when this document is signed or other events occur, see [Salesforce: Using the Outgoing Data Tool](#) for more information.
5. Add Call to Action buttons.
 - a. If this document requires eSignature, or if you would like to allow customers to submit questions, add the Ask a Question button or the Sign button in the top-right of the document. For more information on Call to Action buttons, see [Including Call to Action Buttons](#).
 6. (Optional) Add Default Tasks Options. Using the Tasks panel on a template, you can pre-set tasks that need to be completed when a document is created from the template. Add Tasks : If an action or series of actions need to be completed before the document is published, you can add tasks to your template. These tasks will automatically be assigned to the set task owner when the document is created. See [Tasks Overview](#) to learn more.
 7. (Optional) Add Additional Configuration Options. There are additional template properties that are useful to administrators.

Configuration Option	Description
Enable Access Code	Where to find it: Properties > PrivacyIf you want to require that an access code be entered by any document recipients who view your document via the Public URL, check Enable Access Code under the Privacy tab in the Properties.
Allow PDF Downloads	Where to find it: Properties > OptionsWhile we typically recommend leaving download options unchecked to encourage recipients to view your documents online, enable this option to allow viewers to download the document as a PDF. Your theme will control the styling of the downloaded PDF. If using PDF download, review Optimizing a PDF to configure PDF output.
Enable Coverpage	Where to find it: Properties > Options. If you want to automatically include Conga Collaborate's standard cover page, check "Enable Coverpage". This page is uneditable.

Configuration Option	Description
Signature Page in PDF	Where to find it: Properties > Options. If you want to automatically include a signature page at the end of your PDF document so your document recipient can print and sign the document with a pen, check "Signature Page in PDF". This signature page is uneditable without the use of custom CSS.
DocuSign	Where to find it: Integrations > Electronic SignatureThis requires enabled DocuSign integration. If you want to use DocuSign eSignature via your integrated DocuSign account, check this box. Review DocuSign: Integrating with Conga Collaborate for instructions on setting up your DocuSign integration
Prevent New Pages & Sections	Where to find it: Properties > Options. If you want to prevent users from adding new sections or pages on generated documents, check Prevent New Pages & Sections.
Enable Print Table of Contents	Where to find it: Properties > Options. Create an auto-generated Table of Contents page in PDF download. Upon checking the box, you'll be presented with more options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insert Before Page - choose where in the PDF the ToC page will be inserted • Start Page Numbering on Page - choose what page to start numbering on • Sidebar - build the ToC page using the online ToC sections and pages • Content - build the ToC page using document content headers (H1, H2, H3)
Tags	Where to find it: Properties > DetailsUse tags to organize your documents so that they're easy to find. See Using Tags to Organize Content for more details.

Configuration Option	Description
Email Template	Where to find it: Properties > DetailsIf your users will send this document via Conga Collaborate email, consider providing standard email language by connecting an email template. See Using Email Templates for more information.
Set an Expiration Date	Where to find it: Properties > DetailsThe Expires in X Days field allows you to have a document expire a prescribed number of days after a generated document has been published. After the expiration date passes, the recipient will no longer be able to access the document. Note: Recipients will not lose access to Accepted documents.
Set Template Privacy	Where to find it: Properties > PrivacyTo control who should have access to view and edit this template, set the template visibility. Refer to Making a Document Public or Private for more details on privacy statuses.

8. (Optional) Add Features Available by Request

Feature	Description
Add a Custom Signature Block	Where to find it: Properties > Options. If you want to modify the acceptance message that will show for signers and control what information they are asked to submit while signing, add a Custom Signature Block to the template. See Creating a Custom Signature Block for more information.
Set a Template Language	Where to find it: Properties > DetailsSet the Template Language to control the translation of standard Conga Collaborate document buttons (ex: the Download Document button will automatically be translated to the set language), as well as to select the currency output for currency fields in a pricing table.

Feature	Description
Apply SFDC Variables	Where to find it: Integrations > SalesforceIf you want to “burn in” your Salesforce variables as text upon document creation, check this option. All variables will be automatically added to the document as standard, editable text. Generally, this feature is utilized when users desire the ability to edit auto-generated pricing tables. Note: When using this feature, users cannot Refresh Variables.
Allow DOCX Downloads	Where to find it: Properties > OptionsWhile we typically recommend leaving download options unchecked to encourage recipients to view your documents online, check this option to allow viewers to download the document as a Microsoft Word document. This feature requires that a configured Word .dotm file be uploaded to your theme. The .dotm file will control the default styling of the Word output file. Review Download to Microsoft Word for more information about creating your .dotm file. Note: HTML2Word must be enabled.
Share Template with Workgroups	Where to find it: Properties > PrivacyShare your template with the appropriate workgroups so they will have access to use the template. See Managing Workgroups for more information. Note: Workgroups must be enabled.
Survey Forms	Where to find it: Properties > Formstack. Connect a Formstack Survey Form to capture information from the document creator. This Survey Form data can then be used to populate the document with form submission data. For more information on using a Survey Form with your document, see Formstack: Using a Form in a Document .

9. (Optional) Add Additional Document Creation Options

Document Creation Option	Description
Template Mapping and Auto Publishing	CRM Integration settings using an integrated CRM and you would like a template to be automatically selected based upon CRM data, consider setting up Salesforce: Template Mapping . Additionally, if you want users to be presented with a ready-to-send document, turn on Auto-publish to remove the step of manually publishing the document.
Content Library	Where to find it: ContentIf your document creators will need access to additional images, files, text snippets, or pages in order to build their complete document, consider building out your Conga Collaborate Content library so users can easily find the right content at the right time. Create standalone content to be used with this template as needed. For more details, read Adding Content to Your Content Library .

10. (Optional) Add Additional Document Recipient Experience Options

Document Recipient Experience Options	Description
Page-by-Page Acceptance	Where to find it: Section and page properties rather than requiring an entire document be accepted, recipients can select specific pages or sections of the document to be accepted with their eSignature. For example, present two order form options and let the recipient choose which one to accept. Only pages that are selected will appear in the Signed PDF. See Setting Up Page-by-Page Acceptance for more information about page-by-page acceptance. Note: Page-by-Page Acceptance is only compatible with Conga Collaborate eSignature.

Document Recipient Experience Options	Description
Collect Recipient Information Using Forms	Where to find it: Integrations > FormstackPresent forms for recipients to complete before or after signature. For example, collect details about a project team before an SOW is signed, or collect billing information immediately after eSignature. For more information on collecting recipient information in a document, see Formstack: Using a Form in a Document .

11. (Optional) Add Advanced CRM Integration Options

Advanced CRM Integration Option	Description
Quote Pages	Where to find it: Salesforce integration settings. If you are utilizing standard Salesforce Quotes and want to dynamically create a page to highlight each Quote on an Opportunity, configure the template to auto-build Quote Pages. See Configuring Quote Pages for more details. Note: This option is for Salesforce integration only.
Product Pages	Where to find it: Salesforce integration settings. Use Product Pages to create a page for each child record on your launching object. This feature is very similar to Quote Pages but works with any object and child object instead of just Quotes. Refer to Configuring Product Pages for more details. Note: This option is for Salesforce integration only.
Outgoing Data	Where to find it: CRM integration settings. Configure Outgoing Data rules in your Conga Collaborate CRM Integration Settings page to trigger field updates in your CRM based upon events in Conga Collaborate. For example, configure an Outgoing Data rule to automatically update your Opportunity Stage to Closed Won when the document is accepted. See Outgoing Data Tool for more information on configuring Outgoing Data rules.

Creating and Editing Tables


You can create a quick-and-easy table or go all-star advanced with extensive customization options in your Conga Collaborate documents.

Create standard tables quickly and easily or use extensive customization options to format table properties like border, border color, background color, and table width.

Tables are used in a multitude of ways in Collaborate, including:

- Displaying contact information
- Displaying products in an [auto-generated table](#)
- Displaying information in a grid with no borders

1. Insert a Table.
 - a. Within the document editor, open the Table dropdown
 - b. Hover over Insert Table.
 - c. From the Grid, select the number of rows and columns for your table.
2. Edit Table Properties. Use Table Properties to set overall dimensions and configure the table's appearance.

 Settings like border color, border width, and background color must be set at the individual cell level. Changing them here will not do anything.

General Tab

- **Width** - For best compatibility with different-sized devices, always use a percentage. To set a percent value, you must type in the percent sign - 20%, for example.
- **Alignment** - Table alignment on the page (None, Left, Center, Right)
- **Height, Cell spacing, Cell padding** - should always be blank.
- **Caption** - Creates a table header that only appears when the table does. Useful when creating an auto-generated table or putting show/hide logic around a table.
- **Class** - sets the table as a striped table or an auto-generated table.

Advanced Options Tab

- **Style** - CSS language for styling your table cell. This is updated based on your selections in the other parts of the Table properties menu. If you are comfortable with CSS, you can also insert your own stylings here.

- **Border color and Background color** - See note above.

Document Recipient Geolocation Tracking


If a recipient has viewed a document online, geolocation information is available for the last location where the document was viewed.

To view this information

1. Open the full Tracking Report for the document
2. In the Recipients tab, see the Last Location column where the city and state display
3. Click on the location to open in google maps

Download to Microsoft Excel

Along with the download options for PDF, PowerPoint, Zip (PDF and attachments), and MS Word Docs, you can also download files in Excel.

 This is a Beta Feature and is only available by request.

Along with the download options for PDF, PowerPoint, Zip (PDF and attachments), and MS Word Docs, you can also download files in Excel. Currently, only information in tables is included in Excel downloads.

Instructions to download to MS Excel

1. From within an unpublished document, click Properties (located on the right-side toolbar) and scroll down until you see Document Options.
2. Check the Allow XLSX Downloads box.
3. Navigate to the Table of Contents.
4. Click Download Document.
5. Click Microsoft Excel to download your document.

Download to Microsoft Word


Downloading your Conga Collaborate documents to Word gives you more control on how you would like to deliver your documents to your clients.

In order to setup this functionality, you must be a System Administrator. Additionally, you must contact your account manager to establish this ability within your account. Once Download to Word has been setup within your account, this functionality will be available for all users.

Downloading your Collaborate documents to Word gives you more control on how you would like to deliver your documents to your clients. This functionality was designed to improve our customers' workflows and processes. Downloading your documents to Word is still in Beta, and our developers are working to improve our ability to do this process. If you have any other questions about this feature, please reach out to your account manager.

To Create a Word Template

1. Open a Word document.
2. Save the document as a .dotm format using Save As.
3. Open your Default Theme within Collaborate.
4. Click the Show Advanced button.
5. Click the Content button so that you can see the different Heading and Paragraph styles.
6. Within Word, click into your Styles Pane so that you have access to your Heading and Paragraph styles.
7. Begin the process of matching your Collaborate styles with your Word styles.
Example: If your Heading 1 in Collaborate is Helvetica, your Heading 1 in Word must also be Helvetica.
8. When you make changes within your Styles Pane, ensure that you are clicking on the Add to template checkbox.
9. Continue going through this process until all of the styles within your theme builder match the styles within your Styles Pane.
10. Once you have finished making the necessary styles changes, save your Word document (Remember, this must be in the .dotm format).
11. Within your Collaborate Theme Builder click on the Word Beta tab.
12. Upload your newly created Word template file.

 Do not change the Normal style within your Word Styles pane. Doing this will break your Word download ability.

Once you have completed your Word Template, you will be able to download your Collaborate documents to a Word format.

To Download Your Documents to Word


1. Open a Collaborate document you would like to download to Word.
2. Click into the Properties tab on the right-hand side of your document.
3. Click the Options tab.
4. Click Enable Word Download.

Duplicating a Document

Collaborate enables you to duplicate your documents.

To Duplicate a Document

1. From the Documents page, click the checkbox next to the document you'd like to duplicate.
2. Click Duplicate at the top of the Document List (it looks like two sheets of paper).
3. Your document duplicate appears in your Document List as "Copy of [Document Name]."

 If you are already in the document that you want to duplicate, click the Properties tab and the Duplicate Button appears at the top of the Properties window.

Editing Fonts in a Theme or Document

We recommend setting your font in the Theme Builder, so you can control your brand and have consistent document output. While this is a job for a system administrator, further editing (color, styling, size) can be done by your users within their documents.

To Edit Fonts in a Theme

1. From your Administration view, click Themes.
2. Click the Edit pencil icon to edit a Theme.
3. Click Show Advanced to see more Theme options.
4. Select your font from the list of available fonts (you can edit the font for your paragraph text, headers, buttons, table of contents, etc).
5. Click Save.
6. Add this Theme to your Template or Document by selecting it in the Properties Tab.

To Edit Fonts in a Document

1. From whichever document you wish to edit, click on the content to make the Editing Toolbar appear. Here you will find editor options to style your text.
2. Click Format.
3. From the dropdown menu, click Headings or Font Size to make your changes.

Editing Images While in a document

You do not have to leave your Collaborate document to edit an image. Our Editing Tools give you the power to resize, crop, apply filters, and otherwise manipulate images right from the page.

You can access the editing tools by double-clicking an image within any document. Click the Edit Image button to reach your editing screen. From there, you can manipulate the image with these options:

- Crop
- Resize
- Orientation
- Brightness
- Sharpen
- Contrast
- Color Levels
- Gamma
- Invert

Editing Tables

You can edit a table from whatever document it's in. Just right click on the table to bring up an editing window. In order of how they appear in the menu, here's a rundown of the options you have for modifying tables.

Editing Table Cells

Hovering over Cell gives you three more options:

- Cell Properties: configure elements such as cell size, type, color, content alignment, and background and border color.

- Width: Set in pixels or a percent value. Collaborate recommends using percentage values as it lets you set dynamic proportion of the row that the cell (and its column) will occupy.
- Height: Set in pixels.
- Cell type: Choose normal data cell (none) or a header cell, which may be styled differently based on your Theme settings. Setting cells as header cells also removes the border in between header cells.
- Scope
- H Align: Move cell elements left, right, or center.
- V Align: Set cell elements to appear top, middle, or bottom.
- Class: For cells containing auto-generated content, incoming data will be formatted to match the selected class
- Merge Cells - merge the selected cells into one.
- Split Cell - split the selected cells into one cell.

Advanced Cell Properties

The Cell Properties editor also contains an Advanced tab that lets you configure these additional options:

- Style: CSS style definitions that create the visual look of your cell.
- Border Color and Background Color: Use one of the following methods to set border and background colors
 - Select your color by clicking into the color text box and then choosing from the color palette.
 - Enter the RGB value in the text box, in the `rgb(nn, nn, nn)` format, where nn is a numeric value on a scale from 0 to 255 representing the red, green, and blue channel. For example, you'd enter `rgb(00, 00, 255)` for blue.
 - Enter your color's hexadecimal RGB value in the modal, using the format `#nnnnnn`, where each pair of nn is the hexadecimal representation of the RGB values for red, green, and blue, respectively. For blue, enter `#0000ff`.

Editing Table Rows

Hovering over Row in the table context menu gives you several row edit options:

- Insert Row Before
- Insert Row After
- Delete Rows
- Row Properties - clicking Row Properties gives users the following options:
 - Edit Row Type (header, body, footer)
 - Alignment (none, left, center, or right)

- Height
- Advanced Row Properties - manipulate style, border color, and background color.
- Cut Row
- Copy Row
- Paste Row Before
- Paste Row After

Editing Table Columns

The Column option lets you insert columns before or after the current column as well as delete columns.

Deleting Tables

To delete the whole table and its contents, use the Delete Table option.

Embedding Files into Documents

You can add PDF, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, xls, or xlsx files to your Conga Collaborate documents by following these steps

Any file that you upload becomes part of your Content list.

Add a PDF, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, xls, or xlsx files to your Collaborate documents by following these steps:

1. From the document into which you want to embed your file, click the Content tab.
2. Choose Files from the dropdown menu.
3. Drag and drop the file you want into your document's Table of Contents.
4. Available drop zones appear in yellow, and your target drop zone becomes green.

Embedding Media

Collaborate allows users to easily add videos and other media in documents


To Add Media to Proposals

1. From YouTube, Vimeo, Wistia, or wherever you found the media you want to embed, click Share or Embed to get the source code. If the code is unavailable, you can [use an iFrame](#) to embed your content.

2. Copy the complete source code.
3. Within the document that you want to embed content into, make sure your cursor is in the spot where you want your video to appear, and click Insert Video in the editing toolbox at the top of the page.
4. In the pop-up window, paste your media source code that you copied in Step 2.
5. Click OK.

To Add Media to Presentations

1. From YouTube, Vimeo, Wistia, or wherever you found the media you want to embed, click Share or Embed to get the source code
2. Copy the complete source code.
3. Within the presentation document, click Insert Video in the editing toolbar at the top of the page.
4. Click Add.
5. Paste the embed code into the Video URL field at the top of the page.
6. To view the video in build mode, double click in the video frame.

 Only media with an HTTPS URL can be embedded into your documents. You can sometimes contact your source website to get a secure link if one isn't automatically available.

Enabling Print Table of Contents

Collaborate's Print Table of Contents feature automatically creates a table of contents page in the PDF or Word document that users can click through to navigate to specific pages of the document.

The Print Table of Contents includes the section name, page title, and associated page numbers, and you can include it when you print a document.

To Enable Print Table of Contents

1. From the Build view of your document, click the Document tab.
2. Scroll down to Document Options and click the arrow.
3. Click the checkbox next to Enable Print Table of Contents on the far right side. This enables a separate page for your Table of Contents.
4. Choose where you wish to insert your Table of Contents in print.

Enabling Proposal Download Formats

A system administrator can choose which file formats users may utilize for documents created and shared through Collaborate.

To enable the formats

1. From the User Drop Down Menu (your avatar), click Administration.
2. From the menu on the left, click the Account Settings icon.
3. Select the formats you want to enable (PDF, Word, PowerPoint, or ZIP) under Proposal Download Formats.
4. Click Save.

Filtering your Document List

When you're in Document List view, a list of filters appears in the Table of Contents panel to help you quickly find what you're looking for.

These filters include:

- Saved Searches
- All Documents
- My Documents
- Recent Documents: Click the gear icon to choose a time frame.
- Last 7 Days
- Last 30 Days
- Last 60 days
- Last 6 months
- Archived Documents
- Presentations
- Presentation Templates
- Proposals
- Proposal Templates
- Contracts
- Contract Templates
- Drafts: Unpublished documents
- Open: Published documents that haven't been accepted or declined
- Pending Approval: Documents awaiting approval, which can no longer be edited
- Accepted: Documents that have been accepted by your client

- Declined: Documents that have been declined by your client

Click any of these filters to place a search operator into our advanced search bar. You can combine these filters to create custom search filters.

Finding Content with Filters

When you are in the Content view, you can easily find the content elements you are looking for by using the filters in the Table of Contents panel on the left.

Click on an attribute from the list to find:

- My Content
- Recent Content (Click the gear to specify a time frame.)
- Expired Content: any content that has passed your chosen expiration date; can still be reinstated
- Content in Draft form: new content that hasn't been published
- Content Type: Image, File, Text Snippet, Pages, Slide Content

Search for files by any one category, or combine them for a custom search, which you can save. Use any of your saved searches by clicking the option at the top of the Table of Contents panel on your Content page. (You can also access saved searches from your Documents view.)

Font Manager in Conga Collaborate

An overview of the Font Manager in Conga Collaborate and how to use it to add new fonts to your platform.

Collaborate gives administrators the ability to search and load Google fonts into your Collaborate account. Loaded Google Fonts will be available in your Collaborate Theme for use in Collaborate Proposal or Contract document types. You will keep access to the default Fonts Collaborate offers today.

Visit [Google Fonts](#) to see a selection of Google Fonts available. A font must have an "Open Font License" to be loaded in Collaborate.

To add a Google Font to your Collaborate account

1. Open your Collaborate Administration panel and select the Font Manager.
2. Type into the Font Manager search bar to select the Google Font you wish to load.
3. The Regular (400 weight) variation of the Font is included by default, and you can select additional Font variations by checking the box next to each variation.

4. Click Add Font.
5. You will see the newly added Font showing on your Font Manager list

To Edit or Remove a Google Font from the Font Manager


1. Open your Administration panel and select the Font Manager.
2. From the list of added Fonts, you may click to Edit this Font to add additional variations or you may click to Delete the Font from the Font Manager.

To use a Google Font in your Collaborate Documents (Proposal and Contract document types)

1. After adding a Google Font to your Font Manager using the steps above, open your Administration panel and select Themes.
2. Select a Theme and click Edit to enter the Theme Builder.
3. Using the tools on the right side of the page to edit your theme, you will now be able to see your loaded Fonts when you open a list of available Fonts. The Fonts you have loaded into your Font Manager will show at the top of the Font list followed by the default Fonts Collaborate offers. Select the Font for the appropriate area of your Theme and click Save.
4. The Font selections made in the Theme will impact documents using this Theme.
5. You can refer to these support article for additional details on editing Fonts and Themes:

[Getting Started with the Theme Builder](#)

[Editing Fonts in a Theme or Document](#)

-  We suggest limiting each Collaborate Theme to no more than 3 different fonts for optimal document load time.

Format Dates Using Conga Collaborate Document Scripting

Format dates in Conga Collaborate with Document Scripting.

Collaborate gives you the ability to set how dates are displayed within Collaborate using the scripting method `to_formatted_date()`. Adjusting the different parameters sets dates to appear just as you want them in your documents or templates.

Just as with any document scripting method, use only lowercase letters for your variable names, and begin and end with the statement with `{{double braces}}`.

Available parameters:

- **%A** - displays the full day name (example: Saturday)
- **%B** - displays the full month name (example: May)
- **%d** - displays the day of the month as a number
- **%m** - displays the month as a number
- **%y** - displays the year

You can format dates in the following ways:

05/08/2017 `{{opportunity_closedate.to_formatted_date("%m/%d/%Y")}}`

In the example above, uppercase Y displays a four digit year. To display a two digit year, change the capital Y to a lowercase y.

05/08/17 `{{opportunity_closedate.to_formatted_date("%m/%d/%y")}}`

The above examples force a two digit month and day. To display single digit days and months when appropriate:

5/8/2017 `{{opportunity_closedate.to_formatted_date("%-m/%-d/%Y")}}`

You can also use hyphens instead of forward slashes as well as change the order in which the pieces of your date appear:

2017-05-08 `{{opportunity_closedate.to_formatted_date("%Y-%m-%d")}}`

Finally, if you want the full day, month, date, and year displayed:

Monday, May 8, 2017 `{{opportunity_closedate.to_formatted_date("%A, %B %-d, %Y")}}`

Generating a Cover Page

Collaborate can auto-generate a cover page for any proposal you create. This page includes the proposal name, author name, client name, and delivery date. Enable the feature to use our auto-generated cover page; if you would rather create your own custom cover page, leave the cover page feature off and use your first content area to draft your own.

To enable the auto-generated cover page

1. From the Build view of the document you want, click the Properties tab.
2. Scroll down to Document Options, and click (or unclick) the checkbox next to Enable Cover Page. Your change saves automatically.

How Do I Change a User to an Administrator?

If you are a system administrator you have this ability to change a Collaborate user to an administrator. This is accomplished from the Administration view.

To change a Collaborate user to an administrator

1. Click on the User Drop Down Menu (your avatar).
2. Click Administration.
3. Click Roles and Permissions.
4. Click on the Administrators group.
5. Click Add User.
6. Select the user you would like to add to this group.
7. Click Add User.

Resetting a Password

To change a user's password

1. Open your user dropdown in the top right corner of the screen.
2. Click User Profile.
3. In the Change Password section, enter your current password, create your new password, and then confirm it. Be sure to follow any password rules that your admin may have set up.
4. Click Save.

If you forgot your password, go to your account login page and select Forgot Your Password?. Password reset instructions will be sent to the email address associated with your user.

How to Find and Replace Text in a Document

Say you decide your Face Kick program should take on a somewhat gentler name. You can make that happen quickly with Find and Replace.

To find and replace text in a document

1. From the document, you wish to search, click on any page to make the Editing Toolbox appear.
2. Click the Edit button.
3. From the dropdown menu, click Find and Replace.
4. Enter the text you would like to search in the Find field, and if you would like to replace it, enter that new text in the Replace With field. Use Match Case or Whole Words to add further specificity.
5. Click Find. Your search results are highlighted in gray, and the current selection is highlighted in blue.
6. You can click Prev or Next to cycle through the found text
 - Replace: replaces the single selection highlighted in blue

How to Format Currency

Format currency in Collaborate documents.

You can use the following formula to convert variables into currency within your documents or templates:

```
{{ number_to_currency(variablename) }}
```

The variable name must be lowercased and also must begin and end with {{ }}.

For example, you might use the following syntax:

Second_Number = 1000.32

Input: {{ number_to_currency(second_number) }}

Return: \$1,000.32

 This defaults to \$ as the unit and a comma as the delimiter.

You can change a unit by using unit: "X"

Input: {{ number_to_currency(second_number, :unit=>"£") }}

Return: £1,000.32

You can change delimiters by using delimiter: "X"

Input: {{ number_to_currency(second_number, :delimiter=>".") }}

Return: \$1.000.32

Combine unit and delimiter changes like this:

Input: {{ number_to_currency(second_number, :delimiter=>',', :unit=>'¢') }}

Return: ¢1,000.32

You can add precision as well:

Input: {{ number_to_currency(second_number, :precision=>3) }}

Return: \$1,000.324

How to Use Saved Folders in Conga Collaborate

Conga Collaborate allows you to use and create saved folders with filters so that you can quickly locate your content in the document build view.

To access a saved folder

1. Open the Document Build View.
2. Under the left-hand side content panel, click Saved Folders.

To create a saved folder

1. Go to the Content tab.
2. Set a filter with your required criteria. For example, you might set a filter that searches for all content tagged with "North America Sales Kickoff".
3. Click Save as Folder.
4. Enter a name for your folder.
5. Click Shared if you want your folder accessible to others in your organization and leave it unchecked if you want the folder private and viewable only to you.
6. Click Save.

When you create a shared folder, select filter options that are specific to your content. For example, some of the filter options include the ability to search by type, owner, and tags. We recommend utilizing tags as one of the best ways to easily filter content. When you create tags, avoid generic tags like "Sales Kickoff" and use something more specific to group your content, like "North America Sales Kickoff".

To edit or delete a folder

1. Go to the Content tab.
2. Click Folders on the left-hand search panel.
3. Click the pencil icon to the right of the folder to edit.

4. Click on the trash bin icon to the right of the folder to delete.

In-Line Commenting

In-Line Commenting allows Contracts users and their clients to communicate back and forth immediately within their documents. This allows for better communication and more informed changes when you are working on your contracts.

Additionally, this In-Line Commenting will drastically decrease the number of email exchanges that take place between you and your clients because you will be able to communicate almost instantaneously through Collaborate.

To Utilize In-Line Commenting

1. Create and send your contract to your client.
2. Your client can click the Change Request button.
3. Highlight text or images, or double-click an area of text or images and the Comment functionality will become available in the editing toolbar.
4. Click the Comment button.
5. Enter your comments within the pop-up box that appears.
6. Hit enter when you are done making your comments. Your comments will now appear on the right-hand side of your contract.

The contract owner will see these comments come through on the document, and they will be able to respond to them immediately. This allows for improved back and forth dialogue and editing.

Inserting and Removing Page Breaks

If you choose to include the PDF option along with your Conga Collaborate document, you can ensure a quality output by inserting page breaks via the content editor.

Page breaks force a new page when downloading to PDF from a Collaborate document.

Separate Collaborate content pages do not automatically force a page break in PDF download, so it is necessary to insert page breaks at the end of pages to ensure that each distinct Collaborate page starts as its own PDF page. In addition, since Collaborate content pages can be as long as you want them to be, you might want to force a page break in the middle of a Collaborate content page when it is downloaded to PDF.

To insert page breaks

1. Open your document.
2. Place your cursor where you would like a page break inserted.
3. Click Insert from the Menu Bar.
4. Click Page Break. You will see two dotted lines representing your page break inserted on the page.

To remove a page break

1. Click the page break you want to remove such that your cursor sits on or just below the page break.
2. Click the left arrow on your keyboard.
3. Press Shift+Enter.
4. Make sure your cursor is on or below the page break and hit backspace.

Inserting Images into Documents

After you upload image files, they live in your Content Library, where you can easily pull them into documents. We prefer the Content Library system because adding an image by its URL leaves you open to losing your image if the URL changes.

When an image reaches your Content Library, it stays there until you decide to remove it. (Collaborate provides unlimited storage.)

To insert images by gallery

1. From the document, you would like to add an image to, click on a content area to bring up the editing toolbox.
2. If you are in a presentation, click Image and then click Add to access the image gallery and select. If you are in another kind of document, click Insert and then click Insert Gallery.
3. Select the image(s) you would like to include.
4. Click Ok.

To insert images by dragging and dropping

1. From the document, you would like to add an image to, click the Content tab.
2. Click Images and a gallery of the images in your Content Library appears.

3. Drag and drop the images you want into your content page.

You can edit any of your images from within your documents by double-clicking on the image.

Inserting Variables into Content


Variables are pieces of data that inform the dynamic behavior of a document.

This article discusses how to insert variables into a document, template, or content asset to create text that is dynamic-- meaning the text can change based on data provided to Collaborate. For more information on specific types of variables, see the Variables overview article.

Variables streamline the document creation process. For example, variables can drive showing or hiding specific pages in a document, showing or hiding specific paragraphs, or autocompleting sections of text, tables, and other information.

To insert variables into your content

1. In a document, template, or content asset, click the Variables panel on the right side.
2. You will see a drop-down list showing the types of variables available to you. Expand the categories or search the variables by name using the search bar at the top.
3. The most commonly used type of variable is a field from your integrated CRM. Expand the Salesforce or Dynamics CRM category, for example, to see fields that you have mapped from your integrated CRM.
4. Place your cursor in the document content where you'd like the variable to appear.
5. Click the + sign next to the variable name to add the variable to the document.

 You can also type the “%” sign in your document to pull up a list of variables while creating content. As you type after the “%” sign, the list of variables will be filtered based on what you type.

Viewing Variables

Variables inserted into a template or content asset will display the field name highlighted in gold. This indicates that when a document is created from that template or contains that page, the variable will auto-complete with data from that field.

Variables on a draft document will display the actual variable value, if available. A variable displaying “No Value” indicates that your document does not have an associated value for that variable.


Formatting Variables

After you insert a variable in a document, template, or content asset, you may change the format in which the variable will display.

For example, you may want to ensure that any variables that contain dates display in specific month/day/year format or that URLs appear as active links. Or, if you have a number variable that should be formatted as money, you can enter a unit type, the type of delimiter you would like to appear, and the number of decimals you would like to be displayed.

To format a variable

1. Click on the variable. A menu appears above it displaying the variable name and type.
2. Click the > icon near the variable name.
3. A second menu opens that allows you to select the type.
4. The type drop-down allows you to specify the variable's data type. The supported options include string, image, link, iframe, date, and number. Each data type has its own formatting options which will appear automatically once a specific type is selected.

 It is best practice to format these types of variables in templates so that users do not have to reformat variables when creating live documents.

Making a Document Public or Private

For any of your Documents, Presentations, Templates, pages of content, or Content, you can determine who does what by changing the privacy settings.

By default, Collaborate standard users cannot edit visibility settings, and their documents and Content are marked as Private. To change these settings, [create a custom role](#) and enable the permission "Allow the ability to make library items public." This will default their documents and Content to the public and will allow them to edit visibility settings.

Visibility settings differ based on whether or not your account is using [workgroups](#). If workgroups are not enabled, then you have two settings, Private and Public:

- Private - You can see and edit the item, along with anybody designated as your Manager in the Conga Collaborate user hierarchy.
- Public - Every user can see and edit.

If workgroups are enabled, then you have three settings:

- Shared with no workgroups - You can see and edit the item, along with any user designated as your Manager in the Collaborate user hierarchy.
- Shared with all workgroups - Every user can see and edit.
- Shared with some workgroups - Users in the selected workgroups can see and edit, along with any user designated as your Manager in the Collaborate user hierarchy.

There are three locations from which you can edit the visibility settings of a document or content element:

To edit visibility from the Document list

1. Click on the Icon Box of the document on which you would like to change the visibility settings.
2. Select the Edit button that appears in the top right-hand corner of the page.
3. Click on the Privacy dropdown.
4. Select one of the privacy settings as described above.
5. Click Save.

To edit visibility from the Content library

1. Click on the thumbnail of the content element on which you would like to change the visibility settings.
2. Select the Edit button that appears in the top right-hand corner of the page.
3. Select one of the privacy settings as described above.
4. Click Save.

To edit visibility from a Document of piece of Content

1. Open the document or content element on which you want to change the visibility settings.
2. Open the Properties panel.
3. Navigate to the Privacy section.
4. Select one of the privacy settings as described above.

Migrating from Proposals to Documents

Where once you relied on TinderBox Proposals, now you're getting the job done in Conga Collaborate Documents.

Migrate your Conga Collaborate document records from the Oktiv Proposal object to the Oktiv Document object.

The Oktiv Document object provides more flexibility in creating documents and will be the object supported and upgraded in future managed package releases. The Oktiv Proposal object will not be removed for legacy customers, but updates will not be made to it going forward

Pre-Migration Preparation

There are a couple of things that you must check before migrating your proposals:

1. If you have created custom fields on the Oktiv Proposal object, make sure that you create those same fields on the Oktiv Document object
2. Check that your users have permissions to Read and Write to the Oktiv Document object and also that they have Read/Write permissions on all the fields on the Oktiv Document object

Export Oktiv Proposal data

You can use whatever data loader tool you like, but we recommend dataloader.io. The instructions below apply specifically to dataloader.io, but also work with Salesforce Data Loader with some slight tweaks due to the different user interfaces.

1. Click New Task, then select Export
2. Search for and select Oktiv Proposal
3. Click Next
4. Add filter criteria. If you have a large volume of Oktiv Proposal records, use filter criteria to run the migration on a batch of test records to make sure you complete the process correctly before migrating your entire set of records. Some suggestions for filter criteria:
 - Document Status
 - Created Date
 - Related Opportunity Stage
5. In the left-hand field selector panel, choose all Oktiv Proposal fields
6. Click Next

7. Click Save & Run
8. After the job is finished, save/download the export file

Prepare Export File for Creating Octiv Documents

1. Open the export file you created in the Export Octiv Proposal data section
2. Copy the values in the column Created By ID
3. Add a column to the right of Created By ID
4. Paste the values copied in step 2 into the new, empty column
5. Rename the column Owner ID
6. Save this file as a CSV

Import Octiv Documents via dataloader.io

1. In dataloader.io, click New Task, then select Import
2. Select the Insert operation
3. Search for and select Octiv Document
4. Click Next
5. Drag and drop the CSV file from the Prepare export file for creating Octiv documents section, or simply click Upload CSV and select the file from your computer
6. Find Proposal Name under Source Header, and click Select under Salesforce Field
7. Select Document Name. If you have created custom fields on either the Octiv Proposal or Octiv Document object, ensure that those columns in the CSV are mapped to their corresponding fields on the Octiv Document object
8. Click Next
9. Click Save & Run
10. Verify that Documents were properly created by refreshing the report from the Export Octiv Proposal data section.

(Optional) Delete Octiv Proposals via dataloader.io

Migrating Octiv Proposal records to Octiv Document records does not delete the old Proposal records. If you wish to delete these old records, follow these steps:

1. In dataloader.io, click New Task, then select Delete
2. Search for and select the Octiv Proposal object
3. Click Next
4. Drag and drop the export file you built in the Prepare Export File for Creating Octiv Documents section, or simply click Upload CSV and select the file from your computer
5. Click Next. The screen asks which column contains the IDs of the records to be deleted
6. Select the row with Source Header Record ID

7. Click Next
8. Click Save and Run

Repeat this process as necessary until you've migrated all of your Oktiv Proposal records to Oktiv Document records.

Monitoring user sign-ins

How often are your users signing in to Conga Collaborate? Let us tell you.

If you're a System Administrator, you can find this information from the Administration view. Just click Users and the User List appears, along with each user's most recent sign-in and total sign-in count.

Conga Collaborate Document Signing Experience

Conga Collaborate utilizes the power of e-signature tools to make sending and signing online documents easy and streamlined. You can determine the level of access to a document, track the status of individual signers, and easily adjust signer order – all from within Collaborate. This article will explain the permissions you can give to document recipients as well as the different signing experiences available through Collaborate and DocuSign.

To learn about how to send documents to recipients, see the article [Delivering Online Documents to your Recipients](#)

Set Recipients' Permissions

With the Collaborate document signing process, you can easily specify what level of access each person has for a document that is shared with them. Below are the recipient permissions by document type(s) on which those permissions are available:


Proposals & Contracts

Signer – recipient can sign the document
Can add signers – recipient is allowed to add other signers to the document
Can add collaborators – recipient is allowed to add other people to view the document (but not sign)

Contracts Only

Can redline – recipient is allowed to redline and make change requests to the text of the document

Adding Multiple Signers

 When using the Add Salesforce Contacts button, all signers will default as Collaborators regardless.

Collaborate has two signing experiences depending on the type of document you are using (proposal or contract) and whether or not you have DocuSign. This section will walk through the signing experience with multiple signers in scenarios where you sign with and without DocuSign.

Proposals without DocuSign

When DocuSign is not enabled you can still add multiple signers to a document using the built-in Conga Collaborate e-signature tool, but Collaborate defaults to a “first come, first sign” approach. This means that whoever signs the document first will sign it for everybody listed as a signer on the document. This workflow is useful if, for example, you have multiple sales directors who can all sign off on a document and you only need one signature from the group.

Alternatively, Collaborate supports setting signer order in cases where you need multiple signatures for a document.

Once this is turned on, follow these steps to set signer order:

1. On the template, in the Properties panel in the Document Options section, check the box “Require All Signers for Acceptance”
2. Either on the template (if you want the signers to be on every document generated from that template) or on a generated document, add people as recipients as described earlier in this article
3. Set the signer order by putting the desired order number in the “Signer Order” text field

Once signers have been added to a document, you can change signer order by clicking on the drop-down arrow next to the recipient’s signer number and choosing a different position.

Proposals and Contracts with DocuSign

If DocuSign is enabled in your account, signer order is enabled by default. Add recipients as described earlier and set their signer order. Signer order can still be changed by clicking on the dropdown arrow and choosing a different position.

In signing documents both with and without DocuSign, signer order cannot be changed once a signer has clicked the "Accept" button.

Restoring Deleted Recipients

Recipients can be deleted at any time before they use their unique URL to view the document and Conga Collaborate will not keep any record of those recipients being added to the document. However, if recipients have viewed the document and you now want to delete them, Collaborate will mark those recipients as deleted but keep record of them on the document. Their unique document URLs will be invalidated and they will no longer be able to view the document. If at some point you want to add them back as a recipient on the document, you can do so by going to the People tab and clicking Restore on the recipient's business card. This will re-activate the unique document URL and allow them to view or sign the document (depending on the permissions you gave them originally).

Reinstating a user who has been locked out

Password mishaps can lead to a user being locked out of Conga Collaborate, and a system administrator may need to unlock that user.

To unlock a user

1. From the User dropdown menu, select Administration.
2. Click on the Users icon.
3. From the options on the right, select Locked Users.
4. Click on the user profile you intend to unlock.
5. In the upper right corner, click the Unlock User button.

Repeatable Pages

Repeatable pages provide flexibility for content managers by allowing for multiple templates for a page.

Conga Collaborate has the ability to create a page or section for each child record on a launching object. For example, if launching off of an Opportunity in Salesforce, users can make a page or section repeatable so that a generated document has a new page or section for each product on the Opportunity. This is very similar to how Collaborate creates auto-generated tables to display the products on an Opportunity, but this feature instead creates a page for each product instead of a row in a table.

Repeatable pages provide flexibility for content managers by allowing for multiple templates for a page. For example, suppose a content manager wants to have two layouts with different formatting and images for his repeatable page dependent on the location of the client. He could create two repeatable pages with different layouts and then hide the page that doesn't apply to the client's location.

Creating Repeatable Pages

To set up repeatable pages, follow these steps:

1. On a template, click on the gear icon next to the page title of the page you want to make repeatable.
2. Go to the Repeatable tab.
3. Select the data source for the page.
4. Select the Render Page Contents checkbox (Render Page Contents makes it so that Collaborate replaces the variable names with their actual CRM values. If you want to see the variable names instead of their CRM values, leave this box unchecked).
5. Populate the repeatable page with content. In order to use variable names, follow these steps:
 - Open up your CRM integration settings by going to Administration > Integrations and selecting your CRM.
 - In the Incoming Data section, open up your launching object dropdown and scroll down to the Child Relationships list that corresponds with the data source for your repeatable page.
 - Copy the variable names into your repeatable page, surrounded by {{ double brackets }} Ex: {{PricebookEntry.Product2.Name}}

Making a section repeatable removes the Repeatable tab from individual page properties. Pages can still be set as repeatable by turning off repeatability for the section and setting the page as repeatable, then re-enabling repeatability for the section.

Repository: Document Linking

Create relationships between documents by using the Document Linking feature within Conga Collaborate. This tool associates documents with each other through relationships that you define.

When using the repository features of Conga Collaborate, document linking makes it much easier to find documents that are related to each other in some way. By having all linked documents available in one location, you can quickly see which documents amend others, see parent-child relationships between documents, or find supporting documents for a high-level client contract.

To link documents

1. Navigate to the Documents tab.
2. Select the checkbox next to the document you would like to associate with another document.
3. In the sidebar on the right, below Document Relationships, click Select Option and select a relationship type (the relationship options are managed by your Conga Collaborate system administrator and are fully customizable).
4. Click Search Documents to select the secondary document.
5. Click Add.

Both documents will show up in the Document Relationships area, with their relationship displayed as you defined. Both documents will be clickable so that you can quickly pull up and view related documents.

Repository: Document Upload

Documents can be added to the repository at any time and are viewable by all users in Conga Collaborate.

1. Navigate to the Documents tab
2. Click More, Upload External Documents
3. Click Choose file (the current maximum file size limit is 100MB)
4. A new window will open where you can navigate to the file to add to the repository. Click Open
5. Click the drop-down titled Metadata Template and select Import.
6. A new list of metadata attributes will be displayed. Based on the field type, type in text, select from a drop-down menu or enter a date. This step is important because

adding the appropriate metadata values here will allow you to search for the document in the future.

7. Hit Submit to finish the import

Repository: Document View / Download

Once a document has been located through a metadata or keyword search, there are two actions you will likely want to perform: Viewing and Downloading.

Document View

1. Navigate to the Documents tab
2. Click the document you would like to view from the list
3. Click View Document
4. A new window will open where you can view the document
5. Once you are done viewing, click the X to return to the document list

Document Download

1. Navigate to the Documents tab
2. Click the document you would like to view from the list
3. Click the download icon (this will open a new window allowing you to save a copy to your computer)

Routing documents to internal people

Our templates enable you to put processes in place by setting up notifications for colleagues who need to review or sign your documents. Instead of adding these recipients to each document, you can ensure every document you create, through a template, will pull over the correct internal recipient information and land in the right hands.

To add recipients to your templates

1. From your Documents view, use the menu on the left to navigate to the template you want.
2. With the template open, click the People tab.
3. Click Add People.
4. From the pop-up window, you can add the people associated with the template and set their role, if they are a signer you can also set their signer order.
 - To add a new signer, click Add, fill out the fields for your signer's name and contact information and ensure you select "Yes" under Signer.

- To add a non-signer, fill out the contact info fields and ensure you select "No" under Signer.

5. Click Done.

Your changes will apply to all documents created from that template.

Searching in Conga Collaborate

Collaborate search gives you the ability to find documents or content through three methods: keyword search, advanced search, or pre-defined search filters. You can also create and save custom search filters for later use.

Often times your Collaborate library is too large to manually find the documents and content you need. Using search allows you to quickly narrow down the list using document attributes, predefined filters, or previously saved searches.

Collaborate has several default search filters that can be found in the left-hand panel of the Documents and Content libraries.

Document default filters are:

All Documents

My Documents

Recent Documents

Archived Documents

Deleted Documents

Proposals

Proposal Templates

[Document Status](#)

Content default filters are:

All Content

My Content

Recent Content

Expired

Drafts

Images

Files

Snippets

Pages

Custom and advanced searches can be created using the instructions in these articles:

[Use search operators to narrow results](#)

[Filter results using the advanced search tool](#)

Sending contract change requests

Document owners and recipients use change requests to easily negotiate a contract and its terms right on the document, without having to circulate a marked-up version of the document. You never lose any part of the process; a history of changes shows the day and time each change was made as the document moved toward its final form. The document owner is notified any time a change request is submitted and can then approve the changes (or not).

Depending on whom you've sent your contract to, you can send a change request to all recipients, including those outside your organization, or just to internal users.

To create a Change Request

1. In the published Contract you want to edit, click the New Change Request call to action button OR go the Versions tab in the Document Panel.
2. Edit your document; changes are highlighted as you make them. You can turn off the highlights by clicking the checkbox next to Highlight Changes in the Document Panel.
3. Click Submit for Approval in the Document Panel. (Or Cancel Change Request if you have a change of heart.) The contract owner receives a notification that a change is ready for review.

Whenever you're making or reviewing a Change Request, you have an option to comment. Click Show next to the Comments icon at the bottom of the Document Information Panel. You'll then see all comments regarding that change—and a text box that enables you to add your own.

Setting up a Change Request Approver

Prevent contract anarchy by assigning Change Request Approvers. These users receive notifications of proposed contract changes so that they can accept or reject those changes.

To set up different Signers and Approvers in your contract

1. Within the contract, click on the People tab.
2. You'll find a Change Request Approver label; click the Select button directly below it.
3. Click on the name of whomever within your organization you want to be notified to accept or reject changes.

Switching Document Size

In an effort to switch to a wider, more modern document size of 816px, we have rolled this option out for new clients and our existing clients have the option to switch to the new document size at their own will. This is the size document you would see when you open up a Google doc, for example.

If your Conga Collaborate account was created prior to March 2017, your documents may show a smaller than 816px size. If so, as a Conga Collaborate Administrator, you can go into your Account Settings and change to the larger document size.

We recommend checking all your templates after updating this setting as they may look different - we don't want you to have any surprises.

Tasks overview

Tasks allow for seamless collaboration. You can set Tasks for internal use within your Conga Collaborate documents.

Any document owner can set a Task and assign it to another internal user with a deadline. If you assign a Task, you're notified when it is completed. All users will see tasks assigned to them, on their dashboard, when they first log into Conga Collaborate. Managers will also be able to see a list of their direct reports' tasks.

A document that contains Required Tasks can not be published until all Tasks have been completed.

To create a task

1. From the Build View of the document you wish to add a task to, click the Tasks tab.
2. From the Tasks panel, choose New Task. You can now set
 - A Description of your Task.
 - The Assignee who will complete the Task.

- The Due By date.
 - Whether the Task is Required.
 - Comments about your Task.
3. Click Assign Task.

You can create multiple Tasks for multiple Assignees. The Assignee just clicks the checkbox next to an assigned Task when it has been completed, and the document owner is notified.

The filters panel

The Filters panel displays any filters defined for the view. You can set the filter values and see the resulting change in the Report View panel.

To hide the Filters panel, click the icon in the top left corner of the panel. Click the same icon on the minimized panel to expand it again.

Tracking documents

You can check in on your documents by choosing to be notified by email or text when a client opens a document, accepts a document, signs a document, and so on.

What's going on with your documents? You can check in to find out—or stay on top of changes by choosing to be notified by email or text when a client opens a document, accepts a document, signs a document, and so on.

Tracking data on documents is only available after a document has been published. It is account-wide and up to date when you view it.

To see your tracking data

1. From your Document List, click on the document you wish to view.
2. Click Track along the Navigation Bar. You see the following data:
 - How many times the document has been viewed.
 - Who last viewed it.
 - Amount of time it was viewed (in minutes).
 - Age of the document.
3. Click View Full Report to drill into the single document data. You will see further tracking data, including:
 - Document Status
 - Total Views
 - Total Value
 - Days to Close

- Comments
- Tabs that enable you to get details about
- Recipients, including views, page views, and time spent
- Content, including who's viewing the page—and for how long
- Activity, which provides a running list of what's happening with the document

You can also access tracking information by clicking the title of the document.

Using anchor text

Anchor text tags are hyperlinked words or phrases that, when clicked, take you to a certain place on the same page.

You can use this feature on a single page of content; you cannot have an anchor that links to another page in the document.

To create an anchor text tag

1. Place your cursor in front of the content where you'd like the recipient to land after clicking the related anchor
2. Click Insert in the Menu Bar
3. Click Anchor
4. Name your anchor and click OK (a small anchor appears in your content)
5. Place your cursor where you'd like the link to your anchor to go
6. From the Insert dropdown menu, click Insert Link. In the pop-up window, you see a field for Anchors
7. Select the name of your anchor
8. Click OK

Using Email Templates

Email templates can be created for system events, such as Document Accepted, Document Declined, or Task Assigned, or you may want to have different email templates for different document types.

Conga Collaborate emails are completely customizable. Email templates can be created for system events, such as Document Accepted, Document Declined, or Task Assigned, or you may want to have different email templates for different document types. For example, if you're sending out a contract, the email you craft will be different than when you're sending an introductory proposal.

You must be a system administrator to edit System email templates and create Shared templates.

Create Templates – System Administrator

To create email templates

1. Go to Administration > Email Templates
2. Click Create
3. Select Template Type
 - Personal will make the template private to your user
 - Shared will give all users access to the template. If workgroups are enabled, this will share the template across all workgroups.
4. Fill out Template Name, Subject, and Body. You can insert variables into your email template:
 - Click Insert Variable
 - Choose variables from the Document, Recipient, or CRM tabsIf you launch documents from multiple objects, your template can only contain variables that relate back to your launching object.

Create Templates – Standard User

Standard User email templates are automatically set to Personal.

To create email templates

1. Go to User Profile > Email Templates
2. Click Create
3. Fill out Template Name, Subject, and Body. You can insert variables into your email template:
 - Click Insert Variable
 - Choose variables from the Document, Recipient, or CRM tabsIf you launch documents from multiple objects, your template can only contain variables that relate back to your launching object.

Set Default Email Template for Document Templates

You can set a different email template for every document template in your library. If you don't set an email template for a document template, the document will default to the standard Conga Collaborate email template.

To set the default email template

1. Navigate to the Properties of the document template
2. Select the appropriate email template from the drop-down menu

You must have the ability to edit the document template in order to set the default email template. When setting the default email template, you will only have access to email templates that are shared, so that you cannot set a default template that others can't use.

Choose Email Template When Sending Document To Recipients

To choose from the email templates available to send a document instead of using the Conga Collaborate or template default

1. On a published document, add recipients and then click Send Email
2. Choose your desired email template from the Template drop-down

Using referenced content

For content that's likely to change, use Referenced Content to easily update pages and slides across templates. Referenced Content enables you to:

- Give your team immediate access to the most up-to-date content
- Easily maintain accurate, approved, and up-to-date document templates
- Improve content management
- Ensure brand and messaging consistency
- Reduce the time and effort required to distribute content

Referenced content is available in all three document types – presentations, proposals, and contracts.

For proposals and contracts

1. From your Document List, open the Template that will include your Referenced Content
2. Click New Page
3. Choose Page from Content

4. Choose the page of content you want from your Content Library in the pop-up window
5. Click the checkbox next to Add Page as Reference
6. Click Add Page

For presentations

1. From your Document List, open the Template that will include your Referenced Content
2. Click New Slide
3. Choose Slide from Content
4. Choose the Content Slide you want from your Content Library in the pop-up window
5. Click the checkbox next to Add Slide as Reference
6. Click Add Page

Whenever you'd like to update your Referenced Content, do so by making changes to the master copy in your Content Library. You can access the page or slide content through the Content list in Conga Collaborate. In addition, for proposals and contracts, you can click on the yellow header on the referenced page in a Template. Your changes will apply to any Template that includes that piece of Referenced Content.

You can also see which templates use the content by selecting the page or slide content and looking at the information window on the right-hand side of the screen.

Using show/hide logic for pages and sections

You can apply show/hide logic to whole content pages or sections by using Boolean statements. The upcoming sections give you the steps to make it happen—and some examples to follow.

Setting up Logic Statements

To enter logic for a page or section

1. Hover over the page or section title in the Table of Contents panel and click the gear icon.
2. Click Edit Properties.
3. Enter the boolean statement at the bottom of the pop-up window in the Include Logic field.

Page Logic Examples

Document Scripting requires you use only lowercase letters. In the upcoming example, the actual variable is `Opportunity_Name`, but when using the `.include?` method, you use `opportunity_name`.

Single Variable

- `Opportunity_Name = "Test Opportunity"`
- You can check whether a variable includes certain text by using the following method:
`opportunity_name.include?("Test")`
- Result: Because our `Opportunity_Name` includes the text "Test" the example returns `true`.

Arrays: Include

- The method `.include?` on an array looks for an exact match of the value in the variable you're searching. If no exact match can be found, the method will return: `false` and the content will "hide"
- `products = [{Name = "Test product"}, {Name = "GenWatt 1000"}, {Name = "Product 2"}]`
- Results:
`products.include?("Name", "product") = content will NOT show`
`products.include?("Name", "Test product") = content will show`
`products.include?("Name", "GenWatt 1000") = content will show`
`products.include?("Name", "GenWatt") = content will NOT show`

Arrays: Like

- The method `.like?` on an array determines whether the value is contained in the variable you are searching.
- `products = [{Name = "Test product"}, {Name = "GenWatt 1000"}, {Name = "Product 2"}]`
- Results:
`products.like?("Name", "product") = content will show`
`products.like?("Name", "Test product") = content will show`
`products.like?("Name", "GenWatt 1000") = content will show`
`products.like?("Name", "GenWatt") = content will show`
`products.like?("Name", "Products") = content will NOT show`

Using tags to organize content

Attaching a tag to a document or piece of content makes it—and similar files that share the tag—easier to find. Conga Collaborate gives you default tags, and you can create your own. Users also have the ability to search, by tags, right from within the document. When you use the search bar, you have the ability to see all the tags your administrator used to

organize the content. This also includes the ability to select more than one tag from the pick list to refine your search results.

To attach a tag

Documents

1. From the document you want to tag, click the Properties panel on the right, then find the details tab.
2. When you click into the Tags field, your existing Tags appear.
3. Click the one you want, or use the field to create a new Tag.
4. Your change is autosaved by Conga Collaborate.Content
5. From the Content view, select the content you wish to Tag.
6. Click the pencil icon at the top of the page to open the Editing panel on the right.
7. Use the Tags field to add a new Tag or choose from the existing Tags.
8. Conga Collaborate autosaves your change.

Using the account default email feature

As a system administrator, you can create and select an email template to be applied by default when any Conga Collaborate user sends a document to a recipient.

To configure an account-wide default email template

1. Click Administration on the User Drop Down Menu (your avatar)
2. On the new page that appears, click the Email Templates button
3. If you'd like to create a new email template, click the Add button and continue to step 4. If you'd like to choose from the list of existing email templates, skip to step 7
4. Click the Shared option at the top of the page. This will later allow you to select this as the default template for all users
5. Fill in the Template Name, Subject and Body fields, using the Insert Variables tool to populate the subject and body if you'd like
6. Click the Save button
7. Click the gear icon next to your new shared template, then select the Make Default option on the related drop down menu. In the Type column of the Email Template list, you'll now see that the template has been updated to "Shared Default"

Using the archive feature

Use these steps to archive a document

Just because you haven't used a document in a while doesn't mean you won't. You can get older documents out of your way (and off your Document List) by archiving them for safekeeping—just in case. You have unlimited data storage in your account, so there's really no need to lose any of your content by deleting.

Your Archived Documents are not accessible from their published URL, so be sure not to archive anything you want your clients to continue to have access to.

Use these steps to archive a document—or to archive several at a time:

1. From your Document List, click the checkbox next to the document(s) you'd like to archive.
2. Click More in the icon list that appears across the top of your screen.
3. Click Archive Document.

You can find your Archived Documents easily; just click Archived Documents in the Table of Contents when you're in Document View.

When you're ready to bring a document out of an archived state, follow these steps:

1. In Documents View, click Archived Documents in the Table of Contents panel.
2. Click the checkbox next to the Document(s) you'd like to get back into your Document List.
3. Click the More icon from the top of your screen.
4. From the dropdown menu, click Unarchive Document.

Using the Document Panel

When editing a document or template, the document panel will give you many options to customize, share, and design your document. It can be found on the right hand side of the document build view. This article will introduce you to the options available and how to use them.

Next Steps The Next Steps tab will always help you get to the next phase of your document workflow. Whether you are still building, ready to send, or waiting for signatures, the Next Steps tab will let you know where you are in the process. When you select this menu, you will see drop down options for each step in the process and will be able to kick off the next step from here.

Properties The Properties tab is made up of five different menus that will help you customize your document as needed. Each of the five menus are described below with the options available in them.

Details - The details tab is a place for the document owner to edit information about this document. Items that can be edited within this tab are Title, Client, Description, Tags, Template, Owner, Value, Expiration Date, and any Document Relationships. The values you place in this tab can also be added into the document as variables during the document

build by clicking the Content tab, clicking Variables, and then selecting Document variables. Simply drag and drop them into the document as needed.

Design - A main benefit of Conga Collaborate documents is being able to style them according to your company's brand preferences. This style is controlled by a Theme. Now, you can access any themes you have available to choose from in this Design tab. Simply use the drop-down menu to select which theme you would like to apply to your document. Remember, your access to Themes is controlled by your Admin, so let them know if you don't think you are seeing what you need here.

Metadata - A third tab available in Properties is the Metadata tab, if enabled in your account. Here we can add important information about this document that others may need to use to search for or report on later. Metadata templates need to be set up by an administrator, but, once they are, users can use the drop-down menu to choose which metadata they need to apply to their document.

Privacy - We take privacy seriously, so we wanted users to be able to control these settings quickly and easily. In this tab, users can enable an access code for their document, share it with specific workgroups or simply make it public or private.

Options - The last tab under the Properties menu is Options. In this tab, users can allow for a PDF download of their Conga Collaborate document, enable a Cover page, add a Signature Page to the PDF download, and enable the Table of Contents to print. All of these options change the download behavior of your Conga Collaborate document.

Integrations This tab allows users to manage all of their integrations for the document or template in one place. When users click Integrations, on the right-side document panel, they can see a list of their integrations for that document. These can be toggled off and on as needed. For example, if you are connected to Salesforce, you will see which Salesforce record your document is connected to. If you need to change which Salesforce record you are connected to, you can use the drop-down menu, or search. Other common integrations users can manage here would be DocuSign and Formstack for eSignature and Form services. **Content** Here users can access Files, Images, Pages, Text Snippets, and Variables to add into their document, or they can add new Content with the Add New button at the top of this menu. This allows for commonly used pieces of Content to be used across your organization and updated in one place. For more information about Content, see our [support article on the topic](#). **Version Menu** Conga Collaborate allows users to create multiple versions of their documents. The New Version button is readily available at the top of this menu along with a drop-down menu to see other versions of the document. This is also a great place to double check whether you are working on the most current version of a document. **Download Button** The Download Button will sit at the bottom of the Document Panel, under all of the other tabs available. This will allow for a download of your online document by you or your customers, if needed.

Using the Conga Collaborate Message Center

Communicate with other users or teams through the Conga Collaborate Message Center, which you find by selecting your User Profile on the top right of the page.

Access your message inbox by clicking the Message Center icon; it's the one that looks like a speech bubble. The icon keeps a running tally of your messages, and you'll be notified when new messages arrive—as well as when comments, alerts, and tasks apply to your documents.

Depending on your account settings, you may also receive corresponding notifications in your regular email inbox for document alerts and tasks. Conga Collaborate activity feed comments and Message Center messages do not also trigger emails.

The conversations you have in the Message Center are time-stamped and searchable.

Just click the New Message button when you're in the Message Center to start a conversation. Click on a message in your inbox to read or reply. You can add attachments to the messages you send

Using versions

Our Versions feature lets a document owner make changes without losing previous incarnations of a document. You can use it to:

- Create a new version of a published document or template without having to share a new link.
- See a summary of all changes made to a document by checking the version history.
- Access previous versions of the document.

Create a New Version

To create a new version

1. Click the Versions tab.
2. Click Create New Version. Your document is saved in its current state as a past version.
3. Edit to create your new version.
4. When finished, you can save the current state of your document by clicking Finalize New Version.

If your document includes a required task, you can't finalize the new version of your document until the required task has been completed.

Compare Versions

For any document that exists in more than one version, you can compare those versions to see what has changed.

To compare versions

1. Click the Versions tab.
2. Click the Versions dropdown bar and choose a version.
3. Click Compare.
4. Select another Version to compare. In the content area, you see
 - Content added, highlighted in green.
 - Content deleted, in red strikethrough.
5. Click Stop Comparing when you want to return to your Document.

Cancel New Versions

To cancel a new version

1. A document must be published in order to use the cancel version functionality.
2. Click on the Versions tab.
3. Click the Create New Version button.
4. Click the Cancel New Version button. Doing so deletes the version of the document that you were working on.

If you click the Finalize New Version button, you can no longer cancel the new version of your document.

Voiding a document

If a document no longer represents a valid agreement, a document in an Open or Accepted state may be voided by the document owner.

To accomplish this task

1. Open the build view of the document you wish to void.
2. Click to expand the Properties tab.

3. Click the Status bar at the top of the Properties tab to reveal the option to Mark as Void.

By voiding a document, recipients can no longer view or sign it. Recipients will not receive an email notification from Conga Collaborate that the document has been voided. Once voided, a document cannot be returned to an Open or Accepted state.

Working from the Document Table of Contents

From the Table of Contents you can add file attachments, download the document as an offline PDF or Word document, and toggle document preview on and off.

The Table of Contents displays your document structure. Located on the left side of the screen, it contains the sections and pages that make up the document. From here you can also add file attachments and toggle document preview on and off. As an administrator, this is also where you would set section and page properties on your Templates.

You can use the Table of Contents to present content in ways that improve client interaction with your documents by having control of where a page displays, what its title is, and which pages are grouped in a section.

Whenever you're in the build view of a document, the Table of Contents (ToC) configuration panel appears along the left-hand side of your screen. The ToC is where you develop the outline of your document, including sections, content pages, and attachments.

To add sections to your document

1. Click New Section.
2. Name your section. The title can be changed later by hovering over the section name, clicking on the gear icon that appears, and choosing Edit Title.
3. Drag your section to its desired location. By default, the section will be created at the end of the ToC. You can change section order by dragging it above or below other sections in the ToC. Add Pages to your Document
4. Click New Page.
5. Choose from three options:
6. Blank Page - inserts a blank page of Conga Collaborate content into your document
7. Page from Content - opens a modal where you can choose to:
8. Insert a page of Conga Collaborate Content that you have built and saved in your Content library
9. Embed a file you have uploaded to Conga Collaborate

10. Insert a Formstack form page into your document (requires an enabled Formstack integration)
11. Cloud Content - allows you to insert a file from any cloud storage services you have connected to Conga Collaborate
12. Name your page. The title can be changed later by hovering over the page name, clicking on the gear icon that appears, and choosing Edit Title.
13. Drag your page to its desired location. By default, the page will be created after the page you have selected when you add the new page. You can change page order by dragging it above or below other pages in the ToC.

The Preview pill can be toggled on and off to preview CRM variables (such as auto-generated pricing tables) and preview the finalized version of your document as your recipients will see it.

The Attachments section allows you to add files to your document from your computer, a connected cloud storage service, or files in your Conga Collaborate Content library. Attachments are not included as pages in the online or downloaded version of the document. **Exception: PDF attachments can be included in the eSignable PDF if using the DocuSign integration for eSignature.

Working from your document panel

When you're in Build view of a document, a Document Panel appears on the right side of your screen.

The tabs you see there vary slightly according to your document setup and whether you're in draft mode or have published your document. The following sections introduce you to the actions available through this panel.

Next Steps

From this tab, you see your document status and actions appropriate to that status.

From the Draft section, you can:

- View Actions
- Publish the Document
- Click More Actions to
- Archive
- Convert to Template
- Delete
- Duplicate

From the Published section, click View Actions to:

- Manage Versions (takes you to the Versions tab)

- View Tracking (takes you to the Tracking tab)
- Manage People (takes you to your People tab)

From the Accepted section, you can:

- See which Version you're in
- View Acceptance status
- Download a Signed PDF Document

From the Document tab, you can:

- View the URL of the Document
- Click View to see the published version
- Edit Title
- Edit Client
- Edit Description
- Add Tags
- Add Theme
- Edit Language
- Edit Owner
- Edit Value
- Edit Expiration Date
- Edit Privacy
- Edit Document Options
- Enable Access Code
- Allow PDF downloads
- Enable Coverpage
- Enable Print Table of Contents
- Signature Page in the PDF Versions

From the Versions tab you can:

- Compare Versions of your document
- Add a Change Request (or create a new Version in draft form)
- Switch to a different Version.
People

From the People tab, you can:

- Send email
- Add recipients
- Select who can approve Change Requests

- Change Signer Order
- Content

From the Content tab you can add or insert:

- Images
- Files
- Documents
- Text Snippets
- Forms (if you've enabled forms on your account)

When hovering over Images, Files, and Page Content, click on the "eye icon" on the left-hand side to expand the Content for a larger preview of the content.

Track

This tab enables you to see tracking information such as when the document was created, updated, and published. It shows you a record of document activity, and you can take a much deeper dive into activity by clicking the View Full Report button.

E-Signature

Use E-Signature functionality in online Collaborate documents.

Adding a Custom Signature Block to Your Document

When you have [created a custom signature block](#) for gathering data from your clients, you can then add it into your document. Custom signature blocks will appear in the signature modal when a client is signing with Collaborate eSignature. Data entered in your custom signature blocks will then be visible in the signed PDF version of the Collaborate document.

To add your custom signature blocks into your Collaborate documents

1. Select the Document to which you want to add a custom signature block.
2. Click the Properties tab.
3. Click the Signature Block field and select the custom block you'd like to use.
4. Bingo! Your document is ready to publish and send.

Collaborate and Conga Sign Integration FAQs

What types of tags can I add to documents?

Conga Collaborate allows you to easily use all standard Conga Sign signature tags except for writing back tags. Collaborate integration with Conga Sign recognizes standard Conga Sign tagging syntax in addition to standard DocuSign tagging syntax.

How can I add a custom text field?

Add a custom text field using the appropriate Conga Sign custom text tagging syntax in your Collaborate document.

Example custom text tagging syntax: \customtext1 {"label":"Address"}\

If I don't add a signature tag to my document, what happens?

If a user creates a Collaborate document integrated with Conga Sign and no tags are added to the document, Collaborate automatically adds a standard signature tag for each identified signer in the Collaborate document.

Can I add signature and initials tags in places other than the signature page?

Yes, Conga Sign tags are available to be added anywhere in a Collaborate document.

Can I upload a PDF to Collaborate and send for signature?

Yes, users can upload a PDF to Collaborate through the [Content Library](#) and then add Conga Sign tags to the PDF document on a new page.

Can I get my signed documents into Salesforce?


Yes, using [Conga Collaborate's Outgoing Data Tool](#) users can automatically send the Signed PDF to a Salesforce record as a Salesforce Attachment. User can always access a signed document through the Collaborate documents related list.

 Salesforce Files is not supported at this time.

Conga Sign: Integration with Conga Collaborate

This document reviews the initial setup and integration of Conga Sign with Collaborate.

Conga Collaborate features seamless integration with Conga Sign to create a simple yet powerful e-signature solution within the Collaborate platform. Send and track your online Collaborate documents for electronic signature with features including one-click signatures, a full audit trail for each document, custom text tags, and more.

 You must contact Conga Support and provide the name of your Collaborate org to begin using the Conga Sign integration.

Integrate and Send a Collaborate Document with Conga Sign

To leverage Conga Sign's e-signature platform with a Conga Collaborate document.

The steps below detail enabling Conga Sign on a generated document, but you can follow these same steps (up through step 6) on a template in order to ensure that all documents created from that template use Conga Sign by default.

1. After Conga Support confirms the enablement of the Conga Sign integration for your Conga Collaborate org, navigate to the Document list in your Collaborate org.
2. Open and access an existing Proposal or Contract, or create a new Proposal or Contract.
3. Click the Integrations icon on the right-hand side.

4. Select the Conga Sign radio button.
 - Use the Conga Sign tagging syntax to reference Conga Sign tags including Signature, Initial, Recipient, Name, Title, Email, Date, Company, and Custom Text. For more information on tagging syntax, see Using signature and custom tags and List of Conga Sign signature tags.
 - Users can also add the Signature and Initial tags by navigating to the Content icon in a Proposal or Contract. In the Content section, toggle open the Variables section. From the Variables section, toggle open the ESignature section and click the + button next to the tags to add either tag into a Proposal or Contract.
 - Use white text font for each tag. This ensures that recipients do not see Conga Sign tagging syntax during the signature process. Add Conga Sign Tags to the document with Conga Sign tagging syntax.
5. Important: Conga Sign integration with Collaborate does support required and optional tags, but you must set it using tagging syntax.

6. If there is not already an Action associated with the Collaborate document, add the Accept action, select Conga Sign for the Electronic Signature field, and click Save.
7. On the right-hand side, click Next Steps.
8. Click the Publish Now button.
9. Click Add People under the Step 2 section.
 - Select existing recipients from the Search People field or fill out the First Name, Last Name, Email Address fields to send the document to a new recipient.
 - Select Yes for the Signer? radio button to designate an individual as a Signer.
 - Fill in the appropriate value for the Signer Order field to determine the order in which the signer receives to document for signature.
 - This field is only required if there are multiple signers.
 - If there are multiple signers pre-tagged in the Collaborate document, ensure that their Signer Order value corresponds to the intended tag. For example, if Person A is intended to sign first and correspond to the \signature1\ tag located at the top of the Collaborate document, ensure that you assign Person A the Signer Order value of 1.
10. Click Next after adding the signer(s).
11. Click Send Email Now.
12. Click Include all recipients to ensure that all identified recipients receive the Collaborate document and signature requests.
13. Use the +BCC, Template, Subject, and Message fields to customize the email that recipients receive.
14. Click Send.

The Signing Experience with Collaborate and Conga Sign

After sending a Collaborate document integrated with Conga Sign, recipients receive an email in which they can open and access the Collaborate document.

Once a recipient clicks the View Document button, the sender is notified via email that the recipient has opened and viewed the Collaborate document.

In the Collaborate document, the recipient is prompted to review the content and click a call-to-action, such as Accept. The Collaborate document then takes the recipient to the Conga Sign signing user interface.

In the eSignature Adoption and Terms section of Conga Sign, the recipient has the option to choose between various signature styles or to draw their own signature. Once the recipient is satisfied with their signature style, they can click the Agree and Start Signing button to proceed with signing the Collaborate document.

Recipients simply click the Conga Sign tags to fill out their signature or initials. For other fields such as Title and custom text tags, recipients must click the tags and type in the relevant information. When all required tags are complete, the recipient completes and returns the document by clicking the Complete Signing button.

Upon all signers completing the signature process, the sender and recipients are notified and may view the final signed document as an online Collaborate document or download it as a PDF file.

i The signed document is not completed until all designated signers have signed. If there are multiple signers that have not yet signed, the document will not show as complete to the sender and preceding signers.

Audit Trail and Tracking the Signature Process

The sender and recipients receive helpful status updates throughout the signature process, including email updates that detail who has viewed the document, who has signed the document, and completion of all signatures.

In addition to email notifications, the sender and recipients may see the current status of the signature process by viewing the online document from the initial email message. Senders may also see a more detailed signature history of the document by accessing the Audit Trail in Collaborate. The audit trail is easily accessed by clicking a completed signature or initial tag in the final PDF document. Senders can access the audit trail and the final signed document from the document record in Collaborate as well.

For more information about the Collaborate and Conga Sign integration, see [Collaborate and Conga Integration FAQs](#) and the [Using Conga Collaborate with Conga Sign video](#).

Creating a Custom Signature Block

Our proprietary eSignature tool enables you to customize the information you receive from clients when they sign your documents. The eSignature can be set up only by a system administrator after it has been enabled by Conga Collaborate.

To create a custom signature block

1. Click the User Drop Down Menu (your avatar)
2. Click Administration
3. Click Signature Blocks
4. Click New Signature Block (this takes you to an Add Signature Block page, where you see fields you can add and label; Name your block)
5. Click Add Field for each field you want in your signature block
6. Label each field so that the information you're asking for is clear
7. Choose the form the entry will take by choosing from the Field Type box to the left: text, email, phone, number, or date
8. Check out the Preview to make sure you have set up exactly the signature block you wanted. Make any changes in the fields; clear a label field to delete it
9. When you have it right, click save. You can always go back and edit by clicking Edit from your Signature Blocks page

You can create custom signature blocks to fit any common situation and [place them into your documents](#) as necessary.

DocuSign: Adding multiple signers

With DocuSign, you can add multiple signers to a document, specify signer order, and assign DocuSign signer roles.

Permissions Needed: All users can add signers

Feature Requirements: Requires DocuSign to be enabled for your account.

Adding multiple signers

To add multiple signers to a document

1. Open your document.
2. If you are on a contract type document, skip to step 3. Otherwise, follow these steps:
Open the Integrations panel to ensure that the DocuSign box is checked.
3. Open the People panel.
4. Click Add People.
5. Enter recipient information and assign signer order. Add as many recipients as you wish by clicking Add Another Recipient and set signer order for each. You can edit signer information after it has been added to the document by clicking on the gear icon in the recipients' contact card:

If a proposal includes post-acceptance forms, you'll see a checkbox when you add signers to control whether that signer can fill out those forms.

Notes about using multiple signers:

- Document signers must use their unique, individual links to access and sign the document. Using the document's public URL will allow the signer to review the document but does not give signing access.
- You can still add recipients who are not signers, called collaborators. Collaborators have read-only access.
- A document will be marked as Declined when any single signer declines.
- The document's owner gets an email notification when the document has been signed by all signers.
- Signers receive individual email notifications when it is their turn to sign, as well as confirmation emails after they have signed the document.

DocuSign: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

Integrate DocuSign into your Conga Collaborate account in order to access a powerful, full-featured e-signature platform. You can capture client signature and initials using standard DocuSign tags. You can also collect other client information within Conga Collaborate by using custom DocuSign tags that you define.

Integration Features

The DocuSign-Conga Collaborate integration gives you:

- Signature block placed at the end of your document automatically
- E-signature variables that allow you to dictate where your client signature and initials will go
- Signed PDF of the document that includes the e-signable Attachments
- Email notifications for when your document is viewed and signed
- Ability to create custom DocuSign tags that allow our clients to enter information into your Conga Collaborate document - Note: Available with DocuSign Pro only
- Send on Behalf - improves record accuracy by automatically setting Conga Collaborate document owners as owners of the corresponding DocuSign envelopes
- Certificate of Completion - attaches extra information about the signer to the signed PDF Before you Begin
- You need System Administrator permissions. Integrating DocuSign with Conga Collaborate

To enable the integration

1. From your user drop-down in the upper right-hand corner, go to Administration.
2. Integrations
3. DocuSign.
4. Enter your DocuSign Username and Password.
5. If you are using a demo DocuSign account, select Demo Endpoint.
6. Check the box for Send on Behalf.
Note: In order for this feature to work, the end user must have the same email address in both Conga Collaborate and DocuSign.
7. Click Show Accounts.
8. Select the account you wish to integrate with Conga Collaborate.
9. Click Connect.
Note: Your DocuSign Administrator MUST perform the connection with your DocuSign

account (if a standard DocuSign user connects the integration, DocuSign will only recognize the integration user as someone who is creating envelopes inside of DocuSign).

Using Conga Collaborate's DocuSign integration

To enable DocuSign for the document/template

1. Open your document or template.
2. Click the Integrations panel.
3. Select DocuSign in the Electronic Signature section. Adding signature variables By default, Conga Collaborate adds a signature block at the very end of the document. If you would like your client to sign or initial the document in other places:
4. Open the Content panel.
5. Select Variables.
6. Click ESignature.
7. Add specific DocuSign variables to where you would like DocuSign tags placed throughout your document. Conga Collaborate supports the following DocuSign tags by default:

Note: To add tags for additional signers, insert `/s#/` into the document, where `#` is replaced with the number of your signer

- `/s1/` adds a signature field for signer 1
- `/i1/` adds an initial field for signer 1

To add signers and designate signer order

1. Open the People panel.
2. Click Add People.
3. Enter recipient information and assign signer order. You can edit signer information after it is added to the document by clicking on the gear icon in the recipients' contact card:

Signing the document

Once the client reviews and clicks Accept, the signature process moves into DocuSign. The client follows the on-screen directions to complete the signature process. After signature is completed, both the signer and the document owner receive email notifications indicating that the document is signed.

Generating e-signable attachments

Conga Collaborate document attachments can be included in the e-signable DocuSign envelope:

1. Open your document and click Attachments at the bottom of the Table of Contents panel.
2. Click Add File to upload from your desktop or click Cloud File to download from a configured cloud storage service.
3. Choose your attachment and upload it.
4. Beside your attachment, check the Include in ESignable PDF checkbox.
5. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 with as many files as you'd like to attach to your Conga Collaborate document.

DocuSign: Recipient redlining permissions

You can determine who can make change requests to a contract document.

Sales reps can determine which recipients can make and submit change requests to a contract document. The redlining permission in Conga Collaborate gives recipients permission to redline independent of their signer status. Reps have the option to add collaborators who can or cannot redline, as well as signers who can or cannot redline.

Permissions Needed: All users can add signers and set redlining permissions

Feature Requirements: Redlining is only available with contract type documents.

To assign redlining permissions

1. From within the contract document, click the People panel.
2. Click Add People (or edit a recipient previously added to the document).
3. Click Advanced Permissions.
4. Check (or uncheck) the box next to Can redline. Default settings give redlining permissions to all signers; non-signers default to no redlining permissions.

DocuSign: Retrieving Certificate of Completion and Signature Information

Offers detailed information related to a signer's digital identity and document activity

DocuSign's Certificate of Completion offers detailed information related to a signer's digital identity and document activity. You may choose to include this information from DocuSign with each accepted document's PDF download.

Permissions Needed: Conga Collaborate System Administrator

To retrieve a digital certificate with each document download

1. From your user dropdown, go to Administration > Integrations > DocuSign.
2. Click to select the checkbox next to Include Certificate of Completion with Signed PDF.
3. Click Save.

All documents executed using DocuSign will now include the Certificate of Completion at the bottom of the PDF download.

DocuSign: Sending Multiple Quotes

Send multiple quotes in one document and allow a customer to select options and sign with DocuSign.

To add multiple quotes within a document

1. Add your quotes within the Table of Contents of your document
2. Click on the Wheel icon located to the right of a quote
3. Select Edit Properties. A Page Properties window appears
4. Click Allow Acceptance with Overall Proposal Agreement underneath the Acceptance header
5. Ensure that the Include this content with the e-signature button is also selected
6. Click Save
7. Repeat steps 2 through 6 with any additional quotes that you are adding to your document

Publishing and sending a document to a client gives them the ability to accept your quote(s) from within the proposal by choosing a quote from the Table of Contents—or after clicking the Sign/Accept button.

DocuSign: Using Custom Tags

You can use custom tags to collect additional information from your clients, like purchase order #, title, address, phone, etc..

Conga Collaborate automatically adds a signature field for each one of your Signers at the very bottom of the document. If there are additional places within the document you would like to receive a signature (or initials), you can utilize Custom Tags (or Custom Fields, if you are using the new DocuSign experience).

To create custom tags using DocuSign Classic

1. In your DocuSign account, click the user icon in the upper right corner
2. Click Preferences
3. From the menu on the left, look for Member Options and choose Custom Tags
4. Click Add to create a new custom tag
 - Fill out the Label field with a descriptive name
 - Choose the Type of the field. In most cases where custom signer input is required the type will be Text Box
 - Check the "Shared" checkbox in the "The Form Field is" section. Optionally, you can make the field required here as well
 - Fill out the Anchor field by following the instructions in the "Creating Anchor/AutoPlace Text" section below. Follow these steps to create custom tags using the new DocuSign experience:
5. In your DocuSign account, click the user icon to the upper right corner
6. Click Go to Admin
7. From the menu on the left, look for Signing and Sending and choose Custom Fields
8. Click Add Field to create a new custom tag
 - Fill out the Name field with a descriptive name
 - Choose the Type of the field. In most cases where custom signer input is required the type will be Text Field
 - Check the "Shared" checkbox. Optionally, you can make the field required by checking "Required field"
 - Fill out the AutoPlace Text field by following the instructions below

Creating Anchor/AutoPlace Text Anchor Text and AutoPlace Text are functionally the same things, but simply have different names depending on which version of DocuSign you are using. The following section will use the name Anchor text, but the instructions apply to both. Anchor text is recognized as an input area within a document executed through DocuSign. Anchor text needs to follow the following format: \fieldname{r}\ For example, if you create a field named Example Tag, the anchor text could be \exampletag{r}\ (you can make it be whatever you want but we recommend mirroring the name of the tag). The "{r}" of the anchor text acts as a variable for signer order. Within Conga

Collaborate, the {r} is to be replaced with the number of the signer you want to fill out that field:

9. To offer the custom tag to the 1st signer in our example, enter \exampletag1\ into the Conga Collaborate document
10. To offer the custom tag to the 2nd signer, enter \exampletag2\ into the Conga Collaborate document

The last step is to change the color of the anchor text so it doesn't show in the signable document. DocuSign recommends changing the font color of anchor text to the same color as the page background of the PDF (normally white). When the recipient of the document clicks the Accept button on your Conga Collaborate document, a DocuSign window appears with the PDF version of your document. The PDF will include input areas wherever you've placed anchor text.

Conga Collaborate Document Signing

Conga Collaborate utilizes the power of e-signature tools to make sending and signing online documents easy and streamlined. You can determine the level of access to a document, track the status of individual signers, and easily adjust signer order – all from within Conga Collaborate. This article will explain the permissions you can give to document recipients as well as the different signing experiences available through Conga Collaborate and DocuSign.

To learn about how to send documents to recipients, see the article [Delivering Online Documents to your Recipients](#)

Set Recipients' Permissions

With the Conga Collaborate document signing process, you can easily specify what level of access each person has for a document that is shared with them. Below are the recipient permissions by document type(s) on which those permissions are available:

Proposals & Contracts

Signer – recipient can sign the document
 Can add signers – recipient is allowed to add other signers to the document
 Can add collaborators – recipient is allowed to add other people to view the document (but not sign)

Contracts Only

Can redline – recipient is allowed to redline and make change requests to the text of the document

Adding Multiple Signers

Conga Collaborate has two signing experiences depending on the type of document you are using (proposal or contract) and whether or not you have DocuSign. This section will walk through the signing experience with multiple signers in scenarios where you sign with and without DocuSign.

Proposals without DocuSign

When DocuSign is not enabled you can still add multiple signers to a document using the built-in Conga Collaborate e-signature tool, but Conga Collaborate defaults to a “first come, first sign” approach. This means that whoever signs the document first will sign it for everybody listed as a signer on the document. This workflow is useful if, for example, you have multiple sales directors who can all sign off on a document and you only need one signature from the group.

Alternatively, Conga Collaborate supports setting signer order in cases where you need multiple signatures for a document.

Once this is turned on, follow these steps to set signer order:

1. On the template, in the Properties panel in the Document Options section, check the box “Require All Signers for Acceptance”
2. Either on the template (if you want the signers to be on every document generated from that template) or on a generated document, add people as recipients as described earlier in this article
3. Set the signer order by putting the desired order number in the “Signer Order” text field

Once signers have been added to a document, you can change signer order by clicking on the drop-down arrow next to the recipient’s signer number and choosing a different position.

Proposals and Contracts with DocuSign

If DocuSign is enabled in your account, signer order is enabled by default. Add recipients as described earlier and set their signer order. Signer order can still be changed by clicking on the drop-down arrow and choosing a different position.

In signing documents both with and without DocuSign, signer order cannot be changed once a signer has clicked the "Accept" button.

Restoring Deleted Recipients

Recipients can be deleted at any time before they use their unique URL to view the document and Conga Collaborate will not keep any record of those recipients being added to the document. However, if recipients have viewed the document and you now want to delete them, Conga Collaborate will mark those recipients as deleted but keep record of them on the document. Their unique document URLs will be invalidated and they will no longer be able to view the document. If at some point you want to add them back as a recipient on the document, you can do so by going to the People tab and clicking Restore on the recipient's business card. This will re-activate the unique document URL and allow them to view or sign the document (depending on the permissions you gave them originally).

Conga Collaborate eSig: Creating multiple quotes

Forget sending multiple documents and going back and forth to discuss options. You can create multiple quotes in Salesforce, generate them into a Conga Collaborate document and quickly send them to prospects. Your prospects choose which quote they wish, accept the document, and sign the chosen quote all within the same document.

To create quotes within a document in Salesforce

1. Click Opportunity.
2. Create New Opportunity.
3. Select the account (your prospect) who will receive the quotes.
4. Fill out all the necessary fields. These vary according to your organization.
5. Click Save. Your Opportunity screen appears.
6. Scroll down to Quotes.
7. Click New Quote.
8. Create a quote name (Option 1, in this example).
9. Click Save. Your Opportunity screen appears.
10. Click Add Line Item under Quote Line Items. (Ensure that you have set up your price book.)
11. Select all products you wish to include in this quote.
12. Click Select.
13. Provide quantities and apply any discounts.
14. Click Save. Quote Option 1 appears under Quotes.

15. Create as many different quotes as you wish using this process, then click New Conga Collaborate Document. You see the Build view of a document with your Quote information.

After you edit and publish your document, the prospect can accept and sign whichever quote he or she wants. The signed PDF that the prospect receives shows only the selected quote, and all data syncs to Salesforce.

In your Salesforce account, you see the accepted data as soon as the document is accepted.

View Documents Awaiting My Signature

Internal signers will see all of the documents awaiting their signature.

Internal signers, those signers who are within your organization, will now be able to see all of the documents awaiting their signature. This feature will be on automatically and doesn't require any Conga Collaborate administrator intervention.

Users will simply need to log in and will see this in their dashboard view. Now users with multiple documents to sign don't have to worry about missing them or finding the email alert to sign.

Forms

Use forms in an online Collaborate document.

Forms: Using formulas for number fields

You can set a default number for a number field. For example, you can set the standard price for a Service Cost and for an Additional Computer Monitor by selecting the field with the double arrows. The panel gives you a field where you can set the Default Value.

A rep can change this value when filling out the form; otherwise, it remains the default value.

Number fields can be combined into mathematical equations. The result of these equations will be set as the default value. For example, the Subtotal can be the sum of the value in the Keyboard Fee times the value that is placed in for the Keyboard Quantity. Or the Total can be the sum of all of the Subtotal Fields.

Formstack: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

Conga Collaborate has easy to connect integration capabilities with Formstack.

To connect your Conga Collaborate account to Formstack

1. From the User Drop Down menu, Click Administration
2. Click Integrations
3. Select Authorize Formstack
4. Enter your Formstack login credentials with the highest level of permissions
5. Click the green Authorize button in the left-hand corner to grant access to the API request

Conga Collaborate authenticates the Formstack integration once it is granted access.

Formstack: Pre-fill form fields with Salesforce or document variables

You can bring Conga Collaborate data into an embedded Formstack form by mapping fields.

Pre-fill an embedded Formstack form using Conga Collaborate or Salesforce variables.

When a client fills out a Formstack form within a Conga Collaborate document, it is helpful to have certain fields on the form pre-populated with data that you previously captured.

1. Within the template or document build view, open the Content panel and select Forms from the drop-down menu.
2. Drag the form into the Table of Contents on the left side of your screen.
3. Select the gear icon that appears when you hover over the form page name and click Edit Properties.
4. In the Variable Name dropdown, select the variable you would like to use.
5. In the Form Field dropdown, select the form field that you would like to receive the variable value.
6. Click Add Mapping.

Repeat steps 4-6 for as many variables as you want to map into the form.

Formstack: Setting up a Form

You'll likely use certain common fields in your Formstack forms over and over. For those—and for anything else you might want—you can build your form with manual entry fields, drop-down menus, or checkboxes.

To set up a form in Formstack

1. Create a blank form in Formstack
2. Click the Build tab
3. Add sections based on however you would like to organize your fields (section fields live in the left-hand panel - find them under Structural Fields within the Fields tab). You may, for example, want sections for:
 - a. Contact information
 - b. Product options
 - c. Pricing
4. Drag and drop fields into your sections - choose from short answer fields, drop-down lists, checkboxes, or number fields

Formstack: Using a form in a document

In order to use a Formstack form just attach it to your Conga Collaborate document.

Using forms with Conga Collaborate documents is made simple by our powerful integration with Formstack. This article will discuss the different options available for using forms and the benefits of each.

Forms are a great way to gather data with Conga Collaborate documents. They can kick off the next process in a workflow or simply allow for a deeper analysis of your customer's needs. The below options are some ways for forms to fit into your workflow.

Options for using a Formstack form in your Conga Collaborate document:

1. Survey – if you want Conga Collaborate users to enter information for the document when the document is created and then have that information available as variables to use on the document. This can only be configured on a template.
2. New, separate page in your document – if you want to [pre-fill fields on the form](#) using Salesforce data.
3. Embedded within an existing page – if you want the form to have Collaborate content on the page with it.

4. Post-acceptance form – if you want your recipient to fill out the form after accepting a document.

To add the form as a Survey:

1. In the template build view, open the Integrations panel.
2. In the Formstack section, click Choose.
3. Select your form and then click Assign Survey.

Once a form is added as a Survey, open the Content panel in the build view, select the Variables dropdown, and then click Survey to see the variables available from that form. These variables can be added to your document using the % tool or the drag and drop method.

To add the form as a new page

1. Within the template build view, open the Content panel and select Forms from the drop-down menu.
2. Drag the form over to the Table of Contents and insert it as a new page. To add the form to an existing page:
3. Within the template or document build view, open the Content panel and select Forms from the drop-down menu.
4. Drag the form you need into the current page. The form will insert wherever your cursor is located.

You can manually edit the height and width of the iframe containing the form in the source code editor.

To add a post-acceptance form

1. Add a new section to your Table of Contents.
2. Open the Content panel and select Forms from the drop-down menu.
3. Drag the form over to the Table of Contents and insert it into your new section.
4. Click the gear icon next to your new Section title and select Edit Properties.
5. Check the box next to Display section once the document is accepted.

You can only use post-acceptance forms if you are using Conga Collaborate's e-signature tool.

Salesforce

Integrate online Collaborate documents with Salesforce.

Connect a Salesforce Integration

Integrate Conga Collaborate with Salesforce to bring the power of your CRM to your document generation process.

Conga Collaborate's integration with Salesforce supports the following versions:

- Unlimited
- Enterprise
- Professional

Conga Collaborate's robust integration with Salesforce allows users to create documents from data-driven templates, thereby reducing document creation time, eliminating user errors, and ensuring content consistency. Additionally, integrating Conga Collaborate and Salesforce increases adoption of both platforms, keeps systems in sync, and provides a fluid end-to-end document workflow.

- [Install & Configure Salesforce Managed package](#)
- [Edit Page Layout of Launching Object](#)

Salesforce: Contact and Signer Mapping

Conga Collaborate administrators can automatically assign document signer roles and permissions based on contact records or other contact fields in Salesforce. Conga Collaborate calls this Contact and Signer Mapping.

Contact and Signer Mapping gives Conga Collaborate administrators a way to automate the signing process by assigning default signer roles and permissions to a Salesforce contact, rather than having to add recipients and set roles and permissions each time a new document is generated.

i This feature is not intended to be used to assign a specific person to always be a signer (example: Signer 2 is always the CEO, John Doe). [Specific default recipients and their permissions can be set on the template level](#). Rather, these features allow an admin to map Salesforce contacts to be added automatically to a Conga Collaborate document with a specific set of recipient permissions.

For example, many Conga Collaborate administrators want the primary contact on an Opportunity to be the first signer for their documents, or they may want to add all contacts in a certain role (Technical Buyer, Legal Counsel, etc) to a document as signers.

To configure Contact fields

Determine where your contact info will come from by choosing the launching object and fields you would like to use to add recipients on your Conga Collaborate document.

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner of the screen, go to Administration → Integrations → Salesforce → Edit
2. Scroll down to and expand the Contacts area, in the section labeled Manage

Manage Features

Products Quotes Email Attachments

Product Settings

Quote Settings

Email

Contacts

Select Launching Object

Select Launching Object

Features.

3. Choose your document launching object, usually Opportunity, Lead, or Account.
4. Choose the appropriate referenced fields or child object you would like to use to create the recipients on your Conga Collaborate document. In this example, we will be selecting the OpportunityContactRoles object, and then the Contact referenced field.
5. Choose the Salesforce fields that you would like to populate the First Name, Last Name, and Email Address of your recipients. In this example, we will be selecting the First Name, Last Name, and Email fields from the Contact object.

Contacts

Select Launching Object

Opportunity

NotesAndAttachments
OpenActivities
OpportunityCompetitors
OpportunityContactRoles
Feeds
Histories
OpportunityHistories
OpportunityLineItems
OpportunityPartnersFrom
Shares
OpportunityTeamMembers
Partners
ProcessInstances
ProcessSteps

Referenced Fields

Opportunity
Contact
CreatedBy
LastModifiedBy

Referenced Fields

Account
Owner
CreatedBy
LastModifiedBy

Contact Field Mapping

First Name
First Name

Last Name
Last Name

Email Address
Email

Save


6. Click Save.
7. Repeat this process for as many launching objects as you use for your documents.

Now that you have configured your contact fields, you can automatically assign contacts, roles, and permissions using Contact Mappings.

This feature is used to map signers only. If you want to add contacts as collaborators, then you only need to complete the steps in the above section. You will still need to click Add Salesforce Contacts when adding recipients to the document.

To map your Contacts

1. From your User dropdown in the top right corner of the screen, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
2. Scroll down to the section labeled Contact Mappings.
3. Select the object that you would like to use. In this example we will use the "OpportunityContactRole" object that we mapped earlier.

 This feature only works with contacts mapped as a child object of your launching object. You cannot use it with contacts found in lookup fields from your launching object.

4. Select the field that you would like to use to filter contacts that get added as signers. In this example we will use the "Primary" field.
5. Select the appropriate value by which you want to filter your contacts. In this example we will use "True", to automatically assign the Primary Contact as the first signer.
6. Choose the sorting field you would like to use. This will determine the signer order of your recipients (if multiple contacts meet your filter criteria).
7. Assign the appropriate permissions for the signer:
8. "Auto Import Upon Document Creation" - when the document is created, all of the Salesforce contacts that are both associated with your launching record and meet your filter criteria will be added to the document.
9. "Can Add Signers" - gives the signer permission to add additional signers to the document.
10. "Can Add Collaborators" - gives the signer permission to add additional collaborators to the document.
11. "Can Redline" - gives the signer permission to redline the document. (Contract document type only)
12. Click Save.
13. Repeat this process for as many launching objects as you use for your documents.

To make sure the correct signers are being added to your contract

1. Navigate to your launching object in Salesforce, in this example, the Opportunity.

2. Create a document.
3. Open the People panel on the right side of the document editor. If you selected "Auto Import Upon Document Creation" during signer mapping, you will notice that all contacts meeting your filter criteria have been added as signers, with the signer order determined by the Sort field. In our example, the Primary Contact on the Opportunity would have been added as Signer #1. If "Auto Import Upon Document Creation" was not selected, then you will need to add recipients by clicking Add People and then Add Salesforce Contacts. All contacts that meet your filter criteria will then be added as signers with the permissions you selected.

Creating Documents Integrated with Salesforce

This Solution Guide will walk Conga Collaborate administrators through the complete list of tasks required to set up a Conga Collaborate solution that allows users to:

- Launch a document from a Salesforce record
- Auto-generate content in the document based on Salesforce data
- Share the document with a recipient via email sent directly from Conga Collaborate
- Allow a recipient to sign electronically using Conga Collaborate e-Signature
- This solution works well for a variety of use cases. Some common examples include:
 - Send an NDA for execution
 - Deliver a standard new business proposal
 - Create and send renewal or upsell documents to your customers

Generating documents from Salesforce provides several benefits to your organization:

- Create customized documents more quickly using data from Salesforce records
- Reduce errors by automatically customizing documents based on Salesforce data
- Easily view documents associated with a record on related lists in Salesforce
- Work within one system by generating documents with Conga Collaborate inside Salesforce and keep both systems in sync
- Save time from routine tasks by having Conga Collaborate update fields in Salesforce based on document activity (such as updating Opportunity Stage to Closed/Won when a document is signed)

Below are the typical steps an admin should take to build a fully integrated Conga Collaborate template. In this example, we're assuming that you're modeling your template off of an existing MS Word document.

Step 1: Configure the Salesforce Integration

1. **Install Conga Collaborate in Salesforce:** If you have not already done so, start by connecting your Salesforce and Conga Collaborate environments. For instructions on installing Conga Collaborate in a Salesforce sandbox or production org and connecting the environments, see [Connect Salesforce Integration](#).
2. **Install Buttons and Lists on your Launching Object:** Your Conga Collaborate document will be launched from and relate back to specific records in Salesforce. Once you determine your document launching object, install the Conga Collaborate buttons and lists on that object page layout. Check out [Install Oktiv Buttons and Lists](#) for more information on determining your launching object and adding buttons and lists to your layout.
3. **Map Salesforce Data into Conga Collaborate:** Once you know your document launching object, take a look at the document you're planning to build and determine which parts of the document could be dynamic, meaning:
 - Where would you like the text in the document to merge in Salesforce fields? (example: customer name)
 - Where would you like text or pages to show or hide based on Salesforce data?
 - Where would you like tables to present sets of data from Salesforce? (example: pricing table with product info)

Consider annotating your existing Word or PDF documents with notes on the specific Salesforce fields that will drive the dynamic behavior of your document in Conga Collaborate and how they are related to your launching object. Then, follow the [Mapping Incoming data](#) article to map your Salesforce fields to Conga Collaborate so they're ready to use.

Step 2: Build a Conga Collaborate Template

After setting up your Salesforce integration, build a Salesforce-integrated template. For an even more detailed walk-through, you can check out the full length [Creating Conga Collaborate Templates](#) article.

Start a New Template

1. There are two ways to create a template:
 - a. From the Dashboard, click the Create button. In the dropdown menu, select Template. Give your template a name, select its type, and click Create.
 - b. From the Templates list, click Create Template. Give your template a name, select its type, and click Create.

2. Open the Properties panel, open the Design tab, and choose a Theme for your template. A Theme controls the general styling of your document. If you haven't created a theme yet, check out our [Creating Conga Collaborate Themes](#) article.
3. If this document will be signed electronically or if you'd like to allow customers to submit questions, add the Ask a Question button or the Sign button in the top-right of the document. For more information on Call to Action buttons, see our [Call to Action button](#) article.

Add Content to your Template

1. Before you start adding text, tables, or images to your template, break down your existing document into sections and pages. Those sections and pages will drive how you build the Table of Contents in your new template. For more information, see [Create Pages/sections structure in the TOC](#).
2. Once you've built the Table of Contents, copy and paste content from your Word document into the appropriate pages within the Conga Collaborate template. We have some special tools to help the copy/paste process go more smoothly. For more, see [Copy and Paste from Word](#).
3. Use the Conga Collaborate editor to format the content you've pasted in or insert images, tables, pages breaks, and more. For more information, see [Using the Editor](#). As much as possible, let your selected Theme determine the styling of your content. If you find that you are constantly changing styling within the document itself, consider making changes to your Theme instead.

Add Dynamic Behavior

Once you've started adding content to your template, you can start adding Salesforce variables and logic to drive dynamic behavior:

1. Open the Content panel, select Variables, and choose the dropdown containing the type of variable you want to insert. When you place your cursor into the document, a "+" will appear next the variable names. Clicking this will insert the variable. Alternatively, you can type "%variable_name" into the document, and you will be presented with a list of dynamically filtered variables to insert into your content. See [Variables](#) for more information.
2. Use Insert -
3. Conditional Content to create sections of text or content in your documents that will only show based on specific criteria. See [Conditional content](#) for more information.
4. Use the gear icon next to a page in your Table of Contents to open Page Properties and add page include logic, allowing the page to only show based on specific criteria. See [Conditional sections/pages](#) for more information.

5. Use Insert -
6. Table to start building a table that will automatically populate with child object data from Salesforce, like contacts or products related to a launching record. See [Pricing Tables](#) for more information.
7. If you would to update Salesforce when this document is signed or other events occur, see [Outgoing Data](#) for more information.

If you don't see the Salesforce fields you need to build your dynamic behavior, refer to the Mapping Incoming data article. For even more detailed information on creating templates within Conga Collaborate and optional additional configurations, go to [Creating Conga Collaborate Templates](#).

Step 3: Test your Template

During and following the build of your template, ensure that you are testing! Your testing will follow a similar workflow as the sample document in the video at the top of this article. In brief, follow these steps to test a typical document workflow:

CREATE

1. Login to Salesforce and navigate to your launching object.
2. Go to the Octiv Documents related list and click New Document. If you have not set up [Template Mapping](#), you will need to select the document you'd like to create.
3. Turn on Preview in the document Table of Contents and review the document content, confirming the dynamic behavior you have configured is working as desired.

CUSTOMIZE

1. Turn off Preview to manually edit any unlocked pages or sections of the document.
2. If your workflow includes adding content from the content library or leveraging tasks, test to ensure that the desired editing process can be executed successfully.

SHARE

1. Open the Next Steps tab and click Publish to finalize the document for sending.
2. Click Add People and follow the prompts to send the document.
3. Use the email you received to open the document and review it. While testing, we recommend opening in an incognito window so that your current session doesn't recognize you.
4. Test the document's Call to Action buttons (ex: Ask a Question or Accept), and if needed, go through the process of electronically signing the document.

5. If you have set up Outgoing Data rules, (ex: upon Acceptance, update Opportunity Stage to Closed Won) confirm updates were made appropriately in Salesforce.

TRACK

1. On your Salesforce launching object, review the Oktiv Documents related list to confirm the document is accessible and the document data has updated.
2. Click on the document name to open the Conga Collaborate document, and then open the Track panel and select View Full Report to review the tracking information.

We recommend sitting down with a group of pilot users who are adaptable to new technology and have them test as well. Record feedback and make revisions following user testing.

Step 4: Deploy Your Solution

Formal deployments look different in every organization, the important thing is that users are notified, trained, and have the proper incentive to use their new process.

If you have questions about how to deploy your new process to your team, check out our [Deployment Guide](#) for more information.

Install Conga Collaborate Buttons and Lists in Salesforce

The Conga Collaborate Document buttons and Conga Collaborate Document Related List allow your users to create documents from directly within Salesforce and view and access lists of Conga Collaborate documents related to specific records inside Salesforce.

Launching documents from Salesforce and storing records of documents back to Salesforce increases adoption of both your Salesforce and Conga Collaborate platforms, keeps both systems in sync, and provides a fluid end-to-end document workflow.

Permissions Needed

Salesforce permissions to edit page layouts and objects

Determine Your Launching Object

Before you start, determine your document launching object. This is the Salesforce object that you wish to launch documents from and relate documents back to in Salesforce.

Opportunity and Account are the most common Salesforce launching objects. However, Conga Collaborate supports launching from the Opportunity, Account, Lead, Case, and Contact objects by default. You can also launch from other objects, including custom objects, with some additional setup. Below are instructions for both scenarios.

Many Conga Collaborate admins desire to launch some document templates from one object type, and some document templates from another. Conga Collaborate works well in this scenario. NDAs and MSAs, for example, are often launched from an Account record whereas proposals, quotes, or order forms are often launched from Opportunity records.

Because launching objects are critical to determining how variables are mapped and logic statements are written in documents using Salesforce logic, Conga Collaborate recommends avoiding trying to launch one template from multiple objects types, such as launching a Scope of Work from both an Account AND an Opportunity object.

Install Conga Collaborate buttons and related list on the Account, Case, Contact, Lead, or Opportunity objects

1. Open the editor on the page layout for your respective object.
2. Using the editor palette, add the New Document button to the layout.
3. Click Related Lists and add the Oktiv Documents related list to your layout.
4. Customize the related list by adding fields to display; we recommend:
 - Document name
 - Created Date
 - Last Modified Date
 - Last Viewed
 - Status
 - Value
 - Views
5. Choose how you'd like your list to be sorted; we recommend sorting in Descending order by Last Modified Date.
6. Save your changes. You may be prompted to apply the changes; if so, click Yes.

Install Conga Collaborate buttons and the related list on other standard objects or custom objects

1. Open the object settings for the Oktiv Document object.
2. Create a new field on the object.
3. In Data Type, select Lookup Relationship. Click Next.
4. From the dropdown menu, select the object you'd like to lookup to. This will be your launching object for creating Conga Collaborate documents. Click Next.
5. Enter the Field Label and Field Name (without the __c) of the object you chose and click Next. The Field Name must exactly match the Object Name name of the object you are relating to Conga Collaborate Documents. (Optionally, you can make the

field required, set the deletion action, and create a lookup filter. We also recommend writing a good description for future documentation purposes.)

6. Make sure the lookup field is marked as visible to all profiles and not marked as read only. Click Next.
7. Optionally add the lookup field to the Octiv Document page layout. End users will never see this layout, so adding it is purely up to your preference. Click Next.
8. Create a related list label. We recommend Conga Collaborate Documents.
9. Add the related list to your lookup object page layouts as necessary. Click Save.

To verify that setup was completed correctly, go to the parent object and select a record. On the record detail page, the new related list should appear with a New Document button. Click the button, and a new Conga Collaborate Document should open within your Salesforce window.

Launching a document from a Salesforce record

When the Conga Collaborate managed package is installed in a Salesforce instance, a New Document button will become available from the launching object that your Conga Collaborate Admin has chosen. Many Conga Collaborate customers elect to launch documents directly from this button rather than using the Conga Collaborate interface to create them.

Use the Conga Collaborate managed package for Salesforce to create, edit, publish, and send documents all from directly within Salesforce.

Keep users working in one system to improve efficiency, help ensure data accuracy, and reduce user fatigue from using too many software systems.

1. Populate the proper data in Salesforce.
2. Create a new document using either the Octiv Documents related list or the custom New Document button.
3. [Edit](#) and share your document.

Check out the video below to learn more about launching, customizing, and sending Conga Collaborate documents using Salesforce.

Salesforce: Adding contacts to documents

Add your Salesforce contacts when emailing a document through Conga Collaborate. You can easily import the contact information for contacts related to your launching object. This feature works on any object in Salesforce, but when launching from the Opportunity or Account objects Conga Collaborate will by default pull contact information from the

Contact Roles related list on each object, while a custom object that uses a lookup to an account will pull all the Account level contacts. Contact your relationship manager if you do not see this feature in your account.

Reduce the time your users have to spend entering recipient information in a document by quickly and easily adding it from your Salesforce data.

1. Confirm that [contact mapping](#) has been configured in your Conga Collaborate account.
2. Create a document from your launching object.
3. Open the People panel on the right side of the document editor.
4. Add recipients by clicking Add People and then Add Salesforce Contacts.

For each launching object, you can configure either 1 (one) lookup field or 1 (one) related list from which to pull contact(s).

Salesforce: Adding the Conga Collaborate Document related list and buttons to page layouts

Conga Collaborate document buttons and the Conga Collaborate Document related list allow you to quickly generate documents and easily view which documents are associated with a particular Salesforce record.

Add the two standard Conga Collaborate buttons and the Conga Collaborate related list to your launching object page layout.

Due to legacy naming conventions, the related list is named "Oktiv Documents" on the Opportunity, Account, Contact, Case, and Lead objects.

The two standard buttons have different purposes:

- New Document - Creates a new Conga Collaborate document related to your launching record
- Add Existing Document - Allows users to associate previously created Conga Collaborate documents with the particular record

The Conga Collaborate Document related list enables you to see all Conga Collaborate documents associated with a particular record. You can also edit and delete documents directly from the related list.

Permissions Needed: Salesforce permission Customize Application

Related Articles:

- [Adding buttons to objects](#)
- [Adding documents to objects](#)
- [Associating a record to a Conga Collaborate document](#)

- [Relating objects to documents](#)

Salesforce Classic users

1. Navigate to a record from your launching object (in most cases this will be an Opportunity)
2. Click Edit Layout in the upper right of the screen
3. In the layout editor, click Buttons
4. Add the two buttons labeled Add Existing Document and New Document to the Custom Buttons section of the page layout
5. In the layout editor, click Related Lists
6. Add the Conga Collaborate Documents related list to your screen
7. Edit the fields displayed in the related list by clicking the wrench icon just above the list title
8. Select the fields that you would like to add to the list, we recommend:
 - Document name
 - Created Date
 - Last Modified Date
 - Last Viewed
 - Status
 - Value
 - Views
9. Choose how you'd like your list to be sorted. We recommend sorting by Last Modified Date in Descending order
10. Click OK
11. Click Save. You may be prompted to apply the changes to all user layouts; if so, click Yes

Salesforce Lightning users

1. Navigate to a record from your launching object (in most cases this will be an Opportunity)
2. Click the gear icon in the upper right-hand corner of the screen
3. Click Edit Object
4. Click Page Layouts
5. Select the page layout you want to change
6. In the layout editor, click Mobile & Lightning Actions
7. Add the two buttons labeled Add Existing Document and New Document to the Salesforce Mobile and Lightning Actions section of the page layout. There are two

New Document buttons available. You need to add the one with the name "tinderbox__new_tinderbox_document"

8. Follow steps 5-11 from the Salesforce Classic section above

Salesforce: Associating a Record to a Conga Collaborate Document

You don't have to leave Conga Collaborate to associate a document with a Salesforce object such as an Opportunity, Lead, Account, or Contact.

Associate an already-created document with a Salesforce record from within Conga Collaborate itself. You can associate a document in this way for the Opportunity, Lead, Account, or Contact objects.

Sometimes it is useful to associate a document with a Salesforce record from within Conga Collaborate itself. For example, while building and testing a new version of a template, you might want to connect it directly with a test Opportunity without having to go into Salesforce to create a document.

Confirm that your user is authorized to connect to Salesforce:

1. In your user dropdown in the top-right corner, click User Profile
2. On the General tab, scroll down to the Salesforce section and select Authorize Oktiv Salesforce Access

If successful, a success message and the connected Salesforce org ID will be displayed.

Connect a created document with a Salesforce record

1. From within the document build view, open the Integrations panel.
2. Next to Salesforce Opportunity, click Search.
3. In the pop-up window, select your Salesforce object. Opportunity, Lead, Account, and Contact are available.
4. Search for your desired record.
5. Select your record and click Assign. A success message should appear.
6. Click Refresh Variables to reload the document with data from your selected Salesforce record.

Salesforce: Changing a Document's Related Salesforce Record

You may want to assign Conga Collaborate document to unique or different objects (usually an opportunity).

Re-assign an already-created Conga Collaborate document to a different record in Salesforce.

Some example use cases:

- Document was created on an incorrect record and significant edits have been made, so you don't want to start from scratch with a new document.
- Document was created from a Contact record, and then that person leaves the client's company while editing the document and you want to associate it with your new client contact.

Confirm that your user is authorized to connect to Salesforce:

1. In your user dropdown in the top-right corner, click User Profile.
2. On the General tab, scroll down to the Salesforce section and select Authorize Collaborate Salesforce Access.

Note: If successful, a success message and the connected Salesforce org ID is displayed.

To associate a document in Draft with a different record

From within Conga Collaborate:

1. Open the document you wish to assign to a different record.
2. Open the Integrations panel.
3. Remove the CRM Integration ID.

From within Salesforce:

1. Navigate to the record that you wish to add your document to.
2. Click Add Existing Document.
3. Click the checkbox next to the document(s) you want.
4. Click Add to Opportunity.
5. Select Done Adding. You can now find these documents in your related list of Conga Collaborate documents associated with the record.

To associate a Published document with a different record:


1. Open the document.
2. Open the Integrations panel.
3. Remove the CRM Integration ID.
4. In Salesforce, navigate to the record that the document is currently associated with.
5. Delete the document from the related list and ensure to select the option to keep the document in Collaborate.
6. Navigate to the new record you want to associate the document with.
7. Click Add Existing Document.
- Note: Add this button to the Page Layout if it is not yet located on the Page Layout.
8. Click the checkbox next to the document you want to add to the record.
9. Click Add to Opportunity.
10. Select Done Adding.

The document is now added to the record's related list.

Salesforce: Configuring Product Pages

Product pages allow you to automatically create individual pages within a Conga Collaborate document for each child record on your launching object.

Using product pages, you can design a full-page that uses dynamic content associated with a product to create individual pages for product offerings. Product pages also allow you to access grandchildren records off of your launching object, so you could display the Quote Line Items associated with each Quote on an Opportunity.

 If you are using the standard Quote object in Salesforce, use the Quote Pages feature.

This is an advanced feature that requires knowledge of auto-generated content as well as a good understanding of how data is structured within Salesforce and interpreted in Conga Collaborate.

Permissions: Conga Collaborate System Administrator This article will use the following example to guide you in setting up product pages: We have set up an Opportunity hierarchy where we have a parent Opportunity custom object and a related child Opportunity object. We want to create a document that launches from the parent Opportunity record and contains one page for each child Opportunity record, complete with data from the child Opportunity record and the child's Opportunity Product data.

Terminology: In this scenario, the parent Opportunity custom object will be the document launching object (where you click the New Document button), and the child Opportunity

object will be the data source for the product page (the product page launching object). Each child Opportunity will contain Opportunity Products, which act as grandchild records of the launching object. The terms launching object and product page launching object will be used throughout this article, so make sure you understand which is which in your use case. Mapping Data for Product Pages Product page variables must be mapped in their own object, otherwise known as the product page launching object, within the Salesforce Integration page. Follow these steps:

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
2. Select your product page launching object in the Incoming Data section. In our example, this would be the standard Salesforce Opportunity object.
3. Map the fields you want to use that live on that object.
4. Map child-level product page variables to use as auto-generated content. In our example, these would be fields that are on the Opportunity Products object.
5. Confirm the setup of your product page mapping. In our example, it would be: Parent Opportunity variables mapped as their own launching objectChild Opportunity variables mapped as their own launching objectOpportunity Product variables mapped as children of the child Opportunity

Creating Product Pages Product pages are created as content pages within your Conga Collaborate Content library. Follow these steps to build a product page template:

1. Go to Content.
2. Click +Add New button.
3. Click Page.
4. Add the content for your product page.Add static content - text, images, links, etc.Add dynamic Salesforce content.Insert product page launching object variables in {{double braces}}. In our example, these would be fields on the Opportunity object.Insert product page child variables within [square brackets] and use the appropriate data-source. In most use cases, this involves creating an auto-generated table. In our example, these would be fields on the OpportunityLineItems object.
5. Name your product page. Naming a product page is one of the few scenarios in which you can use variables in the title of the page. Child object variables are often included in a page's name to differentiate the pagesDetermine the field in Salesforce that will name your page. This must be a field on the product page launching object (in our example, the Opportunity object)Make sure the field is mapped in the Salesforce Integration pageCopy and paste the API name of the field into your product page title surrounded by {{double braces}}

6. For example, if your child Opportunity name variable was Name, you could name your page Product Option – {{Name}} or just {{Name}}. In the latter example, if you had two child Opportunities with the names of New Business and Renewal, the product pages in your generated document would be named New Business and Renewal, respectively.
7. From your user dropdown in the top right corner, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
8. In the Manage Features section, click on the Product Settings tab.
9. Fill out the Product Section Title field. This names the section within your Conga Collaborate document where you want product pages to be created. If you type in the name of a current section of your template, the generated product pages will be added to that section. If you type a new section name, this section will be added at the end of your generated document.
10. Check the Create Product Pages checkbox.
11. Choose a Page Template. Select the Asset page you built in the Creating Product Pages section.
12. (Optional) Define a page include filter. This filter lets you include only pages for child records that meet the filter criteria. Using our example of the Opportunity Hierarchy from earlier, you might set a filter where a product page for the child Opportunities is only included if that child Opportunity has a stage of Proposal Creation. Example syntax: Stage == 'Proposal Creation'
13. Select your child object in the Custom Line Item Object Name field. In our example, it would be Opportunity.
14. Type in the Salesforce API name for the field that holds the ID of the parent object to the object you selected in step 7. This would be something like ParentOpportunityID in our example. No brackets are included around the API name.
15. (Optional) Define the field on your child object by which to sort the product pages within the document.
16. Select your document template from the list on the right. You can select multiple templates by Ctrl+clicking the templates you want to use.
17. Click Save.

Mapping Templates Product Pages only work when template mapping is enabled for the template you chose in step 10 above. Reference the article for more information on how to do this. **Launching your Document** Once all the above steps have been completed, create a document from within Salesforce. If everything was configured correctly, your generated document will contain a page for every child record on your launching object and each page will be populated with the content and data you defined in your Content page template.

Salesforce: Configuring quote pages

If you've enabled standard Quotes within Salesforce, you can create a page of content in Conga Collaborate for each quote, and your document recipient can accept each of these pages individually.

Quote pages allow you to quickly generate documents with multiple price points or packages, and your client can choose the option he or she wants.

You will create a page in your Content library that contains all the relevant content and variables from Salesforce to build out your quote page. This content page acts as a template for each Quote. When a document is generated, a separate page is created for each Quote record that is connected to the launching object from which you create your document.

For example, if you have three pricing options on your Opportunity, you can create three Quotes on the Opportunity in Salesforce, each with its own pricing structure, line items, and so forth. When you create a Conga Collaborate document off of that Opportunity, you will see three new pages created from the quote pages template that display all of the variables and line items from each quote.

You must be a system administrator to configure quotes.

Mapping Quote Fields

When mapping the fields that you want to use in your quote page, choose Quote as your launching object and map all of your fields (Quote fields, Quote Line Item fields, etc.) through the Quote object.

Creating Quote Pages

Follow these steps to build a quote page template:

1. Inside Conga Collaborate, go to the Content tab.
2. Click Add New.
3. Select Page.
4. Add the content for your quote page:
 - Add static content – text, images, links, etc.
 - Add dynamic Salesforce content:
 - Insert Quote object variables within {{double curly brackets}}.

- Insert Quote Line Item object variables within [square brackets] and use the appropriate data source. In most cases, this involves [creating an auto-generated table](#).
5. Name your quote page. Naming a quote page is one of the few scenarios in which you can use variables in the title of the page. Using a variable in the page name allows users and recipients to easily differentiate the pages.

Determine the field in Salesforce that will name your page. This must be a field on the Quote object.

Make sure the field is mapped in the Salesforce Integration settings.

Copy and paste the API name of the field into your quote page title surrounded by {{double curly brackets}}.

For example, if your Quote name variable was Name, you could name your page Quote Option - {{Name}} or just {{Name}}. In the latter example, if you had two Quotes with the names of Pricing Set A and Pricing Set B, the quote pages in your generated document would be named Pricing Set A and Pricing Set B, respectively.

Configuring Quote Pages

Determine where and how your quote pages land in your documents. Quote pages are configured within the Salesforce Integration settings in Conga Collaborate. Follow these steps:

1. From your user drop-down in the top right corner, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
2. In the Manage Features section, click on the Quote Settings tab.
3. From the Quote Settings menu, check Create Quote Pages.
4. Fill out the Quote Section Title field. This names the section within your Conga Collaborate document where you want your quote pages to land.
 - If you type in the name of a current section of your template, the generated quote pages will be added to that section.
 - If you type a new section name, this section will be added at the end of your generated document.
5. Choose a Quote Template. Select the Content page you created in the Creating Quote Pages section.
6. (Optional) Define a page include filter. This filter lets you include only pages for Quotes that meet the filter criteria. You might set a filter where a quote page is only included if the Quote has a value greater than \$10,000. Example syntax: Amount >= 10000

7. Click Sync Accepted Quote if you want the recipient's accepted Quote page to be automatically synced with your Opportunity. This feature pushes client selections within the document back to Salesforce.
8. (Optional) Assign your Conga Collaborate document a value based on a field on the accepted Quote.
9. Select your document template from the list on the right. You can select multiple templates by Ctrl+clicking the templates you want to use.
10. Click Save.

Mapping Templates

Quote pages only work when template mapping is enabled for the template(s) you chose in step 9 above. Reference this [article](#) for more information on how to do this.

Launching Your Document

Once all the above steps have been completed, create a document from an Opportunity within Salesforce. If everything was configured correctly, your generated document will contain a page for every Quote on your Opportunity and each page will be populated with the content and data you defined in your Quote page template.

In order to refresh variables on Quote pages, you must click the dropdown on the Refresh Variables button and select Refresh Variables and CRM Pages. This will pull in any updates you have made to your Quotes in Salesforce.

Salesforce: Creating Auto-generated Tables

Auto-generated tables allow users to quickly create tables in their documents that leverage sets of data from a CRM or other integrated system. You must be integrated with a CRM or other data source to leverage auto-generated tables in Conga Collaborate.

Conga Collaborate administrators can use an auto-generated table to create dynamic tables that display a set of child records related to your document's launching object. For example:

On a template that launches from a CRM Opportunity record, create a table that populates with data from the Opportunity Product line items.

On a template that launches from a CPQ Quote record, create a table that populates with data from the Quote line items.

On a template that launches from a CRM parent Account record, create a table that contains a list of child Account locations and address information.

In the above examples, the auto-generated tables use child object data. Some administrators may be interested in creating tables that access data from grandchildren objects. For example, launching a document from the Opportunity record that needs to gather data from a related quote object (child) and the quote line items on that quote (grandchildren). In these cases, the tables must be built using [advanced auto-generated content](#) attributes, [Product Pages](#), or [Repeatable Pages](#).

Creating an Auto-Generated Table

In this example, we'll create a pricing table in a template that uses data from OpportunityLineItems on an Opportunity record in Salesforce. The Opportunity is the document's launching object, and the OpportunityLineItems object (child object) acts as the source of data for the table.

Step 1: Create your table

1. Within a page, click Insert - > Insert Table from the editor toolbar.
2. Create a table that has three rows and as many columns as you need.
3. Right-click on the table and click Table Properties.
4. Within the Table Properties modal, change the class to Pricing Table. This changes your table from a regular, static table into an auto-generated table that will allow you to set a data source, insert variables, and generate rows dynamically based on the data entering the table.
5. Click Ok.
6. Make the top row a Header row so that the headers stay static and are not repeated with the rest of the table:
7. Right-click into the top row of your table and open the Row Properties.
8. In Row Properties, change the Row type to Header.
9. Click Ok.
10. In order to include a summary total of all products, set the last row of your table as a Footer row so that the total does not repeat when your table is generated with actual data:
11. Right-click into the bottom row of your table and open the Row Properties.
12. In Row Properties, change the Row type to Footer.
13. Click Ok.

Step 2: Give your table a data source

1. Refresh the page and hover over the table you've created. A gear icon will now appear in the top-right corner of the table.
2. Click the gear icon to open the Pricing Table settings.
3. Select a Data Source for your table. The data sources available are dependent upon the child objects you have mapped from your launching object(s) in your CRM integration settings. In this example, our data source is OpportunityLineItems, which was mapped through the document launching object, the Opportunity.

Step 3: (Optional) Sort and filter your table

Pricing Table settings also support sorting and filtering the data in your table. For example, you might create two tables, one filtered to only include products that have a recurring cost and one filtered to only include products that have a one-time cost.

To filter your table

1. Click on the gear icon on the upper right-hand side of the table to open the Pricing Table settings.
2. Click Add Filter. This will open the logic builder.
3. In the Variable dropdown, choose the variable you would like to filter by. The options available in the dropdown are dependent upon the child object variables you have mapped in your CRM integration settings page. Example: Product Family
4. Choose your desired operator from the Operator drop-down.
5. Enter the value to which you would like to compare your variable. Example: Services
6. Choose a data type that matches the type of the value to which you are comparing. Default = String.
7. Click Save.

You can click Show Advanced and write more advanced expressions, including using ANDs or ORs. For more information, see [Advanced Conditional Logic Statements](#).

To sort your table

1. Click on the gear icon in the upper right-hand corner of the table to open the Pricing Table settings.
2. Choose the value you want to sort by from the Sort By dropdown menu. The options available in the Sort By dropdown are dependent upon the child object variables you have mapped in your CRM integration settings page.
3. Click Save.

Step 4: Fill in your table

Now that you have set the table class, data source, and header and footer row properties, you are ready to fill in your table with variables that will display in each repeated row:

1. Type your column headers into the cells in the header row.
2. In the middle Body row, type % into a cell to get the dropdown list of OpportunityLineItem variables to choose from. Select the variable you'd like to appear in that column. If you don't see the variable you are looking for, it may not be mapped to Conga Collaborate. When your table generates with real data, it will create one row for each record found in the data source, with each row containing the values for one unique record.
3. Create a total in the footer row using aggregate functions. Aggregate function syntax: [FUNCTION_NAME(variable_name)] Aggregate functions only work in footer rows. In this example, we'll use [SUM(TotalPrice)].
4. Set Cells to show data in your desired format.
5. Right click on the cell.
6. Click Cell Properties.
7. Set the cell Class to show data in a certain format, such as Currency. Cells with a class of Currency will automatically format with USD currency, or will format as determined by the document's language (found in document properties if enabled).

Step 5: Test your table

Now that you have created a pricing table in your template, launch a new document from your CRM environment using that template. Turn on the Preview toggle in your Table on Contents in order to see the auto-generated table populate with OpportunityLineItem data.

Advanced auto-generated content

Conga Collaborate is capable of auto-generating content from arrays of data in more complex ways than is possible solely from the Pricing Table editor. For example, you might want to dynamically group products and totals by product family. This is doable but requires advanced auto-generated content attributes. For more information, refer to [Auto-generated Content](#) or contact support.

Salesforce: Creating Buttons for Custom or Non-Default Objects

While Conga Collaborate automatically creates buttons for the Opportunity, Account, Case, Contact, and Lead objects, you can create custom buttons for any object in Salesforce in order to easily launch documents off of that object.

Create custom buttons for any object in Salesforce in order to easily launch documents off of that object.

Note: This article assumes that you have already created a custom lookup relationship between the Collaborate Document object and your launching object. If you haven't done this, reference this [article](#).

Conga Collaborate automatically creates buttons for the Opportunity, Account, Case, Contact, and Lead objects, but if you want users to have buttons available at the top of their layout to create documents on any other object, you will need to create custom buttons on those objects.

For adding buttons to the Opportunity, Account, Case, Contact, or Lead objects, reference this [article](#).

The two buttons you can add to objects are the New Document button and the Add Existing Document button:

- A New Document button creates a Conga Collaborate document and links the newly created document to the launching object.
- An Add Existing Document button attaches a Conga Collaborate Document to a record other than the one from which it was originally created.

To create these buttons in Salesforce Classic:

For a custom object

1. Enter Salesforce setup by going to Setup → Create → Objects → Your Launching Object.
2. Navigate to the Buttons, Links, and Actions section.
3. Click New Button or Link and proceed to Step 1.

For a standard object

1. Enter Salesforce setup by going to Setup → Customize → Your Launching Object → Buttons, Links, and Actions.

2. Click New Button or Link and proceed to Step 1.

To create these buttons in Salesforce Lightning

1. Navigate to Setup.
 2. Click the Object Manager tab.
 3. Search for your object and select it.
 4. Click Buttons, Links, and Actions.
 5. Select New Button or Link.
 6. Continue to Step 1 below.
1. Assign the Label, Name, and Description for your button. These instructions use two example suggestions for the Label (New Document and Add Existing Document), but you can name the button whatever you want.
 - Label: the text a user will see on the button.
 - Name: automatically populated with text from the Label field as soon as you click out of the Label field. This can be customized if desired.
 - Description: a note for other Salesforce Admins about what this button does.
 2. Set Display Type to Detail Page Button.
 3. Set Behavior to Display in existing window without sidebar.
 4. Set Content Source to URL.
 5. Input the following text into the editor, replacing LAUNCHING_OBJECT with the object you're launching from (for example, Quote):
 - For the New Document button: /apex/tinderbox__create_document?sObjectType=LAUNCHING_OBJECT&recordId={!LAUNCHING_OBJECT.Id}
 - For the Add Existing Document button: /apex/tinderbox__add_document?sObjectType=LAUNCHING_OBJECT&recordId={!LAUNCHING_OBJECT.Id}
 6. Click Save.

Salesforce: Enabling attachments

You can pull whatever files you've put into your Notes & Attachments section of an Opportunity or other Salesforce object into your Conga Collaborate proposal. After you move them, these files appear as Attachments to your document. They're updated when you click "Refresh Variables".

Only a System Administrator can enable this function.

Follow these steps to add Salesforce attachments to your account capabilities:

1. From your Administration view, click Integrations.
2. Choose Salesforce.
3. Scroll down to Manage Features.

4. Click Attachments.
5. From the dropdown menu, click the checkbox next to Enable Attachments.

You can specify which files you want pulled into your proposals by specifying a pattern (e.g., .pdf) in the File Name Pattern field. If you don't set parameters, all files are pulled as attachments. You will also want to include a "wild card" in front of your file type if you'd like to have a specific name as part of what's attached (e.g., *.pdf if you want to have any PDF file; OR *signed.pdf if you only want PDF names that end with "signed").

Salesforce: Auto-publishing documents

The auto-publish feature for documents created through Salesforce and Conga Collaborate saves time by enabling reps to select a template, build, and publish a proposal with one click.

Generate and publish a document with a single click.

Save time by reducing the number of clicks required to publish a document, or use auto-publish to lock down content that you don't want reps to edit.

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner, go to Administration.
2. Select Integrations.
3. Choose Salesforce.
4. Click Edit.
5. Scroll down to the section labeled Assign Template.
6. When setting up [template mapping](#), select the Auto-Publish checkbox.

When a document is launched from Salesforce, you will be presented with a published document that is ready to be sent to recipients.

Salesforce: Granting access to Conga Collaborate

Follow these steps to grant Salesforce access to Conga Collaborate

Before the Conga Collaborate support team can help you set up your Salesforce Integration, we need access to your Salesforce account. The safest way for you to enable that is by using the Salesforce Grant Access feature. No account credentials change hands, changes made show up in an audit trail, and the feature doesn't allow the outside user to make changes to vital data like your passwords or users.

To grant Conga Collaborate access to your Salesforce account, you must first install the Conga Collaborate Managed Package.

Follow these steps to grant access:

1. In Salesforce, click the User Menu option next to Setup at the top of the screen (Your name).
2. Click My Settings.
3. Click Personal.
4. Click Grant Login Access.
5. Open the Conga Collaborate Support menu and choose the length of time you'll grant access. We recommend one month.
6. Click Save.
7. Notify your Conga Collaborate account manager that access has been granted.

Salesforce: Integration and installation overview

Integrate Conga Collaborate with Salesforce to bring the power of your CRM to your document generation process. Conga Collaborate's integration with Salesforce supports the following versions:

- Unlimited
- Enterprise
- Professional

Build data-driven documents using Salesforce objects to streamline document creation by lowering edit time, reducing errors from manual copying of information, and creating more standardized templates that reps can quickly get out the door. Drive data from Salesforce into a document or push data back to Salesforce based on events in Conga Collaborate. Use the flexibility of Salesforce reports to view detailed information on the performance of your Conga Collaborate documents.

 Permissions Needed: Conga Collaborate and Salesforce System Administrator

Step 1: Install the Conga Collaborate Managed Package in Salesforce.

1. Log into the Salesforce org where you want to install Conga Collaborate.
2. To begin the package installation in a production Salesforce Org, [click here](#).
3. To begin the package installation in a sandbox Salesforce Org, [click here](#). Conga Collaborate sandbox environments are also supported for this integration. If you are interested in setting up a Conga Collaborate sandbox to connect to a Salesforce org, please contact Support.
4. Choose security settings for the package install. We recommend Install for All Users.

5. Click Install in the bottom right of the content area.
6. After installation completes, enter your Conga Collaborate URL in the Oktiv URL field.
7. Click Save.

Step 2: Connect your Conga Collaborate environment to Salesforce.

1. Open a new browser tab and log into your Salesforce Org.
2. Open a second browser tab and log into your Conga Collaborate account.
3. In Conga Collaborate, from your user dropdown menu, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit
4. Select the Production or Sandbox environment for connection.
5. Click Connect Salesforce.

⚠ You must be logged in directly as the user you would like to use as the integration user. You are unable to connect on behalf of another user by utilizing the Grant Account Login Access feature of Salesforce. Your internal Integration User must be the one to click Connect to Salesforce.

A green checkmark appears next to the Salesforce logo and a confirmation message displays to indicate a successful connection. You can verify that Conga Collaborate is connected to your Salesforce environment by checking the Salesforce Organization ID at the top of the page and confirming that it matches the Salesforce Organization ID of your Salesforce environment.

Salesforce: Relating objects to Conga Collaborate documents

Relating objects to Conga Collaborate documents.

Add lookup fields to the Oktiv Document object in order to use Conga Collaborate documents on any object in your Salesforce org.

The Conga Collaborate managed package creates relationships from the Oktiv Documents object to five standard Salesforce objects: Opportunity, Account, Case, Contact, and Lead. You can create documents from these objects out of the box with no additional configuration. Adding the lookup fields gives you the ability to create documents from other objects (including custom objects) and allows you to [create a custom button](#) and [show a related list of documents](#) on that object.

Follow these steps to create a custom lookup field in Salesforce Classic:

1. Go to Setup
2. In the settings pane on the left-hand side of the page, go to Build => Create => Objects
3. Click Octiv Document
4. In the Custom Fields & Relationships related list click New
5. In Data Type, select Lookup Relationship and click Next
6. From the dropdown menu, select the object you'd like to relate to Octiv Documents and click Next
7. Enter the Field Label and Field Name (without the __c) of the object you chose and click Next. Note: The Field Name must exactly match the Object Name name of your custom object. (Optionally, you can make the field required, set the deletion action, and create a lookup filter. We also recommend writing a good description for future documentation purposes.)
8. Make sure the field is marked as visible and not read-only for all profiles and click Next
9. Check the Add Field box next to the Document Layout page layout and click Next
10. Create a related list label. We recommend Octiv Documents <Custom Object Name>
11. Confirm that the related list is being added to your desired page layouts using the checkboxes next to the page layout names
12. Click Save

Follow these steps to create a custom lookup field in Salesforce Lightning:

1. Go to Setup
2. Select the Object Manager tab
3. Search for Octiv Document in the Quick Find bar
4. Click Octiv Document
5. Click Fields & Relationships
6. Click New
7. In Data Type, select Lookup Relationship and click Next
8. From the dropdown menu, select the object you'd like to relate to Octiv Documents and click Next
9. Enter the Field Label and Field Name (without the __c) of the object you chose and click Next. Note: The Field Name must exactly match the Object Name name of your custom object. (Optionally, you can make the field required, set the deletion action, and create a lookup filter. We also recommend writing a good description for future documentation purposes.)
10. Make sure the field is marked as visible and not read-only for all profiles and click Next
11. Check the Add Field box next to the Document Layout page layout and click Next

12. Create a related list label. We recommend Oktiv Documents <Custom Object Name>
13. Confirm that the related list is being added to your desired page layouts using the checkboxes next to the page layout names
14. Click Save

To verify that setup was completed correctly, go to the parent object and select a record. On the record detail page, the new related list should appear with a New Oktiv Document button. Click the button, and a new Conga Collaborate Document should open in your Salesforce window.

Salesforce: Setting up approvals

You can set up tracking and approvals workflows in Salesforce. A system administrator can enable and configure this feature of your Salesforce-Conga Collaborate integration.

Enable Chatter Approvals

Log into Salesforce, and then follow these steps to enable Chatter Approvals:

1. Go to Setup
2. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Customize > Chatter > Chatter Settings
3. Click Edit
4. Check Allow Approvals
5. Click SaveEnable Feed Tracking for Custom Objects
6. Go to Setup
7. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Customize > Chatter > Feed Tracking
8. Choose Conga Collaborate Document from the Object panel on the left. If you became a customer in 2015 or later, you should be using Conga Collaborate Documents. Contact Global Support if you're unsure of which object to use.
9. Check Enable Feed Tracking (there are default fields in the approval process already checked, if your approval depends on other fields, make sure those are checked)
10. Click SaveCreate a Chatter Post Template
11. Go to Setup
12. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Create > Workflow & Approvals > Post Templates
13. Click New Template

14. Select the object you want to post for approval. If you became a customer in 2015 or later, you should be using Conga Collaborate Documents. Contact Global Support if you're unsure of which object to use.
15. Click Next
16. Give the Template a Name and, if you like, a description
17. (Optional) Check Default if you want to use this Template for all related posts
18. Select up to four fields you want to include on the Chatter post (an example preview can be seen by clicking the box to the right)
19. Click Save
20. Go to Setup
21. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Create > Workflow & Approvals > Approval Processes
22. From the drop-down menu next to "Manage Approval Processes For", select the Object for which you want to manage approvals. If you became a customer in 2015 or later, you should be using Conga Collaborate Documents. Contact Global Support if you're unsure of which object to use.
23. Click Create New Approval Process
24. Select either Jump Start Wizard or Standard Setup Wizard. The Jump Start Wizard allows you to fill in basic information quickly.
25. Under Approval Process Information, give the Approval Process a Name, and assign an Email and/or Post Template to be used for notifications
26. Under Specify Entry Criteria, set the following criteria:
 - Field: Conga Collaborate Document: Status
 - Operator: equal
 - Value: Pending Approval
 You can use additional criteria, but Conga Collaborate depends on the Pending Approval status
27. Under Select Approver, choose one of the following Conga Collaborate-supported options:
 - Automatically assign an approver using a standard or custom hierarchy field
 - Automatically assign to queue
 - Automatically assign to approver(s)
28. Click Save.

You can use additional criteria, but Conga Collaborate depends on the Pending Approval status. The Approver options supported by Conga Collaborate are the "Automatically assign" options. There is not a way to choose the approver through the Conga Collaborate interface at this time.

Further Configuration Options

The above sections get you going, but on the Approval Process edit page you can follow these steps to further configure your approval options:

1. Click the Edit drop-down
2. Enter Name and Description
3. Specify Entry Criteria
4. Select Approver Field and choose the desired Automated Approval Routing
5. Record Editability Properties. You may want to allow the assign approver to edit records during the process.
6. Choose Notifications Templates. Choose to notify approvers via email and/or chatter. Choosing a template enables this feature.
7. Set Approval Page Layout. The Post Template (created in the previous section) is for Chatter only. This Page Layout is for the full Approval Page displayed when the Approver logs into [Salesforce.com](https://www.salesforce.com)
8. Select Initial Submitters (a good default Submitter is the Opportunity Owner that the Conga Collaborate Proposal is attached to)

Salesforce Outbound Messages

In order to send messages to Conga Collaborate when an Approve, Reject, or Recall action is performed, configure the actions in Salesforce. You do this in Outbound Messages.

Follow these steps to configure this feature:

1. Go to Setup
2. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Create > Workflow & Approvals > Outbound Messages
3. Click New Outbound Message
4. Select the Object you want to use in the Approval Process

If you became a customer in 2015 or later, you should be using Conga Collaborate Documents. Contact Global Support if you're unsure which object to use.

Approve Publish Outbound Message

1. Enter a Name and optionally a Description
2. Enter the Endpoint URL as client Conga Collaborate domain + /salesforce + /approve (e.g., https://example.Conga_Collaborate.com/salesforce/approve)

3. Select a Salesforce SysAdmin user to receive the messages to avoid permission-related issues. The only required field to send is `tinderbox__TinderBoxId__c`.
4. Click Save

Reject Publish Outbound Message

1. Click the Clone button on the Approval Outbound Message to create the Reject message
2. Change all instances of Approve to Reject and select the same fields to send
3. Click Save

Recall Publish Outbound Message

1. Click the Clone button on the Reject Outbound Message to create the Recall message
2. Change all instances of Reject to Recall and select the same fields to send
3. Click Save

Assign Outbound Messages to Approval Process

1. Go to Setup
2. In the Quick Find menu on the left, use the drop-down arrows to go to Build > Create > Workflow & Approvals > Approval Processes
3. Select the Approval Process you created earlier to assign actions to it. From this screen you can specify Initial Submission Actions, Approval Steps, and Final Approval, Final Rejection, and Recall Actions. You may include any actions of your own in any of the phases but the Conga Collaborate outbound messages must be assigned to the appropriate action.
4. For each of the Final Approval, Final Rejection, and Recall Actions:
 - Click Add Existing.
 - Select Outbound Message as the search option.
 - Select the appropriate message from the list.

Optional Email Approval

If you're using an Email Notification, you can also enable email responses to be processed and APPROVE or REJECT the requested approval.

Steps in Conga Collaborate

Your last step is to adjust user permissions in Conga Collaborate.

Conga Collaborate administrator can follow these steps to adjust the user permissions:

1. From the user drop-down in the upper-right corner, go to Administration > Roles and Permissions
2. Select the role that contains your approvals users. Only custom permissions roles can be edited. If you haven't created a custom role yet, select Create New Role in the upper-right corner
3. Click Permissions
4. Enter Publish into the search bar
5. Disable the permission "Publish proposal"
6. Enable the permission "Request approval to publish"
7. Click Save

Salesforce: Setting up BCC email for Opportunities

A system administrator can enable users to trigger Conga Collaborate to save a copy of an email directly to Salesforce by using BCC.

Configure Conga Collaborate to BCC document emails to Salesforce by attaching an email to the activity history of the related Salesforce Opportunity.

This feature is only compatible with Leads, Contacts, and Opportunities. It will not work if you are launching off of a different object.

Save copies of the emails sent to your document recipients directly onto the related Salesforce record to allow history tracking of communication with your recipients.

Salesforce Setup

1. From your personal settings, enter Email to Salesforce in the Quick Find box, then select My Email to Salesforce.
2. Add the email address that is associated with your Conga Collaborate account in My Acceptable Email Addresses.
3. In the My Email to Salesforce section, copy the Email to Salesforce Address.
4. Under Email Associations, check Automatically assign them to related [salesforce.com](https://www.salesforce.com) records.
5. Select Opportunities.

6. Click Save.
Conga Collaborate Setup
7. In Conga Collaborate, open your user dropdown in the top right corner.
8. Select User Profile.
9. Open the Email tab.
10. Paste the copied Email to Salesforce Address from above into Default Email BCC.
11. Click Save.

Usage

Once configured, you will have the option to add your Email to Salesforce Address as a BCC any time you send email from Conga Collaborate. When choosing which email addresses to send to, click +BCC and your Email to Salesforce Address will be populated in the BCC dialog.

Salesforce: Template mapping

Template mapping allows you to automatically choose Conga Collaborate template based on an object or field in Salesforce.

Automatically choose a Conga Collaborate template based on an object or field value in Salesforce.

Use template mapping to limit which templates are available to your users as well as to streamline document creation by removing the template selection step.

You must be a Conga Collaborate system administrator in order to configure template mapping.

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner of the screen, select Administration.
2. Open Integrations.
3. Choose Salesforce and click Edit.
4. Scroll down to the section labeled Assign Template.
5. Choose your launching object.
6. Select your Salesforce field and the value of that field.
7. Select the Conga Collaborate template you want to use based on the selections made in steps 2 and 3
8. (Optional) Turn on [Auto-Publish](#).
9. Click Add.

You can also select a Salesforce object without choosing a field. Doing so prompts Conga Collaborate to use your chosen template any time a document is launched from that object.

Finally, you can map the same template using different sets of criteria, even if launching from the same object. The template that is selected is based on the specificity of your mapping criteria. This means that if you're launching from an Opportunity and have two sets of Opportunity mappings, Conga Collaborate chooses the more specific option. For example, if you have mapped a template to the Opportunity object only and mapped another template to a specific Opportunity stage, Conga Collaborate pulls the template associated with the Opportunity stage because that mapping is more specific.

Salesforce: Using Salesforce email inside Conga Collaborate

This feature enables you to use Salesforce email instead of Conga Collaborate email to send your prospect a published document.

To configure this feature you must be a Conga Collaborate system administrator

Enabling Salesforce Email

Enable Salesforce email by following these steps:

1. From your user dropdown, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
2. In the Manage Features section, open the Email dropdown.
3. Check the box next to Enable Email.
4. Click Save.

Finding the Email Template ID

The Email Template ID field allows you to auto-select a Salesforce email template, and the ID is found within Salesforce. Follow these steps to find the template ID:

1. In Salesforce, go to Setup > Communication Templates > Email Templates.
2. Open your desired email template.
3. In the URL for your template, find the 15 character string of numbers and capital letters - this is your template ID.
4. Copy the template ID and paste it into the Email Template ID field within the Email dropdown in your Salesforce integration settings within Conga Collaborate.
5. Click Save.

Using Salesforce Email

After enabling email, you can send a Salesforce email from your document to your recipients. Follow these steps to send a Salesforce email:

1. Create or open your document
2. Open the People tab
3. Click Salesforce Email

This will open the Salesforce email editor, where you can select an email template, customize the message, and choose your recipient. The default recipient will be the record marked as Primary Contact in the Contact Roles related list.

Adding the Document URL and Access Code to the Salesforce Email

Use either of these methods to include the document URL and access code (if you've enabled it) in your email:

Copy the URL and access code and include it in the email

1. Copy the public document URL (from the Properties tab) and access code
2. Click the Salesforce Email button
3. Paste the URL and access code into the appropriate places in the email message

Using the Conga Collaborate Outgoing Data tool, push the document URL and access code back to your launching object when you publish a document

1. Create Salesforce fields for both the document URL and access code on your launching object.
2. Configure Outgoing Data rules to populate those fields with the URL and access code upon publishing your document.
3. Add both Salesforce fields to your Salesforce email template. These fields will be automatically be populated when you create your Salesforce email.

Salesforce: Using the Incoming Data Tool

The Incoming Data tool lets you select the fields from Salesforce you want to have available in your Conga Collaborate documents.

Conga Collaborate's integration with Salesforce allows you to leverage the power of CRM data in your Conga Collaborate documents. The Incoming Data tool lets you select the fields from Salesforce you want to have available in your Conga Collaborate documents.

Our Salesforce integration allows you to select fields from as far down as grandchild objects of your launching object, as well as a maximum of five levels up from the launching

object. Going five levels up the object hierarchy is the maximum that Salesforce allows for data accessed through the API.

Using Salesforce fields in your documents streamlines document creation by reducing editing time, eliminating errors from manual copying of information, and enforcing usage of standardized content that reps can quickly get out the door.

Permissions Needed: Conga Collaborate System Administrator

Feature Requirements: Salesforce Integration

1. From your user dropdown, go to Administration > Integrations > Salesforce > Edit.
2. Scroll down to Incoming Data.
3. Under Incoming Data, select the object from which you will be launching Conga Collaborate documents.
4. All the fields on that object will appear; click the checkboxes for the fields you want to have available. This is called mapping fields.
5. Click Save.
6. You can also map fields from objects related to the launching object. For example, if you choose Opportunity as your launching object, the following fields will be available:
 - All fields that live on the Opportunity object
 - All fields on objects related to the Opportunity through a lookup field (Account, Opportunity Owner, etc.). You can go a maximum of five levels up the object hierarchy using this method.
 - The Opportunity's child objects (Opportunity Line Items, Opportunity Contact Roles, Quotes, etc.).
 - The Opportunity's grandchild objects (Quote Line Items, etc.). To get to grandchild objects, you will need to first select the child object (like Quotes), and then select the grandchild object.
7. Click Save on every object that you are selecting fields from before moving on to the next object. After clicking Save, a dropdown will appear with all the fields you have mapped, organized by launching object.

If you make changes in your Salesforce org data structure, make sure to update the Incoming Data field mappings in Conga Collaborate to reflect any changes you have made.

Some examples of mapping changes you may need to make:

If fields were removed from your Salesforce org that were mapped to Conga Collaborate, make sure to delete those mappings in Conga Collaborate in order to avoid document creation errors.

If the API names for fields have changed in your Salesforce org, make sure to re-map those fields in Conga Collaborate.

Considerations for Incoming Data and Salesforce Permissions

Salesforce field-level security permissions are extremely important to think about as you are mapping incoming data to Conga Collaborate. Any Conga Collaborate user who generates a document from Salesforce must have view or edit permission to any Salesforce field mapped to their document's template in the incoming data area. For that reason, as you are mapping incoming data, you can choose to map fields to all templates, or you may find it beneficial to map fields to only specific templates that a specific user set is using, thus eliminating the need to possibly alter field-level security permissions in Salesforce.

Salesforce: Using the Outgoing Data Tool

The Conga Collaborate Outgoing Data tool allows you to push information back into Salesforce. Outgoing Data rules can be triggered by system events and automatically make field updates on any editable field on your Salesforce launching object.

Outgoing Data removes manual steps by automatically updating fields on your Salesforce launching object. This allows you to reduce Salesforce management time and mitigate user error. For example, you might update the Opportunity Stage to Closed Won upon document acceptance.

Create an Outgoing Data Rule

1. Go to Administration
2. Integrations
3. Salesforce
4. Edit
5. Scroll down to the Outgoing Data section.
6. Select the Conga Collaborate event that you want to trigger the update of your Salesforce record. These events take place within Conga Collaborate and include:
 - Created
 - Publish
 - Accept
 - Decline
 - Create New Version
 - Finalize Version
 - Ask a Question
 - First View
 - Formstack Form Submission

- Email Sent
 - Request Approval
 - Void
7. (Optional) Select a template. If you do not select a template, the rule will trigger for all templates when the Conga Collaborate event criteria is met. If you do select a template, the rule will only apply to the selected template.
 8. Select the Salesforce object and field you want to receive your data. Use the first drop-down menu to select from every editable Salesforce object in your account. After you select an object, you can select any editable field that lives on that object.
 9. Select the Conga Collaborate dynamic data that will map to the assigned field, or define a static value to be used every time. Depending on the data type of the Salesforce field you select, different dynamic Conga Collaborate values will be available to push to Salesforce. See the Available Objects for Outgoing Data section below for a more detailed explanation.
 10. Click Add to finish creating the rule.

Available objects for Outgoing Data

Outgoing Data can update fields on your launching object and the Octiv Document object. It cannot update fields on parents of your launching object or children of your launching object.

When selecting the Octiv Document object, look for its API name, `tinderbox__Document__c`.

Additionally, Conga Collaborate can use Outgoing Data to push back a PDF or Word file of a Conga Collaborate document to the standard Notes & Attachments list on a Salesforce record (described in the example below).

Example Use Cases

Update the Closed Date of an Opportunity when a document is accepted

A common use of Outgoing Data is to update the closed date of an Opportunity based upon document acceptance. Follow these steps to update the Closed Date of an Opportunity:

1. Select Event: Accept.
2. Select the appropriate Template.
3. For Object, choose Opportunity.
4. For Field, choose Close Date.

5. For Value, select Proposal Field - Proposal: Closed At (DateTime).
6. Click Add.

Attach the PDF or Word file of a Conga Collaborate document to a Salesforce record

If using the standard Notes & Attachments object, you can push the PDF or Word file of a Conga Collaborate document as an attachment to a record in Salesforce. Once the rule is triggered, the file will be added to the Notes & Attachments related list on the record.

This feature is not compatible with Salesforce Files.

In this example, we will push a document's PDF to an Opportunity when the document is created:

1. Select Event: Created.
2. Select the appropriate Template.
3. For Object, choose Attachment.
4. For Field, choose Body.
5. For Value, select Proposal Field - Proposal: PDF.
6. Click Add.

Update the Status Field on the Document record when an email is sent

In some use cases, it is helpful to see in Salesforce when a user sends an email from the Collaborate Document. In this case, you can set the value of the document Status field in Salesforce to a value that indicates that an email was sent from the document.

1. Select Event: Email Sent.
2. Select the appropriate Template.
3. For Object, choose `tinderbox__Document__c`.
4. For Field, choose Status.
5. For Value, enter Email Sent.
6. Click Add.

Salesforce Data Types

Every field in Salesforce has an associated data type that defines the type of data that must live in that field. In order for Outgoing Data to work correctly, the data you are sending from Conga Collaborate must match the data type of the field in Salesforce. To assist with this, Conga Collaborate displays the data type of the field you are choosing to update when configuring Outgoing Data.

When you select a Salesforce field in Outgoing Data, Conga Collaborate displays all of the available pieces of information of that data type that can be sent back into Salesforce. Alternatively, you have the option to define a static value to be sent back to Salesforce.

For example, if you choose a Salesforce field that holds a double (a type of number field), Conga Collaborate does not have any pieces of dynamic document information stored as data type double, so your only option would be to record a static value to send back. If, however, you choose a Salesforce field that is of type string, then Conga Collaborate has multiple document fields that can be pushed back to Salesforce. You can define a static value in this scenario as well.

Below is a list of all dynamic Conga Collaborate document fields that can be sent back to Salesforce, along with their compatible data types:

Strings (compatible with any Salesforce fields that use strings)

- Proposal: ID
- Proposal: Public URL
- Proposal: Build URL
- Proposal: Name
- Proposal: Status
- Proposal: Template Name
- Proposal: Owner
- Proposal: Access Code
- DocuSign: Envelope Data URLDates (compatible with any Salesforce date fields)
- Proposal: Closed At (DateTime)
- Proposal: Published At (DateTime)
- Proposal: Expires At (Date)
- Proposal: Created At (Date)
- Proposal: Updated At (Date)Attachments (compatible with the Attachments object in Salesforce)
- Proposal: PDF
- Proposal: Word

Microsoft Dynamics

Integrate online Collaborate documents with Microsoft Dynamics.

Microsoft Dynamics: Assigning an Object from Build View

You don't have to leave Conga Collaborate to associate a document with a Microsoft Dynamics object such as an Opportunity, Lead, or Account.

Follow these steps to associate an Opportunity with a document:

1. From the document, click the Properties tab
2. Scroll down to Microsoft Dynamics Opportunity and click Search
3. In the pop-up window, use the search bar to find your Opportunity
4. Click the appropriate Opportunity
5. Click Assign (you will receive a notification that the Opportunity is associated with your document)
6. Click the Refresh Variables button in the Variables tab to associate the information from that Opportunity

Microsoft Dynamics: Associating a Record to a Conga Collaborate Document

Once your integration is set up, you can associate your MSCRM record (Account, Opportunity, Lead, Contact) to your Conga Collaborate documents without leaving Conga Collaborate.

Instructions on how to associate your Dynamics record with a document:

1. From the document, click the Properties tab
2. Scroll down to Dynamics Opportunity and click Search
3. You can select your Account, Opportunity, Lead or Contact on the right drop-down menu
4. Use the search bar to find your record
5. Click the record you want
6. Click Assign (you receive a notification the record is associated with your document)
7. Click Refresh variables in the variables tab to associate the information from that record

Microsoft Dynamics: Creating Auto-generated Tables

The most commonly used workflow involves launching documents from within a Dynamics CRM Opportunity. For this reason we recommend building your table in a template and

then launching from an Opportunity in order to test. Alternatively, you can connect an Opportunity to your document within Conga Collaborate and then build your table there.*

Most clients choose to launch their Conga Collaborate documents from Opportunities. By default, Opportunities have an OpportunityProduct child object, which is what we use in our example pricing table below.

Creating an Auto-generated Table

This basic pricing table will work if you are using the standard fields in Dynamics CRM.

Use the following steps to create an auto-generated table.

1. Create a table that has three rows and as many columns as you need.
2. Define the table as a Pricing Table by right clicking over the table and going to Table Properties >> Class >> Pricing Table.
3. Define the table Header by right clicking On the first row and going to Row >> Row properties >> Row type >> Header
4. Follow the same procedure as in step 3 to define the third row as the Footer. Choose Row Type >> Footer
5. Choose the Data Source for your table
 - Click on the gear icon in the upper right corner of the table to open the Pricing Table Data Settings
 - Select OpportunityProduct as the Data Source and click Save
6. Type your column headers into the first row (in the sample table below in black highlighting with white text)
7. In the middle (body) row, place the fields you want in square brackets (below in light blue); it is very important that these values match exactly with the API names used by Dynamics CRM. To find the correct field names, go to
 - Account Settings >> Integrations >> Dynamics
 - Scroll down to the Incoming Data section
 - Copy the field names into the square brackets of your table exactly as they show in the saved list
 - If you don't see the field you are looking for, it may require mapping to Conga Collaborate.
8. If you want a totals row, use the table footer (below in green). Conga Collaborate allows aggregator functions to be used in each column of the footer. Syntax is: [FUNCTION_NAME(variable_name)]
 - If you want to use SUM, as in the example below, simply change out the variable being summed to match the variable you are using

- Cells can be set to show data in a certain format; right-click on the cell and go to Cell >> Cell Properties >> Class and choose your desired format
9. Optional: Sort the order of the line items in the table.
 - Click on the gear icon in the right-hand corner of the table to open the Pricing Table Data Settings
 - Choose the value you want to sort by from the Sort By drop-down menu
 - Click Save
 10. Optional: Filter the line items that will populate the table based on the value of a field from Dynamics CRM.
 - Click on the gear icon on the right-hand side of the table to open the Pricing Table Data Settings
 - Click Add Filter
 - In the Variable drop-down menu, choose the variable you would like to filter by
 - Choose your desired operator from the Operator drop-down menu
 - Enter the value to which you would like to compare your variable
 - Choose a data type that matches the type of the value to which you are comparing
 - You see the encoded expression in the Expression field
 - Click Save

Microsoft Dynamics: Enabling Attachments

You can pull whatever files you've put into your Notes & Attachments section of an Opportunity, or other MS Dynamics object, into your Conga Collaborate proposal. After you move them, these files appear as Attachments to your document. They're updated when you click Refresh Variables.

Only a system administrator can enable this function.

Follow these steps to add Microsoft Dynamics attachments to your account capabilities:

1. From your Account Settings view, click Integrations.
2. Choose Microsoft Dynamics.
3. Scroll down to Manage Features.
4. Click Attachments.
5. From the drop-down menu, click the checkbox next to Enable Attachments
 - You can specify which files you want to be pulled into your proposals by specifying a pattern (for example, .pdf) in the File Name Pattern field - if you don't set parameters, all files are pulled as attachments

Microsoft Dynamics: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

Connecting your Conga Collaborate account with Microsoft Dynamics enables you to build data-driven proposals using opportunities, leads, or contacts. With this integration, you can drive data into a proposal using objects in Microsoft Dynamics, and you can associate content with products in order to create a proposal quickly.

Essentials for Integration

To prepare to integrate your Conga Collaborate account with Microsoft Dynamics, have the following ready:

- Your Microsoft Dynamics credentials
- The Conga Collaborate Managed Package ZIP file
- Read access of Conga Collaborate Org Settings

Connecting your integration

Use these steps to connect your Conga Collaborate account with Microsoft Dynamics:

1. Log into your MS Dynamics account
2. Click Microsoft Dynamics CRM at the top left of the screen, then click Settings
3. Click Solutions
4. Click Import
5. Choose the Conga Collaborate Managed Package ZIP file
6. Click Next > Import (this will take a few moments to set up)
7. When setup completes, click Close

There is no need to download log files

After installation, we recommend you refresh the page so you receive all of the correct tabs along the ribbon.

Configuring your integration

Use these steps to configure your two accounts:

From within MS Dynamics:

1. Return to your Dashboard
2. Click the Advanced Find Function

3. From the pop-up window, select Conga Collaborate Org Settings in the Look For drop-down list
4. Click the red exclamation point
5. Click new Conga Collaborate Org Settings
6. In the pop-up window, enter your full Conga Collaborate account URL (i.e., <https://companyname.octiv.com>)
7. Click Save
8. Open the Dynamics ribbon and go to Conga Collaborate. You now have a full Conga Collaborate menu, including Settings, Library, and Tracking
From within Conga Collaborate standalone:
9. From your user dropdown, go to Administration > Integrations > Dynamics > Edit
10. In the Microsoft Dynamics Configuration section, enter your organization name, user name, and password
11. Click Save
12. Click Integrations in the menu on the left, then click Dynamics
13. Click Activate to activate your Dynamics integration

Sandbox environments are currently supported for this integration. If you are interested in setting up a Conga Collaborate sandbox to connect to a sandbox MS Dynamics org, please contact Global Support for assistance.

Microsoft Dynamics: Managing Data

The Incoming Data tool makes it easy to select which fields from Microsoft Dynamics you want to have available in your Conga Collaborate documents. Use the Outgoing Data tool to push information from Conga Collaborate back into Microsoft Dynamics. You can set this to trigger according to a number of different events and to push data into any editable field within your Microsoft Dynamics account.

Incoming data

Use these steps to select all of the fields you wish to pull into Conga Collaborate documents:

1. From your Account Settings view, click Integrations
2. Click Microsoft Dynamics
3. Scroll down to Manage Data
4. Select the entity that you will use to launch Conga Collaborate documents from the Select Launching Entity menu
5. Select an object, and all possible fields show up

6. Check off the fields you would like to have available in your Conga Collaborate documents and save them before you move on to another object
 - A list of Referenced Fields also pops up to the right and enables you to select fields from connected entities (for example, the user or account that owns the Opportunity).
 - Be sure to click Save on every entity that you are selecting fields from before moving on to the next entity.
 - After clicking Save you see a record of each field, organized by launching entity in the drop-down list.

Any variables you need in your Conga Collaborate documents display when you click your launching object in the variables list. If you have multiple objects in your list, only the variables of the object from which you created your Conga Collaborate document will be available.

If you have configured variables from multiple objects in your CRM settings, you may see more variables available in your template than are available in your created document.

Remember: Use only variables that are listed directly under your launching object in your Conga Collaborate CRM settings. For example, if you have configured variables to pull in with the Account and Opportunity as launching objects, then only the variables listed under your Opportunity object will be available in Documents created from your Opportunities.

Outgoing Data

Any information you're sending needs a place to land in Microsoft Dynamics, so be sure the field you are trying to push data into exists on the entity you've selected.

To configure this tool, follow these steps:

1. From your Account Settings view, click Integrations
2. Click Microsoft Dynamics
3. Select the Conga Collaborate event you want to trigger updates of MS Dynamics entity records - you may select
 - Publish
 - Accept
 - Decline
 - New Version
 - Ask a Question
 - First View
 - Formstack Form Submission

- Email Sent
- 4. Select Microsoft Dynamics and choose from the drop-down menu of every updatable Microsoft Dynamics entity in your account
- 5. Select the field you would like to send the information to
- 6. Select the Conga Collaborate data you want to map to the assigned field or specify the value to set in Microsoft Dynamics
- 7. Click Add to finish creating the event

Example Use Cases

Using the Outgoing Data Tool, you can push a PDF of a published proposal back as an attachment to the Opportunity. Once triggered, the PDF will show up on the Attachments related list on the Opportunity.

Follow these steps to push a proposal PDF to an Opportunity as an attachment:

1. Select the Event—most likely Proposal Publish, New Version of Proposal, or Accept Proposal
2. Choose the Attachment object and then the Body field
3. You see a Proposal: PDF option. Click Add

Reporting

Use Conga Collaborate Reporting to discover, analyze, and take action on real-time sales data.

Introduction to Conga Collaborate Reporting

Conga Collaborate Reporting is a way to discover, analyze, and take action on real-time sales data. Conga Collaborate Reporting delivers the information you need to make data-driven decisions faster. With this powerful platform functionality, you can spend less time reporting and more time driving business forward.

Key Capabilities

- View Standard Reports: Choose from commonly used sales reports.
 - Filter Reports: Analyze data by time frame, by document type, and more.
 - Exporting Reports: Export and share reports in a CSV.
 - Mobile: View reports on a mobile device for anytime, anywhere decision making.
- Common Use Cases

Conga Collaborate Reporting can be used to analyze and report on real-time data. Here are just some of the common use cases: Document Engagement Report: What deals are more likely to close? Template Usage: Is the sales team using our templates? Page Usage: What content is used most and least? User Report: How effective are my sales reps?

Navigate to Conga Collaborate Reporting

From your Conga Collaborate Dashboard, click on the "Reporting" tab. You'll see the Conga Collaborate Reporting Dashboard, where you find standard reports.

Standard Reports

Out of the box, Conga Collaborate comes with access to reports that have already been built out for you and your team. Conga Collaborate's ability to track content usage, customer engagement and effectiveness of sales content at the aggregate and user level provides quick, easy access to essential information on your team's success.

- Document Engagement: A list of all recently viewed sales documents.
- Template Activity: See which templates are being used and viewed the most.
- Page Activity: See which content has the most customer engagement.
- User Activity: See a list of recent user activities.
- Background Jobs: See a list of recent errors.

Each standard report includes pre-built filters to analyze data by time frame and document type and downloaded offline. You'll find these options at the top of each page.

Standard Conga Collaborate Reports

Conga Collaborate Reports provide you with information on current Documents, Templates, Content, and Users in your account.

Document Activity Report

You can track information from all documents created within a Conga Collaborate environment. This report delivers a comprehensive view of document information including timestamps for creation, publish and last view for all document types.

Document Engagement Report

You can track information from your documents that have been engaged by recipients. In this report, all of your documents that have been viewed by at least one recipient will be displayed with related analytics. You can see when documents were created, published, and last viewed.

Template Activity Report

You can track information from Templates. Under the Templates reporting tab, you will have a comprehensive view of all your Templates. Because this report displays Close Rates for Templates, you will be able to identify which Templates are the most effective. Options include:

- Number of CRM Ids: Shows the count of unique CRM IDs for the selected time period.
- Users Creating Documents: Shows how many users (count of the unique user ids) created documents using this template during the selected time period.
- Value of Documents Created: Shows the sum of the value of documents created using this period during the selected time period.
- Value of Documents Published: Shows the sum of the value of documents published by template during the selected time period.
- Value of Documents Accepted: Shows the sum of the value of documents accepted by template during the selected time period.
- A new row for documents created without a Template will be displayed at the bottom of the report for the selected time period.

The goal of the page activity report is to provide visibility into which content is being used the most, and which content is viewed the most by document recipients. You can see the page, the last view, the total number of views, how many individual viewers, and total time spent viewing.

User Activity Report

You can track data about your account users. This report is based off all of your users, even those that are deleted. This effectively allows you to view your most active and efficient users. With the recent updates, we have added the following the following columns to be selectable in this report:

- Average Time to publish (published_at – created_at)
- First Document Creation Date
- Email
- Mobile

- Company
- Title
- Address
- City
- State
- Zip

To view and select columns to be included in your report, click on the All Columns drop down.

Background Jobs Report

The goal of this report is to provide increased visibility into the errors associated with the documents in your account.

Report Export

You can quickly export a report to be viewed and shared offline. To export a report, simply click the download button (download is a CSV file).

Report Filters

Filters can be helpful in improving the view's initial performance by reducing the amount of data the report returns by default.

Each standard report includes pre-built filters to analyze data by time frame and document type and downloaded offline. You'll find these options at the top of each page. Below are some available filters:

Document Filter: This filter allows you to display All Documents in the account, OR select Proposals, Presentations or Contracts. It will be set to All Document by default.

Date Filter: Select a specific date range if you want to refine the data shown. You can filter the reported data by:

- Today
- Yesterday
- Last 30 Days
- Last 60 Days
- This Month
- Last Month
- Set a Custom Date Range

Tracking activity through the reporting feature

Click on the Reporting tab from your Conga Collaborate Dashboard to see activity reports for the documents, templates, and users in your Conga Collaborate account.

Some options that may be helpful include:

Document filtering – a dropdown menu on the top right enables you to display all documents or to sort by proposals, presentations, or contracts.

Proposal tracking – find all your proposals, their analytics, and details including: client, status, value, views, owner, published date, and last viewed date.

Template tracking – find out which of your templates are working hardest for you with data including close rate, number of documents created from each template, number of times published, number of views, and number of documents accepted.

User activity – find out who's doing what—and with which documents. The User reporting tab provides analytics for all users, including those who have been deleted. Within it you find each user's number of documents created and published, number of views, number of documents accepted, and close rate.

Time breakdown – a dropdown menu on the top right enables you to look at data from the past 7, 30, or 60 days.

Want to grab a report of this data? Download it as a CSV file by clicking the Download button on the top right.

Advanced Usage

Advanced usage and functionality of Conga Collaborate.

Adding lightboxed images to documents

iLightBox lets you and your clients see full-size images without leaving your document. You place an image thumbnail that the user clicks to bring up a full-size image, overlaid on the current page. The lightbox also enables users to scroll through any other images that are lightboxed on that page.

Use the steps below to lightbox an image in your document:

1. Within your document, place your cursor where you'd like the image thumbnail to appear.
2. Click the Content tab.

3. Click Images.
4. From the image gallery that appears, drag and drop the image you want into the content editor window.
5. Select the image and click the Image button in the editing toolbar.
6. Copy the URL from the Source field, and click Ok to close the window.
7. Right-click the image.
8. Click Insert Link in the editing toolbar.
9. Add your copied URL to the URL field, deleting the ? and everything that comes after it. Your URL should now end with the image file type: .png, .jpg, and so on.
10. Click the dropdown arrow next to Class and select Enable Lightbox.
11. Click OK.

Advanced search in Conga Collaborate

A step beyond simple Title, Author, and Date filters, Advanced Search enables users to combine multiple layers of search criteria relating to document type; date of expiration, creation, or update; status; and content keywords.

The Advanced search tool gives you access to field by field specific searches and allows you to combine multiple attributes into more complex statements.

Anytime you need to search on multiple document or content attributes, the Advanced search tool makes it easy to add or remove criteria, gives you insight into all available search criteria, and allows you to easily select and/or define the values you want to search on.

To use the Advanced search tool:

1. Click Advanced to the bottom right of the search bar.
2. Select the attribute you want to search on (tag, name, client, etc.).
3. Select the operator. Available options vary depending on attribute type.
4. Select the values you want to search for or type in the text you want to find.
 - a. Optionally, add additional search criteria by clicking the + button. Criteria can also be removed by using the - button.
 - b. Choose your Match criteria: All, Any, or None
5. Click Search.
6. Click on hyperlinks throughout the user interface, or type them into the advanced search bar with a colon after the filter (for example, author: Jane Doe).

Assigning manager and report roles

System Administrators can set up the User Relationship Hierarchy for their users. Doing so defines users as either Managers or Reports and sets the visibility of users' private documents in Conga Collaborate, giving them access only to documents that pertain to them, their managers, or their direct reports and filtering out documents they don't need to see.

Here's the breakdown of who can do what after they're assigned a role:

- Managers can filter the Dashboard and Document List by their Reports by searching for the document owner.
- Reports do not have visibility to managers' private documents if they are in a Standard User role.
- Everyone can see public documents in the documents list.
- A Manager can see a Report's documents, even those set to Private.
- A Report can have multiple Managers, and Managers can have multiple Reports.

These steps pertain to clients using Conga Collaborate's default Roles and Permissions. If you are using custom Roles and Permissions, things may be a little different.

Use these steps to configure the User Relationship Hierarchy:

1. From your user drop down menu, click Administration.
2. Click Users.
3. Choose the user you wish to set as a Manager or Report.
4. Click the Relationships tab.
5. Select users who will be Managers and Reports in the Manager and Report selection boxes.
6. Click Save.

Auto-generated Content Data-Filter Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Filter Attribute

data-filter

If records in an array have fields that differentiate products with different criteria, data-filter allows you to display only records that meet your criteria.

Example Use Cases:

- A table should only include one-time fee products (Product Family = Setup Fee)
- A table of food items should only include fruits (Product Family = Fruit)

- A table should only include items whose prices are greater than \$1,000 (UnitPrice > 1000)Syntax: data-filter="field_name LIKE 'value'"value: a user-defined value that you use to set up your filter criteria

data-filter is almost always used with a data-source. Here is example HTML in context with data-source:

```
<table data-source="OpportunityLineItems" data-filter="field_name LIKE 'value'">
```

This will set up a table that only includes OpportunityLineItems records with a field_namevalue of 'value'.

*Note: data-filter can be used on most HTML elements that include a data-source, but it is important to note that within a standard auto-generated table, data-filter will not work on the <thead>, <tbody>, or <tfoot> elements. It can be used on the <tr>element within those parent elements, but not on those three elements themselves.

Consider this example, where we can see how the table output changes when data-filter is used to only display products with the family of Fruit.

Output:

Without data-filter:

Product Name	Product Family	Total Price
Apple	Fruit	1.0
Carrot	Vegetable	2.0
Pear	Fruit	3.0

With data-filter:

Product Name	Product Family	Total Price
Apple	Fruit	1.0
Pear	Fruit	3.0

HTML:

```
<table data-source="OpportunityLineItems" data-filter="PricebookEntry.Product2.Family
LIKE 'Fruit'"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Name</th> <th>Product Family</th> <th>Total
Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]</td>
<td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Family]</td> <td>[TotalPrice]</td> </tr> </tbody></table>
```

Auto-generated Content Data-Format Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Format Attribute

data-format

The data-format attribute allows you to adjust the way dates are displayed in auto-generated content. In order for data-format to work, the content must first be classed as class="date" or class="datetime". In an auto-generated table this class can be added using Cell Properties, otherwise it will have to be done in source code.

Syntax: data-format="%d/%m/%y" where the order of d, m, and y can be changed according to your preferences.

In addition to changing the order of month, day, and year, using a capital Y will display the full four digit year, whereas lower case y will only display the last two digits. The letter A will display the day of the week written out (i.e. "Thursday"), while the letter B will display the month in written out form (i.e. "July").

Examples:

```
<td class="date" data-format="%-m/%-d/%Y">[ExpirationDate]</td>Output:
7/7/2017<span class="date" data-format="%Y-%m-%d">[CreatedDate]</span>Output:
2017-07-07<p class="datetime" data-format="%A, %B %-d, %Y">[ModifiedDate]</
p>Output: Thursday, July 7, 2017
```

Auto-generated Content Data-Group-By Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Group-By Attribute

data-group-by

data-group-by allows you to show roll-up summary information of a group of records.

Syntax: data-group-by="field_name" Aggregator functions are used to access the summary data of the records grouped by data-group-by[SUM(field_name)] - sums value of field_name in each record in a group[COUNT(field_name)] - counts the number of field_name entries in a group

Example Use Case: Sum total price of OpportunityLineItems records by Product Family

In the example use case above, if we don't use data-group-by, the SUM function will display the sum of all products together. Consider the table below, where the Total Price for Apple is \$1, the Total Price for Carrot is \$2, and the Total Price for Pear is \$3.

Output:

Without data-group-by:

Product Name	Product Family	Total Price
Apple	Fruit	\$6
Carrot	Vegetable	\$6
Pear	Fruit	\$6

Because there is no data-group-by attribute, the SUM function displays the total sum of all the products and does not split out based on Product Family. In addition, because the result of the SUM function gets treated as a value associated with each product in the array, it gets repeated for every product in the table. The HTML can be seen below.

HTML:

```
<table data-source="OpportunityLineItems"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Name</th>
<th>Product Family</th> <th>Total Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr>
<td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]</td> <td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Family]</td>
<td>[SUM(TotalPrice)]</td> </tr> </tbody></table>
```

Adding the data-group-by attribute solves this problem by telling Conga Collaborate to only sum products that have the same Product Family. This also keeps the summed total from being displayed more than once.

A quick note: We have removed the Product Name column from the table below because data-group-by does what its name implies - it groups the entries and only makes one table entry per group. The Product Family Fruit (which can be thought of as a group) has two products associated with it, so normally there would be two entries in the table. However, because we are using data-group-by and grouping by Product Family, there will be only one entry in the table for the Product Family Fruit. Therefore there will only be one Product Name entry (and missing the other), so we remove it from the table.

With data-group-by:

Product Family	Total Price
----------------	-------------

Fruit	\$4
Vegetable	\$2

HTML:

```
<table data-source="OpportunityLineItems"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Family</th>
<th>Total Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr data-group-
by="PricebookEntry.Product2.Family"> <td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Family]</td>
<td>[SUM(TotalPrice)]</td> </tr> </tbody></table>
```

Auto-generated Content Data-Locale Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Locale Attribute

data-locale

This attribute has been deprecated by the Proposal Language feature. It is maintained here for documentation purposes.

If you would like to format your data based on standard country formats, use the data-localeattribute. This attribute is used in conjunction with auto-generated content classes.

Syntax: data-locale="value" value: the operator value that determines the country format.

Values supported: en-AU, en-EU, fr, nl, pt-BR

Example HTML:

```
<tr> <td class="datetime" data-locale="fr">[CreatedAt]</td> </tr>
<tr> <td class="money" data-locale="fr">[TotalPrice]</td> </tr>
```

Auto-generated Content Data-Repeat Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Repeat Attribute

The data-repeat attribute repeats the HTML element it is placed on for every child record you are looping through. As it loops through the child records, you can access field values specific to each of those individual records.

Syntax Overview

Place the syntax below into the HTML element you want to repeat.

data-repeat="variable_name in object_name"

variable_name: user-defined name for a record in the object array, or list of child records

object_name: an object array from a data source (such as OpportunityLineItems in Salesforce)

For example, to repeat a <div> element over OpportunityLineItems, it would look like:

```
<div data-repeat="product in OpportunityLineItems">
```

To access and display the field values in your document, use the following syntax:

```
[variable_name.FieldName]
```

FieldName: the variable name of the field you want pulled into the document as defined in the Incoming Data section of your Collaborate-Salesforce integration

For example, consider an array of five Widgets. Each of these Widgets has specific fields such as Name, Description, and Price. To access these fields for each Widget in the array of Widgets, set up the following HTML:

```
<div data-repeat="widget in Widgets__r"> <p>[widget.Name]</p>
<p>[widget.Description]</p> <p>[widget.Price]</p> </div>
```

"widget in Widgets__r" defines the generic record widget within the array Widgets__r.

Widgets__r (the Salesforce API name for Widgets) tells Conga Collaborate which object array to loop through, and the [square brackets] let Conga Collaborate know to evaluate the text within the brackets as variables. The format [widget.FieldName] is the proper notation for accessing fields that live on records in the array. Each time you use [widget.FieldName], you are only looking at one specific record in the array.

In the example above, the data-repeat would repeat the Name, Description, and Price five times, once for each Widget. As data-repeat implies, Conga Collaborate repeats through the array looking for the next Widget each time through. The first repeat begins by looking at the first widget in the array and accessing its Name, Description, and Price. Then the second repeat looks at the second widget in the array and accesses its Name, Description, and Price, and so on through the fifth widget in the array.

Consider another example where a Salesforce Opportunity has four products on it, named Bronze, Silver, Gold, and Platinum, and we want to display the Product Name for each product in an unordered list.

```
<p><strong>Product Name:</strong></p> <ul> <li data-repeat="item in
OpportunityLineItems">[item.PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]</li> </ul>
```

The output displays as:

Product Name:

- Bronze

- Silver
- Gold
- Platinum
- [Data-Show-If/Data-Hide-If Attributes](#)
Auto-generated Content Data-Show-If/Data-Hide-If Attributes

Data-Show-If/Data-Hide-If Attributes

Auto-generated Content Data-Show-If/Data-Hide-If Attributes

data-show-if/data-hide-if

These attributes allow a user to show or hide blocks of content in a document based on meeting criteria defined in the attribute's statement. The attribute is inserted within the HTML element that you want to conditionally display.

Syntax: data-show-if="variable_name <operator> 'value'"
 variable_name: the Collaborate variable name of the field you want to evaluate
 operator: the method by which you want to compare your variable_name and value
 value: a user-defined value that you compare with the value of your variable_name

Valid operators in Conga Collaborate:

Operator	Definition
=	Equals
!=	Does not equal
>	Greater than
>=	Greater than or equal
<	Less than
<=	Less than or equal
LIKE	Contains
NLIKE	Does not contain
IS BLANK	Value is blank

Operator	Definition
IS NOT BLANK, IS PRESENT	Value is not blank

The following example shows the HTML necessary to make a paragraph visible when the Proposal Location contains Los Angeles. In all other cases, the paragraph will hide.

```
<p data-show-if="proposal_location LIKE 'Los Angeles'">Show this text if the Proposal Location contains Los Angeles</p>
```

Remember that the value of the statement is case-sensitive. If the true value of the proposal_location variable is 'Los Angeles' but instead we entered 'los angeles' in our statement, the logic statement would return false and the content would hide.

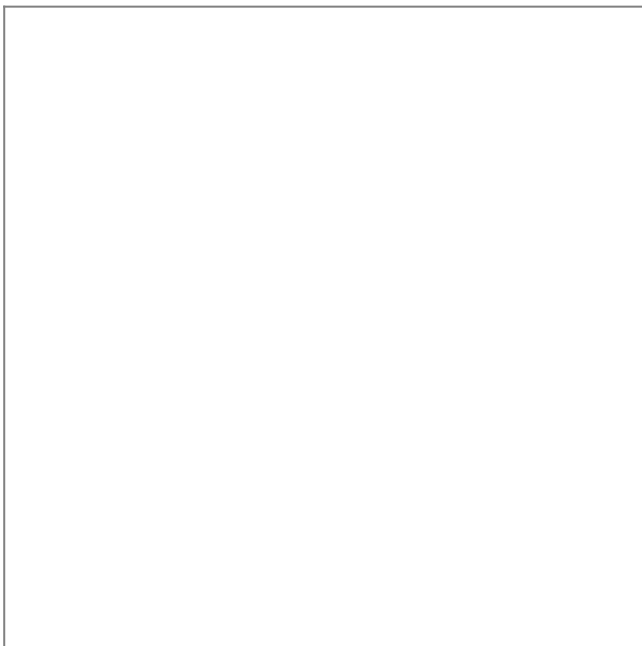
These attributes can also be used within any HTML element, but is particularly useful within elements in order to conditionally display information within other elements.

Table cell example:

```
<td><span data-show-if="Opportunity_Contract_Term__c == 6">*</span>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]</td>
```

This HTML allows us to show the asterisk only if the Contract Term = 6.

When rendered in the document, it will look like this:



Auto-generated Content Data-Source Attribute

Auto-generated Content Data-Source Attribute

data-source

Syntax: data-source="object_name"object_name: the name of the object from which you want to pull data (such as OpportunityLineItems in Salesforce).

The typical use case for the data-source attribute is within an auto-generated table, sometimes referred to as a pricing table. The HTML structure for a pricing table can be seen below:

```
<table data-source="object_name"> <thead> <tr><th>Field</th></tr> </thead> <tbody>
<tr><td>[FieldName]</td></tr> </tbody></table>
```

Note: FieldName is a placeholder for the name of the variable from which you want to pull data; replace FieldName with your desired variable.

For example, the table below lists the Product Name and Total Price for every Product on an Opportunity in Salesforce.

Output:

Product Name	Total Price
Apple	1.0
Carrot	2.0
Pear	3.0

HTML:

```
<table data-source="OpportunityLineItems"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Name</th>
<th>Total Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]</td>
<td>[TotalPrice]</td> </tr> </tbody></table>
```

The data-source attribute tells Conga Collaborate where to pull data from. In this case, it looks at OpportunityLineItems. The [square brackets] tell Conga Collaborate to evaluate the text within the brackets as variables within the object array. This table pulls over both Product Name [PricebookEntry.Product2.Name] and Total Price [TotalPrice]. Apples, Carrots, and Pears are the products on the Opportunity.

Auto Generated Content Overview

This article summarizes different functions you can place in source code to generate content from a data source and perform actions on that auto-generated content.

This article summarizes different functions you can place in source code to generate content from a data source and perform actions on that auto-generated content. The table below summarizes the auto-generated content attributes themselves, when you might use them, and where you can use them. Click on an attribute to jump to the article that details the attribute's syntax, possible use cases, and example code snippets demonstrating its use.

Attribute	Use Case	HTML elements you can use it on
data-source	Specify location from which to pull data	<table> Elements with data-show-if or data-hide-if to access field values within an array
data-group-by	roll-up summary data by grouping specific records	<table>; <tr> (within pricing table) Elements with data-repeat attribute
data-filter	filtering data by a user-defined criteria	<table>, <tr>, <tfoot>; <div>; <p> Elements with data-repeat attribute
data-show-if data-hide-if	Showing/hiding data based on some user-defined criteria	All HTML elements Elements with data-source (including auto-gen tables and data-repeat blocks)
data-repeat	looping through a number of records in an object array	Any HTML element that you want to display array content
data-format	formatting data	Anything within an auto generated content block (data-repeat, tables with data-source, etc.)

Attribute	Use Case	HTML elements you can use it on
data-locale	deprecated - reference for historical documentation purposes	

 Math expressions can also be evaluated with auto-generated content. For more information, reference this [article](#).


Syntax for Using Attributes

The syntax for all auto-gen content attributes can be seen below, where the placeholders are replaced with the actual names desired by the user.


```
<attribute>="<variable_name> <operator> '<value>'Example: data-show-if="PricebookEntry.Product2.Name LIKE 'Test'"
```

Details on each component:


- **<attribute>**: Auto-generated functionality as defined in the table above.
- **<variable_name>**: The name of the variable used in the comparison statement.

 In the case of the data-repeat attribute, the **<variable_name>** is actually an arbitrary loop iteration variable that you define.

- **<operator>**: The part of the statement that allows for a comparison to occur, such as ==, !=, or LIKE.

 **<operator>** is not used in the data-sort, data-group-by, or data-source attributes.

- **<value>**: The value to which the **<variable_name>** is compared using the **<operator>** .

 **<value>** is not used in the data-sort, data-group-by, or data-source attributes
<value> is an array name in the data-repeat and data-source attributes.

Variable Syntax for Auto-Generated Content

Conga Collaborate searches for [square brackets] in order to identify a variable that will pull auto-gen content into the document. Because of this, every variable you want to access must be surrounded by a set of single open and closed brackets.

Example using an auto-generated table:

```
<table data-source="object_name"><thead> <tr><th>Field</th></tr></thead>
<tbody><tr><td>[FieldName]</td></tr></tbody></table>
```

Advanced Conditional Logic Statements

Configure conditional logic statements from scratch, directly within a page's HTML source code.

Conditional logic statements can be applied to any HTML element in your document, but the point and click Collaborate user interface only supports inserting a conditional `<div>` block. To create statements on other HTML elements, you will need to insert them directly into source code.

HTML Overview

```
<div>Some content to display here</div>
```

HTML is the standard structure that makes up the skeleton of all content on the web. All HTML elements are contained within a set of `< >` carats. Any text inside the carats is not visible to the user when the HTML is rendered. The text outside of those carats will be displayed. In addition, each HTML element has an opening and closing tag. Opening tags use only `< >` carats, while closing tags use `</ >`. All HTML is simply made up of elements that are called out using pairs of tags. Each element has rules that govern how it displays on the page and how it interacts with other HTML elements. If you want to learn more about HTML, here are some good references:

- [HTML Overview](#)
- [A Detailed HTML Overview](#)
- [HTML Introduction](#)

HTML as used with conditional logic statements in Collaborate

In the context of Collaborate and writing conditional logic statements, you can write statements manually in the Source Code of your document. Access Source Code by going to Edit > Source Code in the editor toolbar.

You'll likely see something like this in your document HTML:

```
<div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company'">
```

This is a `<div>` element that has a conditional show statement inserted on it. To compare to the UI editing experience, this is what would be entered into source code automatically when you insert a conditional content block using the Conditional Content option on the editing toolbar. The dashed blue box surrounding your content represents the `data-show-if=""` or the `data-hide-if=""` in the source code.

Using the Collaborate Conditional Content tool will only insert `<div>` elements with conditional statements; however, conditional statements can be applied to any HTML element. Other useful examples include (but are not limited to):

- Paragraph `<p>`
- Table `<table>`
- Table Row `<tr>`
- Table Cell `<td>`
- Ordered List ``
- Unordered List ``
- List Item ``
- Span ``

`` is especially useful for inserting conditional logic on content that is within any other HTML element. Whereas `<div>` and `<p>` (among others) are block elements that take up the entire line inside the container, `` is an inline element and therefore is allowed to be on a line with other HTML elements.

`` example:

```
<p>Direct any inquiries to the <span data-show-if="Opportunity_Region == 'North'">North</span><span data-show-if="Opportunity_Region = 'South'">South</span> region manager.</p>
```

When rendered in the document, it will look like this: 

Then when the document is previewed or published, the proper word will display based upon the value of the `Opportunity_Region` variable.

Writing Conditional Logic Statements in Source Code

Once you identify the element(s) you want to put conditional logic statements on, refer to [Data-Show-If/Data-Hide-If Attributes](#) for a detailed breakdown on how to write these statements in source code.

It is also possible to string multiple logic statements together to create a complex logic statement. To do this, you can insert multiple ANDs or ORs between each collection of a variable, operator and value. However, you cannot use ANDs and ORs together in the same complex statement. For example, these statements are valid:

```
<div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company' OR proposal_client = 'XYZ Company'"><div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company' OR Opportunity_Industry = 'Tech' OR Opportunity_Industry == 'Aviaton'"><div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company' AND proposal_owner = 'John'">
```

But these statements are not:

```
<div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company' OR proposal_client = 'XYZ Company' AND proposal_owner = 'John'"><div data-show-if="proposal_client = 'ABC Company' AND Opportunity_Industry = 'Tech' OR Opportunity_Industry == 'Aviaton'">
```

ANDs and ORs are case sensitive and must be capitalized. This differs from writing [conditional logic statements for including sections and pages](#), where these must be lower-case.

If your use case requires a combination of ANDs and ORs, consider enabling and using [Logic Groups](#). If not enabled in your account, you will need to contact support.

Document scripting overview

Conga Collaborate's Document Scripting is the language you use to write conditional statements, substitute strings, and perform calculations with variables.

This article is maintained for legacy purposes only. All clients should be utilizing the Modern Variables feature, which provides a modern, point-and-click interface for formatting variables. If this feature is not enabled in your account, please contact Conga Global Support.

Conga Collaborate's legacy document scripting language allows you to write conditional statements, substitute text strings, and perform calculations with variables.

Being able to format your variables is important for the look, feel, and design of your document. Document scripting allows you to, among other things, remove unnecessary decimal places, display links as images, and format currency variables with the proper currency symbols. In addition, math operators allow you to perform basic operations on your variable data and display the results, all within Conga Collaborate.

- Format variables using [method statements](#).
- Perform [basic math functions](#).

Document scripting requires entirely lower case variables, even if the variable would normally have capitalized letters. Ex: { { Opportunity_Name } } would be { { opportunity_name } } when used with document scripting.

Conditionally Display Sections and Pages

Conga Collaborate administrators can create pages and sections in templates and documents that conditionally display based on specific criteria. The conditional logic builder provides a simple point-and-click interface that enables you to build your logic statements without code. Conditional sections or pages can leverage document variables, CRM variables, or survey form variables in their logic statements.

If you are using the newest logic feature, Logic Groups, see [Logic Groups Basics](#).

Conditional sections and pages provide Conga Collaborate admins with a way to ensure that content is present in a document only if it is needed, thus eliminating user error and speeding up document creation time.

For example, many Conga Collaborate administrators want pages in a template that will show only if a prospect is purchasing a specific product or if a proposal is for a specific scenario, like a client renewal. In that case, they may create a page that uses conditional display logic based on Opportunity Line Item data or an Opportunity variable coming from a Salesforce Opportunity record.

1. In your template or document, hover over the section or page in the Table of Contents.
2. A gear icon will appear. Click the gear icon and select Edit Properties.
3. Click Include Logic > on the Section or Page properties.
4. Use the first drop-down to select the variable that will be evaluated.
5. Use the second drop-down to select an operator. A large number of operators are supported, and they vary based on your variable's data type.
6. Use the third drop-down to define a value as the operand.
7. Click Save.

Example Statements:

Variable	Operator	Value
proposal_name (Document Variable)	contains	Renewal
Opportunity_Type (Salesforce Variable)	equals	New Customer
Opportunity_Account_Industry (Salesforce Variable)	not equal	Finance

Options

Include Logic

Repeatable

PDF Settings

Page Properties

Include Logic

Opportunity_Type

*

equals

New Customer

Data Type

picklist

Expression

opportunity_type == 'New Customer'

Show Advanced

Cancel

Save

When building show/hide logic statements using CRM variables, you must use variables that are related to your launching object. For example, when launching from an Opportunity but using the Industry field on the Account object, you need to use the variable that gets mapped from the Opportunity up to the Account, Opportunity_Account_Industry.

Logic-Based on Child Object Data

Some Conga Collaborate administrators may want to write logic statements that are not based on fields on the launching object, but instead use fields from a child object of the launching object, such as Opportunity Line Items present on an Opportunity in their CRM. In this case, the fields are treated as a data array filled with key value pairs. If a child object is selected in the variable drop-down, additional logic builder fields become available

Child object logic example:

Variable	Operator	A Record Where	Equals	
OpportunityLineItems	contains	PricebookEntry.Product2. Family	Services	

In this example, this page or section would show if any of the products in the Opportunity Line Items on the Salesforce Opportunity record have a product family equal to "Services."

The screenshot shows the 'Page Properties' dialog box. On the left is a sidebar with 'Options', 'Include Logic', 'Repeatable', and 'PDF Settings'. The 'Include Logic' option is selected. The main area shows a logic builder. It starts with 'Include Logic' set to 'OpportunityLineItems' (with a clear button 'x'). The operator is 'contains'. Below this, there's a section for 'a record where' with the operator 'equals' and the value 'Services'. The 'Data Type' is 'array'. The 'Expression' field contains the code: `opportunitylineitems.like?('PricebookEntry.Product2.Family'; 'Services')`. There is a 'Show Advanced' link below the expression. At the bottom of the dialog are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons.

Advanced Conditional Section and Page Logic

Admins can use the Show Advanced option in the logic builder to write more advanced logic statements with other operators or AND/OR statements. Statements written in the advanced builder must be all lowercase, with the exception of variable values, which are case sensitive.

Examples:

`opportunity_region__c == 'Northeast' or opportunity_region__c == 'Midwest'`

`proposal_name.include?("Octiv Document") or proposal_client.include?("Octiv Client")`

`opportunity_amount >= 1000 and opportunity_type == 'New Customer' or opportunity_type == 'Renewal'`

If you added or changed logic to conditionally display a section or page in a generated document (not a template), you will need to refresh your browser or go to the Integrations panel and click Refresh Variables and CRM pages in order to see your changes take effect in draft mode. Otherwise, your new logic statements won't be applied until you publish your document.

Including Call to Action buttons

Call to Action buttons allow your document recipients to interact with your documents online.

Call to Action buttons speed execution time of your documents by giving your recipients easy ways to interact with the document while viewing it. There are several types of Call to Action buttons that can be added to individual documents or templates in order to allow different types of recipient interaction:

Accept: prompts the recipient to sign a document by using the configured eSignature tool - Conga Sign, DocuSign, or the Conga Collaborate eSignature tool. When you add a recipient to a document, you must also ensure they are marked as a "Signer" in order to allow them to use this button. If configured with your eSignature tool, you will also be prompted to enter a signing order.

Decline: enables the recipient to decline a document and include a comment as to why.

Ask a Question: gives the recipient a chance to submit a question or comment to the document owner, who then receives the question via an email notification outside of Conga Collaborate.

Add People: allows the recipient to forward a document to colleagues for viewing, redlining, or signature. When you add a recipient to a document, you must also given them permission to "Add People" for this button to work.

Change Request (contracts only): lets the recipient create a change request on the contract and return it to the document owner or change request approver for review.

1. In the document or template you want to add buttons to, click the plus sign with a dotted outline in the header of the document.
2. After clicking the button, you'll see a dropdown menu of button types. Use the Button Label field to enter a button label, and then select the type of action you want your button to perform.
3. Click Save.

To edit or delete a button you've created, hover over the button, and click the pencil icon in the upper right corner. You will see a dropdown menu that enables you to edit or delete. A document owner can also add or remove a Call to Action button after a document has been published and sent and even viewed. However, a Call to Action button cannot be added after document acceptance.

When sending a document to a recipient, you must also ensure that each recipient has the correct permissions to use the buttons on the document.

A recipient must be marked as a Signer in order to allow them to use the Accept button on a document. If your eSignature tool configuration allows it, you will be prompted to enter a Signer Order as well.

A recipient must have the "Can add signers" or "Can add collaborators" permission in order to use the Add People button and add additional viewers, redliners, or signers to a document.

A recipient must have the "Can Redline" permission in order to use the "Change Request" button (Contracts only).

Including post-acceptance content

You can choose to show sections of a proposal only after it has been accepted. You might include a post-acceptance section in order to solicit information after signature—for example, to collect payment information directly from the client.

Add post-acceptance content by following these steps:

1. From the Document or Template you wish to add this feature to, click the New Section button in the Table of Contents panel to add a new section. You can also add the post-acceptance feature to an existing section (just jump to Step 3).
2. Name your Section.
3. Hover over the Section you want.
4. Click the gear that appears right of your Section name.
5. Choose Edit Properties.
6. In the Section Properties pop-up window, click the checkbox next to Display section once document is accepted.
7. Click Submit.

Logic Groups Basics

Conga Collaborate Logic Groups allows Administrators to build complex logic statements throughout the application to show or hide content. You can build rules that apply to an entire page, or a specific section of a page.

If you are using the previous version of Logic Groups, see [Hiding or showing content in Sections and Pages: Logic Builder](#).

To setup a logic condition

1. From your user dropdown, go to Administration and select Logic Groups.
2. Click +Create.
3. Select a display name. For example, value is greater than 5000.
4. Select an attribute name. This value is used by the API to store the rule in the page. For example, value_gt_5000.
5. Click Add Rule.
6. Under Logic Rules, Click +Click here to select a field and select the variable you want to base the rule on in the Field Selector. For example, click on Document and under Field, select proposal_value. Only mapped CRM fields will be displayed in the tool. For instructions on mapping CRM fields, reference [Using the Incoming Data Tool](#).

7. Back under Logic Rules, select the operator values from the dropdown menus beneath the field you've chosen. For example, select Greater than and choose a value of 5000. You can click the evaluate variable value checkbox if you want the logic rules to compare a variable to another variable.
8. Click Create. To enable a logic condition on a page in the Table of Contents:
9. Open your document.
10. In the Table of Contents, select the gear icon next to the page you want to edit.
11. Select Edit Properties.
12. Select Include Logic.
13. Under Include Logic, select Show if or Hide If.
14. Under Logic Group, select the name of the Logic Group you created.
15. Click Save. To enable a logic condition on a page section in the Table of Contents:
16. Open your document.
17. Select the gear icon next to the section where you want to apply the condition.
18. Select Edit Properties.
19. Select Include Logic.
20. Under Include Logic, select Show if or Hide If.
21. Under Logic Group, select the name of the Logic Group you created.
22. Click Save. To Insert a logic condition on a specific content within a page:
23. Open your document.
24. In the Insert dropdown menu, select Conditional Content.
25. Select the gear icon that appears on the top right side of your conditional content block.
26. Under Showing, select Show if or Hide if.
27. Under Logic Group, select the name of the Logic Group you created.
28. Click Save.

Conga Collaborate API

Conga Collaborate is proud to offer a RESTful API which gives anyone the ability to automate and embed functionality into their own application, manage users, and trigger additional workflows. You can use the interactive API documentation to test out API requests without writing any code. To access the API documentation and interface, append /api to the end of your Conga Collaborate URL. Example: mycompany.octiv.com/api

Offline Change Requests

In Conga Collaborate, you have the ability to take your online change requests offline into Microsoft Word.

This is a BETA FEATURE and not generally available at this time

In Conga Collaborate, you have the ability to take your online change requests offline into Microsoft Word. If you don't see the feature in your account and are interested in finding out if your team would be a good fit for this Beta program, reach out to your relationship manager for more information.

How do I complete an offline change request?

In Conga Collaborate

- From a published contract (internally or externally published), navigate to the Versions Tab and select "New Change Request"
- In the drop-down that appears, choose "Make Offline Changes"
- A download of the current version of your document will automatically begin

In Microsoft Word

- Open up the downloaded file
- Make any desired changes to the file
- You'll notice any changes reflected in the right-hand margin of the document and underlined
- Save the file

In Conga Collaborate

- Return to the online document
- Click "Choose Files" located under the cancel change request button
- Select the updated Word file
- From here, the change request approver will be able to accept and reject changes just like an online Conga Collaborate document, then submit it as a new version

Performing basic math functions

The following table shows you the right operand for various functions you're likely to use in Document Scripting.

Operand	Name	Example	Result
+	Addition	2 + 2	4
-	Subtraction	2 - 2	0
*	Multiplication	2 * 3	6
/	Division	12 / 4	3
**	Power	2**10	1024
%	Mod	12 % 9	3
&&	Boolean and	true && false	false
			Boolean or true false true
and	Boolean and	true and false	false
or	Boolean or	true or false	true
<	Less than	2	Greater than 2 > 3 false
!	Not	!true	false

Using Document Scripting to perform basic mathematical calculations is fairly straightforward. Here are a couple of examples.

Input	Output	Notes
{{ 2 + 2 }}	4	All of the operands are valid here.
{{ proposal_value.to_i * 10 }}	value*10	Check out the methods article to find out more about using .to_i.
{{ proposal_value1.to_i + proposal_value2.to_i }}	value1 + value2	Check out the methods article to find out more about using .to_i.

Convert any proposal_value to an integer prior to performing any math functions with the value.

Document scripting method statements

Conga Collaborate Document Scripting allows you to manipulate the formatting of variable data within a document.

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Conga Collaborate document scripting method statements allow you to format variables in a document.

For an overview of document scripting, reference the [Document scripting overview](#) article.

Being able to format your variables is important for the look, feel, and design of your document. Document scripting allows you to, among other things, remove unnecessary decimal places, display links as images, and format currency variables with the proper currency symbols.

The following table summarizes supported method statements, their descriptions, and examples of how to use them. To see more detailed explanations and examples for each, scroll down to it's corresponding detail section.

Document scripting requires entirely lower case variables, even if the variable would normally have capitalized letters. Ex: { { Opportunity_Name } } would be { { opportunity_name } } when used with document scripting.

Method	Description	Example	Result
as_img	Takes a URL and displays the image found at that URL	{{image_variable.as_img}} where image_variable contains a URL for the image	Image displayed
as_iframe	Takes a URL and displays the content found at that URL in an iframe	{ { url_variable.as_iframe } } Where url_variable contains a URL for the content to display within the iframe	Content displayed within the document page
to_i	Forces a number to display as an integer. Always rounds down	{{number_variable.to_i}} where number_variable = 1000.0	1000

Method	Description	Example	Result
to_f	Forces a number to display as a float. A single decimal place is added to the number.	{{number_variable.to_f}} where number_variable = 1000	1000.0
to_url	Takes a string and turns it into a hyperlink	{{ url_variable.to_url }} where url_variable = https://getconga.com	https://getconga.com
number_to_currency	Displays numbers with currency formatting	{{number_to_currency(number_variable)}}where number_variable = 1000.32	\$1,000.32
to_formatted_date	Displays a date variable with the selected formatting applied	{{date_variable.to_formatted_date("%-m/%-d/%Y")}} where the date is May 5, 2018	5/5/2018

as_img

Using `as_img` tells Conga Collaborate to interpret and display the variable value (which must be a publically accessible image URL) as the image itself instead of the URL text. CSS inline style modifiers can also be added to adjust height, width, etc.

Example	Result
{{ image_variable.as_img }}where image_variable contains a URL for the image	Image displayed
{{ image_variable.as_img("style" => 'height: 30px; width: 30px;') }}	Image displayed with height and width of 30px
{{ image_variable.as_img("style" => 'width: 15%;') }}	Image displayed with width of 15%

as_iframe

Using `as_iframe` tells Conga Collaborate to pull the content located at the URL into an iframe within the document. For example, you want to display a form within a Conga Collaborate page, so you pull it into the page using `as_iframe`. CSS inline style modifiers can also be added to adjust height, width, etc.

Example	Result
<code>{{ url_variable.as_iframe }}</code> Where <code>url_variable</code> contains a URL for the content to display within the iframe	Content displayed within the document page
<code>{{ url_variable.as_iframe("style" => 'height: 300px;') }}</code>	iframe height set at 300px

to_i

When using `to_i`, a number variable is displayed as an integer instead of a float. All decimal points are removed and the number always rounds down.

EXAMPLE	Result
<code>{{ number_variable.to_i }}</code> where <code>number_variable</code> = 1000.0	1000
<code>{{number_variable.to_i}}</code> where number variable = 100.67	100
<code>{{"23".to_i}}</code> this statement makes Conga Collaborate interpret the string "23" as a number	23

number_to_currency

By default, Conga Collaborate displays CRM currency values as floats. Using `number_to_currency` allows you to format these values using currency symbols. In addition to simply converting a number to a currency format, `number_to_currency` has several additional attributes. These are described below:

EXAMPLE	RESULT
<code>format as currency{{number_to_currency(number_variable)}}</code> where <code>number_variable</code> = 1000.32	\$1,000.32

EXAMPLE	RESULT
change the currency unit{{number_to_currency(number_variable, :unit=>"£")}}	£1,000.32
change the delimiter{{number_to_currency(number_variable, :delimiter=>".")}}	\$1.000.32
change the currency unit and delimiter{{number_to_currency(number_variable, :delimiter=>'.', :unit=>'¢')}}	¢1.000.32
change the number of decimal places{{number_to_currency(number_variable, :precision=>1)}}	\$1,000.3

Using an apostrophe as the delimiter

This is a special case because Ruby (the language that document scripting methods are based on) uses apostrophes as part of its own parsing process such that an apostrophe cannot be used without using an escape character. In Ruby, the escape character is a backslash \. The syntax looks like this:

EXAMPLE	RESULT
{ { number_to_currency(number_variable, :delimiter=>"'") } }	\$1'000.30

All number_to_currency attributes can be combined into one statement if desired

to_formatted_date

This method provides several options for formatting date variables. Using a combination of m, d, y, A, and B, you can display the date in numbers or in words.

Using %-m or %-d will only display one digit as appropriate, while using %m or %d will always display two digits

EXAMPLE	RESULT
{{date_variable.to_formatted_date("%-m/%-d/%Y")}}	7/7/2017
{{date_variable.to_formatted_date("%Y-%m-%d")}}	2017-07-07

EXAMPLE	RESULT
<code>{{date_variable.to_formatted_date("%A, %B %-d, %Y")}}</code>	Thursday, July 7, 2017

Setting up page-by-page acceptance

Rather than requiring an entire document to be accepted, you can select pages or sections of your document to be accepted with the recipient's signature. Only pages that are accepted will appear in the Signed PDF.

You will want to first set up this feature in your document's sections. If your section properties don't match those of the content pages, you'll get an error message. So if a section is set up as All Content Must Be Accepted, you need to set up each page within it to Require Acceptance or Allow Acceptance.

Follow these steps to set up acceptance for your document sections:

1. From the Build view of your document, hover over a section in your Table of Contents.
2. Click the gear icon that appears.
3. From the dropdown menu, choose Edit Properties.
4. In the pop-up window, choose the Acceptance properties you want. Those options are:
 - Disable Content Acceptance for This Section
 - Any Acceptable Content In This Section Is Optional
 - Require Only One Content To Be Accepted
 - Require At Least One Content To Be Accepted
 - Require All Content In This Section To Be Accepted
5. Click Submit.

Follow these steps to set up acceptance for individual pages of content:

1. In the Table of Contents panel for your document, hover over the page of content you want.
2. Click the gear icon.
3. From the dropdown menu, choose Edit Properties.
4. In the pop-up window, choose the Acceptance properties you want. Those options are:
 - Content can't be accepted
 - Require Acceptance for Overall Proposal Agreement
 - Allow Acceptance with Overall Proposal Agreement
5. Click Save.

After you select your acceptance options, your client will have the option to select a box next to the pieces of content that are open for acceptance in your published proposal.

Updating variables in documents

You can easily make sure your document is up-to-date by refreshing the CRM variables you pulled from a third-party source such as [Salesforce.com](https://www.salesforce.com) or Microsoft Dynamics. After a refresh, you can see which variables have been added or deleted from version to version.

Use these steps to refresh your CRM variables and pages:

1. If the document is already published Create a new Version, if the Document is in a Draft state continue to step 2
2. Click the Variables Tab
3. Click the Refresh Variables button. All of the variables within your document will update

Using iFrames to Embed Content

You may need to use iFrames to embed some forms of content into your Conga Collaborate documents. You can use iFrames with any secure link—and only a secure (HTTPS) link—so that we can keep all of your content secure.

Here's how you do it:

1. Copy the HTTPS URL of the content you want to embed.
2. Place your cursor at the spot in your document where you want your embedded content to appear.
3. Click Edit in your document's editing toolbox.
4. From the dropdown menu, choose Source Code.
5. A pop-up Source Code window appears. Place your cursor before the first character in the HTML code, and hit Enter twice.
6. Move back to the top line of the window and type: `<iframe width="100%" height="500px" src="`
7. Copy/Paste HTTPS URL.
8. After the HTTPS URL, type: `" /`
9. Click Ok.
10. From your document's Table of Contents, toggle the Preview switch to On. Your embedded content appears. If you decide to move the content, turn Preview to Off, and drag the iFrame to its new position.

Using Math Expressions in Auto Generated Content

You can perform mathematical operations on fields in any single table cell within an auto-generated table or on fields in a data-repeat block. Conga Collaborate only understands math operators within the context of auto-generated content, and as such all math expressions must be within [square brackets]. Operators that are supported are: + - * /

Examples:

- To calculate Total Price: [ListPrice * Quantity]
- To calculate sales tax: [SUM(TotalPrice) * .07]

i As a best practice, Conga Collaborate does not recommend performing mathematical operations within Conga Collaborate itself if you are using a CRM. These calculations should be performed within the CRM and the results simply displayed in Conga Collaborate. This allows your CRM to be the source of truth for your data.

Here is an example pricing table that uses math expressions:

Product Name	Product Family	Price	Quantity	Total Price
[PricebookEntry.Product2.Name]	[PricebookEntry.Product2.Family]	[UnitPrice]	[Quantity]	[UnitPrice * Quantity]

With preview turned on:

Product Name	Product Family	Price	Quantity	Total Price
Apple	Fruit	\$500	2	\$1,000
Carrot	Vegetable	\$2,000	7	\$14,000
Pear	Fruit	\$2,500	4	\$10,000

Using variables in Conga Collaborate

Variables can be used within a document to display dynamic content. Conga Collaborate allows you to use out-of-the-box document variables, CRM variables, and form variables. (CRM and form variables require integrations with a CRM and Formstack, respectively.)

Using Standard Document Variables

Conga Collaborate provides standard variables that are populated by filling out fields in the Properties panel of your document, under Details. Available variables include such information as document title and document value as well as document owner information like name and phone number.

Follow these steps to insert standard variables into your content:

1. In your document's Build view, click the Properties panel.
2. Fill in the fields you want to include (i.e., Client, Value, Description, etc.) under the Details section.
3. Add variables to your document. Click the Content panel, then click Variables. You will see a dropdown list called Document which contains all the standard variables available in your document, as well as the current value of those variables. Drag and drop the variables into your content. You can also type the "%" sign in your document to pull up a list of variables while creating content. As you type the variable name after the "%" sign the list of variables will be filtered to match your desired variable. Variables inserted into a document while in draft mode appear as the related field name surrounded by a set of {{double brackets}}. This behavior is different if you have Modern Variables enabled. See the Modern Variables section at the end of this article for more information.

Preview or publish to see the actual data

Creating Custom Variables You might want to use custom variables in a Template, meaning any documents created from that Template will also have those custom variables. Using this feature enables your users to fill out information to customize their documents. Custom variables can also be added to generated documents.

Follow these steps to create custom variables:

1. In your template or document's Build view, click the Content panel.
2. Click Add New, and then select Add New Variable.
3. From the pop-up window that appears, fill in these variables:
 - Name is actual name of your variable and appears in {{curly brackets}} when inserted into a document in Build view.
 - Value shows in place of the variable name when the document is previewed or published.
4. Click Submit. A new Custom dropdown in the Variables panel houses your custom variables, which you can drag and drop into your content as with any other

variable. To edit a custom variable, hover over its title, click the gear that appears, and click Edit. You can then change the variable's value.

Previewing Variables in a Document or Template

Before you turn on Preview within your document, your variables appear in {{double curly brackets}} or [single square brackets] that look like this: {{variable_name}} or [variable_name]. Using Preview mode, you can preview them to see what they'll actually look like when you Publish your document.

Toggle the Preview switch in the Table of Contents panel to On, and your variables will be replaced by the values they hold. If you want to preview CRM variables, make sure that you are connected to an Opportunity or other CRM object.

If you want to edit your document, turn Preview to Off.

Refreshing Variables

If you're using any of Conga Collaborate's CRM integrations, you need to refresh the variables in your document after any updates to information in your CRM.

Follow these steps to refresh your variables:

1. After you edit data in your CRM, open the connected document in Conga Collaborate.
2. Make sure Preview is switched to Off. Otherwise the Refresh Variables button won't appear.
3. Open the Integrations panel.
4. Click Refresh Variables. The data from your CRM updates all of the dynamic sections and content in your document.

To refresh some content pages, such as those added from the Conga Collaborate Content related list in Salesforce or the automatically generated Quote and Product Pages, you need to click the arrow to the right of the Refresh Variables button and click "Refresh Variables and CRM Pages." This will actually delete and re-generate those pages in order to display the new values.

When working on a template, you must disconnect it from your CRM object record by deleting the ID and refreshing the page. Then re-connect the template by adding the ID back in. This allows variables to be refreshed.

Modern Variables

This feature allows users to see the value of variables instead of seeing the variable name appear inside of {{curly brackets}}. The value of the variable will appear with a yellow

background to differentiate it from standard text in a document. If a variable doesn't have a value, it will be populated with No Value:

With Modern Variables, you are able to change the format in which a variable will display. When you click on a variable (highlighted in yellow), a menu appears that shows the value of the variable. Clicking the carat (>) opens a second menu that lets you select the data type of the variable.

Each data type has different formatting options available, summarized below:

Data Type	Formatting Options
String	Text Case - Normal, Uppercase, Lowercase
Image	Width, Height
Link	Text to display
Iframe	Width, Height
Date	Display format (1/1/11; 01/01/11; Jan. 1, 2011, etc.)
Number	Unit, Delimiter, # of decimal places

For example, if you have a variable that should be formatted as US currency, you can select "Number" as your data type and then enter a dollar sign (\$) for the unit, a comma (,) for the delimiter, and a two (2) for the number of decimals you would like displayed.

Webhooks

A webhook is a user-defined callback over HTTP. You can use Conga Collaborate webhooks to notify your add-on or web application when certain events occur in Conga Collaborate. For example, you might want to alert your remote application when a document has been published or when a document has been accepted. Using a webhook to do this means that your remote application doesn't have to periodically poll Conga Collaborate (via the REST APIs) to determine whether changes have occurred.

A webhook in Conga Collaborate is defined by the following information, which you need to provide when registering (i.e. creating) a new webhook:

- the URL where the callback should be sent
- the Content type, Conga Collaborate supports JSON, XML, and Form Encoded

- the Trigger to post to the URL, for example, document.create would post to the URL whenever a new document is created

Keeping your systems in sync

Webhooks keep your application up to date as events are happening in Conga Collaborate so all of your systems can stay in sync; they:

- Allow you to utilize the power of Conga Collaborate Document Generation while allowing your users to stay within your own system
- Can trigger additional workflows or notifications to your internal team based on events happening within Conga Collaborate
- Allow you to build a bi-directional application which was only previously possible with Conga Collaborate Owned 1st party integrations (Salesforce, MS Dynamics)

Registering a webhook

1. Navigate to the Conga Collaborate administration console > User Dropdown > Administration > Webhook
2. Click Add Webhook
3. Enter the details for your new webhook in the form that is shown
4. Click Save to register your webhook

PDFs

Use PDF files with Conga Collaborate.

Adding Page Numbers to Your PDFs

System administrators can add page numbers to PDFs through Theme Builder.

To add page numbers to a PDF

1. From your Drop Down User Menu (your avatar), click Account Settings.
2. From the menu on the left, click Themes.
3. Choose the theme you have established.
4. Click the PDF tab from the menu on the right side of the screen.
5. Scroll down to Header or Footer, depending on where you want your page number to appear.

6. Select the arrow above the Left, Center, or Right placement option, depending on your choice.
7. From the pop-up that appears, click the Print tab and select Page Number.
8. Click Save.

Annotations

Annotations are markups made on a PDF such as text, drawings, shapes, images, or comments. Annotations must be turned on by Conga Collaborate

To annotate a PDF

1. Upload the file to the Content Library
2. Drag the file to the table of contents
3. Select the gear icon next to the page name
4. Select Annotate – this will reload the page and you will see a new editor appear atop the document
5. Click on the pencil icon to activate the annotations mode
 - Your document will open in full-screen view to give you more space to annotate
 - Use the annotate options on the left to markup your drawing
 - Once you are done click on the x icon to exit out (the annotations will save on their own)
6. After exiting you will see a banner saying that the page is reloading
7. You will see the annotations you made on the embedded pdf
8. Download your document (select PDF download) and your annotations will be included in the full document download

If you annotate a PDF file online the annotations will be included in your pdf.

Automatically populate a PDF with Web Merge

You can use Web Merge to automatically populate fields of fillable PDFs through Conga Collaborate. Web Merge enables you to reference variable data from a document, CRM platforms, and Formstack entries.

To upload and auto-populate a PDF

1. From your Account Settings view, click Web Merge from the left-side menu.
2. Click the Add Merge Document button.

3. Choose your PDF by using the search field or the Choose File button (the PDF must be a fillable PDF).
4. (Optional) Check the box next to Flatten to prevent the PDF from being edited after it's auto-populated.
5. (For Formstack-integrated accounts only) Choose the form that document owners complete to populate information that isn't available in the document or CRM variables.
6. Click Save. You see a list of fillable fields from your PDF.
7. Select one of three Default Value Types next to each field.
 - Use String to insert a single static value.
 - Use Variable to reference a document, CRM, or form variable value.
 - Use Condition to insert one of two static values based on an evaluation of one or more variable values.
8. Click Save.

Use the Properties tab to add saved Merge documents to a Proposal template.

Document owners and recipients can find completed merge documents from the Download Documents button in the Table of Contents.

Disable link display in PDF downloads

Conga Collaborate allows, at the Theme level, for URL links to be hidden in PDF downloads. This way you can create the same clean look in your downloadable documents that you expect from Conga Collaborate's online documents.

It's increasingly common to include links to other material within documents, but URLs can be clunky and lengthy when fully displayed. Our document users simply want to click once and be taken where they need to go. To solve this problem we often create hyperlinks within Conga Collaborate documents (i.e. "click here"), but this didn't account for situations where the PDF was being downloaded.

Conga Collaborate allows, at the Theme level, for URL links to be hidden in PDF downloads. This way you can create the same clean look in your downloadable documents that you expect from Conga Collaborate's online documents.

To disable link display in PDF downloads:

1. From your user profile, select Administration, then the Themes icon
2. Select a theme to edit
3. Select the PDF section of the Theme editor and then check the "Hide link URLs" option

You must have permission to edit Themes for this feature, this permission is usually reserved for Conga Collaborate Administrators.

Displaying content in web-only or print-only

You can customize PDF output in Conga Collaborate so that you hide content in the web view and display it in the print view—or vice versa.

Customize Conga Collaborate pages or page content to display only in web view or only in PDF download. Any page or content on a page can be configured for web-only or print-only.

There are several use cases where you would only want the content to display in one of the two scenarios. A couple of examples:

- Create a signature block that does not display until your document is downloaded to PDF.
- Add an embedded video to a document that is hidden in PDF download in order to remove the white space caused by the video container.

To Set Pages as web-only or print-only

1. In the document editor, click on the gear icon to the right of the page you want to edit.
2. Select Edit Properties.
3. In Display Options, select your desired setting.
4. Click Save.

To Set Page Content as Web-Only

The steps laid out in the next two sections work for Proposal-type documents. If you are working in contracts, you will need to edit the source code in a content page and then add that content page to your Contract-type document.

1. In the document editor, open the Edit dropdown and select Source Code.
2. Locate the HTML for the content that you only want to be displayed on the web.
3. Add a `<div>` element with a class of no-print around your content: `<div class="no-print">[web-only content]</div>`
4. Click Save.
Set page Content as print-only
5. In the document editor, open the Edit dropdown and select Source Code.
6. Locate the HTML for the content that you only want to be displayed on the web.

7. Add a `<div>` element with a class of print-only around your content: `<div class="print-only">[web-only content]</div>`
8. Click Save.

Mark a document as Accepted by uploading a signed PDF

If your recipient opts to return a wet-signed PDF version of your document via email rather than applying an e-signature to the on-line version, the PDF file can be used to move a document from an Open state to Accepted.

Upload a signed PDF in order to mark a Collaborate document as Accepted.

If a client wants to sign through wet signature or your process is such that it requires signing outside of Collaborate in any way, you will want to be able to mark the original Collaborate document as Accepted in order to keep your records up to date.

Follow these steps:

1. Open the build view of a published document
2. Open the Properties panel
3. Click the Status dropdown at the top of the Properties panel
4. Select the option Mark as Accepted and Upload Wet Signature
5. In the Upload Signed Document modal, click Choose file
6. Select your signed PDF file that corresponds with the Collaborate document
7. Click Submit

Your Collaborate document will now show a status of Accepted. In addition, the uploaded PDF will be viewable within the Properties panel underneath the document status bar. Finally, downloading the Collaborate document to PDF will now produce the signed PDF that you uploaded in step six instead of the web version of the document.

Optimizing a PDF

We recommend the following practices to ensure the best-possible PDF output quality.

If you want your Conga Collaborate documents to be downloaded as PDFs, you can click the Properties panel on the right-hand side of the page, click Options, and then click enable PDF download. Once you have this option turned on, make sure they're looking as good as they can. We recommend the following practices to ensure the best-possible PDF output quality.

Page Breaks

Use the Content Editor to insert page breaks exactly where you want them to fall. (Just put your cursor where you want the break and click Insert and then Page Break.) Doing so keeps your content from running together in the PDF output and hard copy.

Web-Only or Print-Only Content

You can [hide pieces of content](#) from web or print versions. This comes in handy for hiding in web view anything that requires a recipient to write in content—or for keeping video or other content that you want only online from showing up in print versions.

PDF Background


Add design and branding elements to the PDF output of your documents by including a PDF background image. In the Theme Builder, upload an 8.5" x 11" png or jpg file at 150 DPI for best results. Different images can be assigned to a document's cover page and standard pages.

Photo Files

Upload a 3 MB photo into a proposal, and all 3 MB are downloaded within the PDF. Too many big files can keep your proposals from downloading. We recommend keeping your photo files under 500 KB so that your PDF sizes stay manageable.

Designate a page to be landscape or portrait

You can designate a content page to appear as landscape by hovering over the desired page in the Table of Contents, and clicking the gear icon that appears. Once the page properties modal appears, check the box that says Landscape Mode.

 To use this functionality, Modern Document Size must be enabled for the account (An administrator can enable this by going to Administration > Account Settings > Checking the box next to Modern Document Size under Document Settings).

Advanced Table of Contents You can easily insert a table of contents into your Conga Collaborate Proposals. This option enables your recipients to more easily navigate your Proposal in a PDF format. To enable this feature, navigate to a template, select Properties,

select options, then click Enable Print Table of Contents. You have two options for Table of Content type:

Sidebar generates a table of contents from the Sections and Pages in the sidebar.

Content generates a table of contents from the headings in the document content.

Sidebar Advanced Options

With the Sidebar PDF Table of Contents, you can include section titles, page titles, or both in your PDF Table of Contents.

- If you do not want to include section titles and page titles in the PDF Table of Contents, you can turn off those options within your document by navigating to that particular section's properties: Hover over the section, click the gear icon, and click Edit Properties. Open the Table of Contents tab.
- If you un-check "include this section," the section title no longer appears in the PDF Table of Contents. Page titles from that section also no longer appear in the PDF Table of Contents.
- If you check "include this section" and un-check "include all pages," the section title appears but page titles are excluded from the PDF Table of Contents.

PDF Table of Contents Properties do not affect which content is presented in the PDF export-only whether or not the page title or section title is represented in the PDF Table of Contents.

Selecting pages from a PDF

If you'd like to insert only certain pages from a PDF into a Conga Collaborate document, you can do so by using our Page Select feature. The first step is to ask your account manager to enable this feature.

To use Page Select

1. Ensure the PDF you want to insert pages from is in your Content Library.
2. From the Build view of the document you want, click the Content tab.
3. Click the down arrow on the top right to select Files.
4. Drag and drop the PDF you want into your content, or the Table of Contents panel to create a new page.
5. From the pop-up window, Click Select Pages.
6. In the new pop-up window, scroll through your PDF's pages, clicking the check mark for those you want.

7. Click Embed Pages. Your selected pages appear in your content. If you dropped your PDF into the Table of Contents, you'll see them right away. If you dropped it into your content, toggle the Preview switch On.

Setting up PDF page sizes and layouts

Size is no small matter when you're building just-right documents. You can shrink or expand your PDFs to the size you want, or change the layout.

To change your PDF output

1. From your user icon click into Administration and then from the Administration page click into Themes.
2. Select the Theme(s) you would like to update the PDF output for, if there are multiple Themes you will need to repeat the steps for each theme.
3. Click the PDF tab from the right-side menu, it is the icon with the down-pointing arrow.
4. Under Page Sizes in the PDF window, click US-Letter (the default setting), and choose the size you want from the pop-up window.
5. To change the layout of your PDFs, click Portrait (the default), and choose Landscape from the pop-up window.
6. Click Save.

Using a PDF to create a presentation

You can use existing content from a PDF to build a presentation in Conga Collaborate. Use these steps to start your presentation from any PDF.

1. From the Dashboard or your Documents view, click the Create button.
2. Select Presentation from the dropdown menu.
3. Within the Create a Presentation window, click the Choose Files button.
4. Select the PDF you want. The system gets to work, and a notification appears after your presentation has been built.
5. Find your new presentation in your Document List.

Presentations

Create Presentations in Conga Collaborate.

Adding and Editing Presentation Slide Content

You have a lot of options for bringing engaging content into your presentations. You can add text, images, videos, and shapes.

To add text to a slide

1. Click the Text icon at the top of the slide editor.
2. Click Add. An adjustable text box appears in your slide.
3. Click within the text box to insert a cursor and add your text.
4. Use the Properties tab on the editing toolbar to:
 - Adjust the position of the item on the slide.
 - Adjust the scale (size) of the item.
 - Adjust the Z-Index (layering order of each item displayed).
 - Adjust the opacity (transparency) of each item.
 - Adjust the alignment of each item.
 - Lock the ability of other users to edit an item.

Standard formatting options including font sizes and font family are also available on the editing toolbar. Right-click the text box to quickly adjust its layering order on the slide, expand it to the size of the canvas, or remove it. You can add an image that appears in your [Content Library](#).

5. To add an image, click the Image icon at the top of the slide editor.
6. Click Add.
7. From the pop-up window, search by name of the image you want or select it from the preview panel.
8. Click to select the image you'd like to add.
9. Click Add. The selected image appears on the slide.
 - a. Click and drag any of the circular points along the border to expand the image in that direction.
 - b. Hold the Shift key while dragging to maintain the dimensions of the image.
 - c. Click and drag the blue point just above the border to adjust the tilt.

You can also click the Properties tab on the editing toolbar to make the adjustments to your image that we note in the Adding Text section. Right-click the image to quickly adjust its layering order on the slide, expand it to the size of the canvas, or remove it.

10. To add a video to your presentation, click the Video icon at the top of the slide editor.
11. Click Add. A new video placeholder appears on the slide.
12. Click to select the video placeholder. A Video URL entry field appears on the editing toolbar.

13. Copy and paste your video's URL from the source to the Video URL field. A preview image appears in the placeholder.
 - a. Click and drag any of the circular points along the border to expand the placeholder in that direction.
 - b. Hold the Shift key while dragging to maintain the dimensions of the placeholder
 - c. Click and drag the blue point just above the border to adjust the tilt.

You can also click the Properties tab on the editing toolbar to make the adjustments to your video that we note in the Adding Text section. Right-click the placeholder to quickly adjust its layering order on the slide, expand it to the size of the canvas, or remove it.

Note: Video sources supported are YouTube, Vimeo and Wistia.

14. To add shapes, click the Shape icon at the top of the slide editor.
15. Click Add. A gray square appears by default.
16. Click on your shape to see an Editing Toolbar and change the shape or color.
 - a. Click and drag any of the circular points along the border to expand the shape in that direction.
 - b. Hold the Shift key while dragging to maintain the dimensions of the shape.
 - c. Click and drag the blue point just above the border to adjust the tilt.

You can also click the Properties tab on the editing toolbar to make the adjustments to your shape that we note in the Adding Text section. Right-click the shape to quickly adjust its layering order on the slide, expand it to the size of the canvas, or remove it.

Adding Presentation Variables

Users can access their Document and CRM variables from the side variable panel. Simply drag and drop or add desired variables within the slides.

Users no longer have to manually type in their variables in order to include dynamic content within their presentations. They can now access their Document and CRM variables from the side variable panel. Simply drag and drop or add desired variables within the slides.

To Add Variables

1. Create a Presentation.
2. Click into a slide.
3. Open up your Variables tab.
4. Select the desired variable that you would like to add to your slide.

5. You can click on the “+” button and add your variable. OR, you can drag and drop your variables into your slides.

Adding slide transition effects in a presentation

Choose from six available slide transitions.

There’s more than one route from slide to slide in your presentations—in fact, you can choose from six.

Use these effects to your advantage by following these steps:

1. Within the presentation, you’d like to edit, scroll through the Table of Contents panel to find the slide you want to add a transition effect to.
2. Click on the gear icon that appears when you hover over the slide.
3. Click Edit Properties from the dropdown menu.
4. In the Slide Properties window that appears, choose Transition.
5. Hover over an effect to preview it; click to select.
6. Click Save.

Adding Variables to Presentation Slides

You can easily add variables to your presentation slides.

Follow these steps to enter variables manually:

1. From the Build View, click the Text icon.
2. Click Add.
3. In the text box that appears, manually enter your variables.

Follow these steps add variables by using the Variables tab:

1. From the Build View, click the Variables tab.
2. In the Variables panel, you see categories of variables. Choose the category you want to see the individual variables.
3. From the Variables panel, you can:
 - Drag and drop the variable you want into your slide. The related formatting stays intact.
 - Click the plus icon to choose your variable. The variable lands where your cursor appears in your slide.

Adjusting slide size in a presentation

You’re not limited to one slide size within a presentation.

Here's how to adjust the dimensions of an individual slide:

1. Within the presentation you'd like to edit, find the slide you want to resize in the Table of Contents panel.
2. Click on the gear that appears when you hover over the slide.
3. Click Edit Properties from the dropdown menu.
4. In the Slide Properties window that appears, scroll down to Slide Size.
5. Choose a size, or create your own custom size.
6. Click Save.

Download a Presentation to PowerPoint

Conga Collaborate allows the option to download your presentation documents to PowerPoint.

Contact Conga Collaborate to enable this feature for your account.

Conga Collaborate allows the option to download your presentation documents to PowerPoint. Once enabled, your Conga Collaborate Administrator can complete the initial setup. Then, this functionality will be available for all users.

Conga Collaborate Administrator Initial Setup

Follow the steps below after this feature has been enabled for your account

1. Open the Administration menu
2. Click Account Settings
3. Click the General tab
4. Under Download Formats, click to enable the Microsoft PowerPoint option
5. Click Save

To download your presentation to PowerPoint

1. Open a Presentation template or document
2. Click the Properties tab
3. Scroll the Properties tab to the Document Options section
4. Click to enable the Allow PPTX Downloads option

Once these steps are taken, document owners and recipients will have the option to download to PowerPoint by simply clicking the Download Document button in the Table of Contents column.

Import Editable Presentations

You can import presentation decks and make each slide editable within Conga Collaborate.

In order to do this, follow these steps:

1. Go to the Documents list and click Create > Presentation
2. Click Choose File (or Browse, if you are using Firefox) and select the presentation file you want to import
3. Check the box next to Editable
4. Click Create

Conga Collaborate will then process your deck and prepare it for editing. Depending on the size of your presentation, this can take several minutes. Once processing is complete, you will be given a link to your editable presentation in the modal, an email will be sent to the address associated with your user, and it will also be available in the Documents List.

Moving slides into a presentation

Pick and choose from a full PowerPoint deck to build your presentation by following these steps:

1. Within the presentation you want to work from, click the Content tab from the menu on the right.
2. Choose Decks from the dropdown menu.
3. Drag and drop the file you want into the Table of Contents panel on the left.
4. In the pop-up window that appears, click the Select Pages button.
5. Click to select each slide you want.
6. Click the Embed Pages button. The slides appear in your Table of Contents.

Presentations overview

Use Conga Collaborate to share and track Presentations online. Create your presentations from scratch in Conga Collaborate or upload an existing presentation.

You can use Presentations to:

- Upload a PowerPoint presentation to Conga Collaborate.
- Assemble an online presentation from uploaded slides.
- Deliver an online presentation via URL.
- Email a URL link to meeting participants and track attendees' viewing patterns in real time.

- Use presentation timers, speaker notes, and next-slide preview to stay on task during live presentations.
- Receive real-time notifications when a prospect views a presentation or opens an email.
- Track the time a recipient spends viewing each slide.

Follow these steps to create a Presentation:

1. From your Dashboard or Document List, click the Create button.
2. Click Presentations in the dropdown menu.
3. From the pop-up window, you can choose to start with a blank document, upload a presentation file (.ppt or .pptx) from your computer, or work from a template.
4. Click Create. Doing so takes you to the presentation Build View.
5. Add additional Slides to your Presentation by clicking Content in the top right menu bar and dragging the desired slides to the Table of Contents panel on the left. You can organize your slides by dragging them into the order you want in this panel.
6. Click the Properties tab to set your title, description, tags, and other properties of your Presentation.
7. When it's just as you want it, Publish your Presentation. (Edits are closed after you Publish.)
8. Click the People tab to share this Presentation. You can use the Tracking feature to find out who's looking—and for how long.

Presenter and viewer modes for presentations

Your options for Presentations are different depending on whether you're in Presenter or Viewer Mode. The following sections outline what you can do when.

Presenter Mode

When you're the Presenter, you can share, track, and present a Presentation.

To share a published Presentation, you can:

- Copy, paste, and share the URL and Access Code.
- Click the People tab and then the Add People button.

Follow these steps to track a published Presentation:

1. Click the Track tab. A tracking data panel opens, and it includes:
 - Number of views
 - Last viewed by
 - Time viewed

- Age
 - An activity feed of updates, presentation dates, and so on
2. Click the View Full Report button to drill deeper into tracking information.

Follow these steps to present a Presentation:

1. Click the Next Steps tab.
2. Click the Start Presenting button. You see your current slide in the center panel. The panels on the right and left give further detail about your presentation.

The right panel shows you

- A preview of the next slide in the deck.
- A timer, to help you keep on track as you present.
- Any slide-specific meeting notes you add.

The left panel enables you to jump to a specific slide. You can close this panel by clicking the bookmark icon.

There's also a bottom menu, from which you can see who is viewing your Presentation. You also find the Stop Presenting button on the bottom left of this menu.

Viewer Mode

When you're in Viewer Mode for a Conga Collaborate Presentation, you can use the bottom menu to:

- Navigate through the slides.
- View thumbnails of all slides.
- Enter full-screen mode.
- Download a PDF of the Presentation.
- See who is viewing the Presentation.

Once the presenter kicks off the presentation, you lose the option to move through or otherwise manipulate the presentation and can use the bottom menu only to see who is viewing the presentation. When the presentation is over, you get your options back.

Presenting Decks in Draft State

Within the build view of your presentation, users now have the ability to present their decks before the presentation is published. Being able to present pre-publish allows users more flexibility for when they need to start presenting, and it allows users to make more informed changes before they publish their decks.

How to Present in Draft State:

1. Create your Presentation.

2. Add and edit your slides.
3. Click on the Next Steps tab.
4. Click on the Start Presenting button.
5. You will then be taken to your normal presenting modal.
6. Click on the Stop Presenting button to go back to the draft version of your presentation.

Selecting slides for your presentation

You can add an entire deck—or just select slides—to your Presentation by following these steps:

1. In Build View for the Presentation you want, click the Content tab.
2. From the dropdown menu in the Content panel, choose Decks.
3. Drag and drop the Deck you want into the Table of Contents panel on the left.
4. In the pop-up Embed File window, click the Select Pages button. Your presentation deck loads in the window.
5. Check the checkmark icon for the slides you'd like to include.
6. Click Embed Pages. Your slides appear in your Table of Contents panel. Drag and drop them to change the order.

Cloud Storage

Store online Collaborate documents in third-party Cloud Storage applications. Expand the menu to the left and select a topic for more information.

Cloud Storage: Adding Cloud Attachments

The attachment link is always up to date with the most current version of the file on your cloud platform. Deleting or moving a file from your cloud platform won't delete it from your documents, however, so remember to remove deleted attachments from your saved templates. You can add attachments to any document you have yet to publish (draft only). Adding an attachment includes an option for using cloud files from any of these platforms:

- Amazon s3
- Box
- Dropbox
- Google Drive
- OneDrive

- SharePoint
- Salesforce Files

How to attach a document from a cloud platform:

1. From the document (draft only) you'd like to attach files to, click Attachments in the Table of Contents panel
2. In the popup window that appears, click Cloud File
3. From our available cloud platform connections, click the one you want
4. Follow the prompts to sign in to your platform (your credentials aren't stored; you can see and revoke access from your cloud platform)
5. Click the file you want
6. Click the Select button (your document attaches to your draft)

Cloud Storage: Box: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

If you're not already using Box, check out [Box.com/business](https://box.com/business) for additional information.

Before you get started with your Box integration:

- Gather your Box credentials
- Ensure the Box Integration is enabled for your Conga Collaborate account
- Edit Integrations Permissions (determined by Group Permissions)

To connect this integration

1. From your Administration page, click Integrations
2. Choose Cloud Storage from the Integrations menu
3. Click Choose on the right-hand side of the screen
4. In the pop-up window, select Box
5. Enter your email address and password
6. Click Authorized
7. Click Grant Access to Box

Organizing your documents using Box integration

The beauty of Box is how it enables you to organize your files. Find out how to get your documents and templates to Box and into your system in the following sections.

Designating a default Box folder

Accepted and signed Conga Collaborate documents are legally binding. Using this feature lets you upload them directly to a folder in your Box account so that nothing slips through the cracks.

1. From your Administration page, click Integrations
2. Choose Cloud Storage from the Integrations menu
3. Click Choose on the right-hand side of the screen
4. Select the folder you want (you can navigate to subfolders by clicking the name of a parent folder)
5. Click Select (the filepath to the folder will now show up under Default Destination for Signed Documents)
6. Click Save

Designating a Box folder for a template

Follow these steps to guide a template to its Box destination:

1. With the template open, click the Properties tab
2. Click Choose to the right of the Cloud Folder for Signed Document field
3. Select folder destination you want (you may navigate to sub-folders by clicking the name of a parent folder)
4. Click Select

Setting a default file name pattern

A PDF downloaded from a proposal often ends up with a default file name that's hard to understand. This feature lets you assign variables to keep file names clean and clear.

1. From the Administration page, click Integrations
2. Click Cloud Storage
3. Under Filename Pattern, click Insert Variable (include at least one variable; you can include additional text in the Filename Pattern as well)
4. Click Save

Setting filename patterns for templates

Using different filename patterns and variables for templates can make your searches easier.

1. From the Template you want to set a Box filename pattern for, click the Properties tab.
2. Enter your variable name in the Cloud Filename Pattern field (include at least one variable; you can include additional text in the Filename Pattern as well; ensure to include the {{ double curly brackets }} around your variable name. (e.g., {{proposal_client}} PDF))

Attaching Box files to a Conga Collaborate document

To attach a Box file to your document, [see this article](#) on attaching cloud files to a Conga Collaborate document.

Adding Box files as a page in a Conga Collaborate document

A Box file can be added as a new page in your Conga Collaborate document.

1. From a Conga Collaborate document, click New Page at the top of the table of contents bar on the left-hand side of the screen
2. Click Cloud Asset
3. Choose your file (you can navigate to sub-folders by clicking on the folder)
4. Click Select

Cloud Storage: Connecting your Conga Collaborate Account

You can automatically store signed documents in Amazon S3, Box, Dropbox, Google Drive, OneDrive, SharePoint, or Salesforce Files. Follow these steps to connect a cloud storage account:

1. From the Account Settings view, click Integrations in the Table of Contents panel
2. Click Cloud Storage from the menu
3. Use the Choose button to select from available cloud storage platforms (follow the prompts to log in to your platform)
4. Click the folder where you'd like documents to be saved, and click Select
5. Under the Filename Pattern field, use Insert Variable to choose how your uploaded documents are named and organized
6. If you want to limit cloud storage to one destination, click Use Single Account Authentication
7. Click Save

Cloud Storage: Egnyte: Integrating with Conga Collaborate

The Conga Collaborate integration gives Egnyte users the power to create, share, collaborate and sign documents online – on any device, anywhere. Once a document is signed, Conga Collaborate automatically saves a completed document to the correct Egnyte folder for secure storage and sharing.

With the Conga Collaborate integration Egnyte users can:

- Use Egnyte's search to find files, right from within a Conga Collaborate account
- Build Conga Collaborate documents with files stored in the Egnyte repository
- Automatically sync the latest version of Egnyte files to have access to the most up-to-date version within Conga Collaborate
- Collaboration with any internal or external party on any type of document that requires eSignature
- Send a copy of the completed document to the correct Egnyte folder for secure storage
- Track interaction with shared files for more timely and informed follow-up

To use your Egnyte or other cloud storage account, simply select the New Page button from a document. Then select the option to add from cloud content.

Choose Egnyte from the list of Conga Collaborate's cloud storage partners and log into your Egnyte account. This will give you access to all of your folders and files that are stored through Egnyte and can bring them into your Conga Collaborate document.

To learn more about our Egnyte integration, head to our website and have one of our experts get in touch with you!

Cloud Storage: Embedding Cloud Content

Your content is always up to date with the most current version of the file on your cloud platform. These updates occur only in Templates and documents still in Draft mode. Published Documents are not updated. If you delete a file from your cloud platform or move it to another folder, your Conga Collaborate documents are not affected. If you want your file deleted from Conga Collaborate, ensure it is manually deleted within whatever templates and document drafts it appears. Using the Conga Collaborate Cloud Content feature, you can embed documents, from the following sources, directly into your Conga Collaborate document:

- Amazon s3
- Box
- Dropbox
- Google Drive
- OneDrive
- SharePoint
- Salesforce

For any unpublished document (draft only), follow these steps to access cloud files:

1. From Build view of your Conga Collaborate document, click New Page in the Table of Contents panel
2. Click Cloud Content
3. Choose the platform you use (you'll be prompted to sign into that platform) Credentials aren't stored, you can see and revoke access from your cloud platform at any time
4. Choose your files and click Select (your file now appears as a new page in your document; Hover over the page title, and you'll see a cloud icon)
5. Click the back arrow if you'd like to switch to another platform and grab more files

Netsuite

Integrate Conga Collaborate with Netsuite.

Netsuite: Adding an opportunity to a document

You can connect a Netsuite opportunity to a Conga Collaborate document by following these steps:

1. From your Conga Collaborate document, click the Properties tab in the Document Information panel.
2. Scroll down to Netsuite Opportunity and click Search.
3. Find the name of your Opportunity and select it.
4. Click Assign.

If you update a Netsuite Opportunity and want your Conga Collaborate documents to reflect the changes, select Variables from your Document Information panel and click Refresh Variables.

Netsuite: Creating auto-generated tables

You can pull data from Netsuite into your Conga Collaborate documents to create an auto-generated table.

This is an example of a basic pricing table that will work if you're using the standard fields in Netsuite. You can customize some parts of the code (shown below) to your own Netsuite instance in order to populate the table with the correct information.

BUILDING YOUR TABLE

To create an auto-generated table

1. In a Conga Collaborate document, create a table in the Conga Collaborate editor that has three rows and as many columns as you need.
2. Add the class `custom_pricing` (below in red).
3. Add the data-source attribute (below in yellow).
 - `QuoteLineItems` for quotes
 - `OpportunityLineItems` for opportunities
4. Define the table structure by declaring the first row a header row, the middle row the body, and the bottom row the footer (below in green)
5. Fill in the table
 - Type your column headers into the first row (below in light blue).
 - In the middle (body) row, place the fields you want in square brackets (below in yellow). To find the correct way to reference the fields, go back to the Incoming Data configuration, copy the field names exactly as they show in the saved list. Only the fields in square brackets will be replaced.
 - If you want a totals row, use the footer section (below in hot pink).
 - Styling is markup based; inside the cell tag use `class="money"`, `"html"`, `"integer"` or `"float"` (below in orange).
6. Optional: Sort the order of the line items in the table (below in pink).
 - `data-sort="field_name desc"` (sorting is ascending by default)
7. Filter the line items that will populate the table based on the value of one field from Netsuite. Filters are entirely case sensitive and have a variety of operators (`=`, `!=`, `>`, `>=`, `<`, `<=`, `LIKE`, `NLIKE`, `IS BLANK`, `IS NOT BLANK`). (below in darker blue).
 - `data-filter="Name LIKE 'hello world'"` like must be uppercase and comparison is also case sensitive
 - `data-filter="Pricebook.product2.family = 'bronze'"`

- If you would like separate tables for each value of the filtering field, you can copy the table multiple times and simply set each filter to a unique value.

Name	Item Price	Quantity	Total Price
[name]	[item_price]	[quantity]	[sum]
Total Price:			[SUM(sum)]

HTML

```
<table style="width: 100%;" data-source="OpportunityLineItems" data-
filter="PricebookEntry.Product2.Family = 'Subscription'" data-
sort="PricebookEntry.Product2.Name"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Item Price</th>
<th>Quantity</th> <th>Total Price</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[name]</td> <td
class="money" style="text-align: center;">[itemprice]</td> <td class="integer" style="text-
align: center;">[quantity]</td> <td class="money" style="text-align: center;">[totalprice]</
td> </tr> </tbody> <tfoot> <tr> <td colspan="3" rowspan="1" style="text-align:
right;">Total Price:</td> <td class="money" style="text-align: right;">[SUM(priceperunit)]</
td> </tr> </tfoot> </table>
```

Finally, test your auto-generated table using your data from Netsuite. When you create a new document, choose the template where you added the pricing table. You should be able to click Preview and see your populated table

Netsuite: Integration overview

Leverage the power of a CRM with the simplicity and efficiency of our proposal-building process by integrating your Conga Collaborate account with Netsuite. If needed, Contact Support for information on this integration.

Follow these steps to connect your Netsuite and Conga Collaborate accounts:

1. Log into your Netsuite account
2. Click on your name in the upper right-hand corner
3. Copy your account ID (the long string of letters and numbers)
4. From your Conga Collaborate Account Settings page, select Integrations
5. Click on Netsuite from the Integrations menu
6. Enter your Netsuite login credentials
7. Paste your Netsuite account ID into the Account field
8. Click Save

Sandbox environments are currently supported for this integration. If you are interested in setting up a Conga Collaborate sandbox to connect to a sandbox Netsuite org, please contact [Global Support](#).

Netsuite: Managing data

After you've integrated your Netsuite account with your Conga Collaborate account, you can easily move data back and forth.

INCOMING DATA (NETSUITE TO Conga Collaborate)

The data set within Netsuite is small enough that Conga Collaborate will automatically pull every field available.

When you add a Netsuite Opportunity to your Conga Collaborate document, all standard and custom fields will be available in the document.

Custom fields that do not hold any value will not be pulled over. They must contain a value of some kind in order for Conga Collaborate to see them.

OUTGOING DATA (Conga Collaborate TO NETSUITE)

Use the outgoing data tool to push information from your Conga Collaborate account back into Netsuite. You can use various events to trigger outgoing data, and you can push data into any standard field within your Netsuite account. Custom fields are not available to use with this feature.

Follow these steps to configure this tool:

1. From your user dropdown in the top right corner, go to Administration => Integrations => NetSuite CRM => Edit
2. Scroll down to the Outgoing Data section
3. Select the Conga Collaborate event that you want to trigger updates of Netsuite records. You may select
 - Created
 - Publish
 - Accept
 - Decline
 - Create New Version
 - Finalize Version
 - Ask a Question
 - First View
 - Formstack Form Submission

- Email Sent
 - Request Approval
 - Void
4. Select a specific Template or All Templates to designate how this rule will apply
 5. Select the NetSuite Opportunity object and the field you'd like to send the information to
 6. Select the Conga Collaborate data to map to the assigned field or specify the value to set in NetSuite
 7. Click Add

Example Use Cases

Send the URL of a published proposal back to your Opportunity when that proposal is published.

1. Select event Publish
2. Choose your template
3. Select the Opportunity object and the Memo field
4. Define value: Proposal Field = Proposal: Public URL
5. Click Add

Update the closed date of an Opportunity when a proposal or contract is accepted.

1. Select event Accept
2. Choose your template
3. Select the Opportunity object and the Close Date field
4. Define value: Proposal Field = Proposal: Closed At (DateTime)
5. Click Add

Pipedrive

Integrate Conga Collaborate with Pipedrive

Pipedrive: Adding a deal to a document

Integrating your Pipedrive account enables you to add your deals to your Conga Collaborate documents.

To connect a deal

1. In the document, you want to add a Deal to, click the Properties tab.
2. Scroll down to Pipedrive Deal and search for the name of your Deal.
3. Select the Deal you want.

4. Click Assign. Your document refreshes and your Deal is connected.
 - If you update a Pipedrive Deal and want your Conga Collaborate document to reflect those changes, click the Variables tab and choose Refresh Variables.

Pipedrive: Creating auto-generated tables

Conga Collaborate's Pipedrive integration allows data to be referenced from a Pipedrive deal to automatically generate and populate rows of a pricing table.

This is an example of a basic pricing table using standard fields in Pipedrive. You can customize small parts of the code (shown below) to your own Pipedrive instance in order to populate the table with the correct information.

BUILDING AN AUTO-GENERATED TABLE

To create an auto-generated table within a template

1. Click Insert > Insert Table on the editing toolbar. The table should have one column for each Pipedrive field you wish to include and a total of three rows.
2. Once the table is inserted on the page, assign the Pricing Table class by right-clicking the table and selecting Table Properties > Class > Pricing Table.
3. Hover over the table and click the gear icon that appears in a blue frame. This opens the Pricing Table menu. Here, you can assign the table's desired Data Source. Only fields from the selected data source should be included in the table.
4. Complete the table layout.
 - Enter static column header text into the first row of cells.
 - In the middle row, enter "%" to prompt a dropdown list of variables available from the table data source and select the desired variable. If you don't see the variable you are looking for, it may not yet be mapped to Conga Collaborate. Reference this article for information on variable mapping. This row will repeat when the document is previewed/published to match the number of line items present.
 - The third row can be used for aggregate functions, most commonly, to display a sum total price. Syntax is as follows: [SUM(variable_name)]
 - Cells can be set to display data in a certain format. Right click a cell and select Cell > Cell Properties > Class and choose your desired format.

Optional: You can add a filter to a table by clicking the gear icon to open the Pricing Table modal and selecting the Add Filter option. Make selections in the Variable and Operator fields, then enter a value in the Value field. Click Save to apply the filter.

Optional: You can sort the table by fields available in the table's selected data source. Sorting is ascending by default.

Rendered Table:

HTML

Name	Item Price	Quantity	Total Price
[Name]	[item_price]	[quantity]	[sum]
Total Cost:			[SUM(sum)]

Test your Auto-Generated Pricing Table by connecting a Pipedrive deal to the template or related document. If everything is done correctly, clicking the Preview button will allow you to view the populated pricing table.

Pipedrive: Integration overview

Merge Pipedrive's power with our efficient proposal-building process for the best of both worlds. The first step is contacting your account manager to enable the integration.

To integrate Pipedrive into your Conga Collaborate account

1. From your Pipedrive account, click your name in the upper right corner.
2. Select Personal.
3. Select API.
4. Copy your API token (the long string of letters and numbers).
5. Hop over to the Account Settings view of your Conga Collaborate account.
6. Click Integrations.
7. From the Integrations menu, click Pipedrive.
8. Paste your API token into the API Key field.
9. Click Save

Pipedrive: Managing data

After you've integrated your Pipedrive account with your Conga Collaborate account, you can easily move data back and forth.

INCOMING DATA

The data set within Pipedrive is small enough that Conga Collaborate automatically pulls every field available.

When you add a Pipedrive Deal to your Conga Collaborate document, all standard fields will be available in the document.

OUTGOING DATA

Use the outgoing data tool to push information from your Conga Collaborate account back into Pipedrive. You can use various events to trigger outgoing data, and you can push data into any editable field within your Pipedrive account.

To configure this tool

1. From your Account Settings view, click Integrations.
2. Click Pipedrive. Any information you send needs a place to land in Pipedrive, so be sure that the field you want to push data into exists on the object you select.
3. Select the Conga Collaborate event you want to trigger updates of Pipedrive object records. You may select
 - Created
 - Publish
 - Accept
 - Decline
 - Create New Version
 - Finalize Version
 - Ask a Question
 - First View
 - Formstack Form Submission
 - Email Sent
 - Request Approval
4. Select a specific Template or All Templates to designate how this rule will apply.
5. Select the Pipedrive Deal object and field you'd like to send the information to.
6. Select the Conga Collaborate data to map to the assigned field or specify the value to set in Pipedrive.
7. Click Add.

Examples

Send the access code of a published proposal back to Pipedrive when that proposal is published.

1. Create a Text field called Proposal Access Code in the Deal object.
2. Select event Publish.
3. Click Add.
4. Assign field: Pipedrive objects = Deal, Pipedrive fields = Proposal Access Code
5. Define value: Proposal Field = Proposal: Access Code
6. Click Add.

Update the closed date of a Deal when a proposal or contract is accepted.

1. Select event: Accept Proposal
2. Assign field: SFDC Objects = Deal, SFDC Fields = Close Date
3. Define value: Proposal Field = Proposal: Closed At (DateTime)
4. Click Add.

Overview of Filters

An overview of the new Faceted Search for Conga Collaborate.

Conga Collaborate is releasing a new filter feature to improve your user experience.

You are now able to filter and refine documents shown in the center panel by predetermined filters in the right panel in addition to the following changes:

- The center and left panels are rebuilt to enhance your experience
- Templates are moved from the documents list to their own navigation tab
- You are able to save sets of filters to easily pull up relevant documents for use at a later time
- The Advanced Search feature is removed
- Current saved searches are not available in the new interface. You must create a new saved search based on the filtering options available on the left panel.

Guided Tour of Conga Collaborate

Watch [Conga Collaborate videos](#) for a detailed overview of Conga Collaborate.

Troubleshooting Conga Collaborate

You can review issues and known problems by searching the troubleshooting section. For more information, see the issues listed.

Conga Collaborate Missing Call to Action Buttons

Conga Collaborate previously released enhancements to its security model which had an unanticipated adverse and undesired effect on a subset of previous functionality.

Summary

Conga Collaborate previously released enhancements to its security model which had an unanticipated adverse and undesired effect on a subset of previous functionality.

Impact

The first impact was to Collaborate End Users, and related to the View functionality in the build part of the document during the sending experience. Previously the Collaborate End User was able to use the View functionality to copy and paste the Recipient document link in a new browser tab and view the document as the Recipient. With the enhanced security model, this is no longer allowed in the same browser because of a shared session (for example, the End User is currently logged into Collaborate and cannot simultaneously share a session to view a Recipient document). This would result in an End User being able to view a document, but "call to action" buttons like the Acceptance Button would be missing on the document. The proposed workaround was to use a new Incognito browser to allow for accurate viewing (for example, a new browser session).

Furthermore, this issue was compounded by a variety of scenarios in which while there was some overlap in viewing behavior, also created further difficulty troubleshooting.

The three primary contributors to the discrepancies in behavior were:

If the Recipient was viewing the document with the unique URL instead of the public URL.

If the document had people added directly to it (either through adding Salesforce Contacts or people directly from the People tab).

If an esignature solution (Collaborate eSign, DocuSign, or Conga Sign) was being utilized.

The second impact was to the Recipient of documents, or Conga's Customers' Customers. If the Recipient of any Collaborate document received more than one document (at any point in time) it was possible that the Recipient's browser saved the previous session when a subsequent document was attempted to be viewed, which resulted in redirecting the Recipient to the Collaborate Application Login Page instead of the Document viewing page. This happened intermittently and had dependencies on the Recipient's browser behaviors, internal IT policies, etc.

Solution

The fix released on 6/12/2019 creates a new End User flow for the first scenario, allowing for viewing the Recipient document in the same browser, and eliminates the need for an incognito browser as a workaround. The fix also eliminates the second scenario, reverting to prior behavior of Recipient's of documents to view documents directly and not be redirected to the Collaborate Application Login Page. To turn on this new functionality, submit a request to our Support Team.

Exporting and Deleting Collaborate Data

Conga Collaborate provides users the options to export data (Open and Accepted documents, and content including images, files, and pages) from their Collaborate org to a cloud storage provider of their choice. Users also have the option to delete all data from Collaborate as well.

To upload your data to cloud storage

1. Ensure your account is connected to a cloud storage provider. See [Cloud Storage: Connecting your Conga Collaborate Account](#) for more information.
2. Submit a case with the Conga Support team.
3. Fill out all required fields on the case submission form.
4. In the description field, detail the request to upload data to a cloud storage provider.
5. The Conga Support team will process your request and your data will be uploaded to cloud storage.

 **Note:**

Documents such as proposals and contracts are exported as PDF files and Content (such as images and .docx files) are exported as the same file type.

To delete all data from Collaborate

1. [Submit a case](#) with the Conga Support team.
2. Fill out all required fields on the case submission form.
 - In the Description field, detail the request for data deletion.
3. The Conga Support team processes the data deletion request and hands it off the Collaborate Engineering team to complete.
4. Once completed, the Conga Support team reaches back out to confirm data deletion.

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